

Sri Lanka Health Accounts

National Health Expenditure

1990-2014



NEW DUAL FORMAT
SHA 1.0

SHA 2011

IHP Health Expenditure Series No 4



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Sri Lanka Health Accounts: National Health Expenditure 1990–2014

November 2015

**Institute for Health Policy
Colombo, Sri Lanka**

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IHP's Health Accounts Unit is recognized as the leading centre in the region for health accounts development and estimation. Its staff were responsible for designing and developing Sri Lanka's health accounts system starting in 1998 and, in addition to maintaining that system ever since, have provided technical advice and support to the development of health accounts systems in a range of other countries throughout Asia and Europe. The core activities of the unit include maintenance and updating of the Sri Lanka Health Accounts system and development of its applications and new analytical extensions.

Contents

List of tables.....	vii
List of figures.....	viii
List of boxes.....	viii
Preface.....	ix
Acknowledgements.....	x
Abbreviations and symbols.....	xi
Highlights.....	xii
1. Background.....	1
About this report.....	2
Structure of the health sector and flow of funds.....	2
Revision process.....	4
2. Current Health Expenditure.....	5
2.1 Trends in current health expenditure.....	6
2.2 Health expenditure in relation to GDP.....	6
2.3 Total health expenditure.....	6
2.4 Health expenditure per person.....	7
3. Financing of health expenditure.....	11
3.1 General trends.....	12
3.2 Government financing.....	12
3.3 Private financing.....	16
3.4 External donor financing.....	16
3.5 Financing of capital expenditure.....	17
4. Health expenditure by function.....	21
4.1 Current expenditure.....	22
Inpatient and outpatient care services.....	22
Distribution of medicines and medical goods to outpatients.....	22
Preventive care.....	22
4.2 Pharmaceutical expenditure.....	27
5. Health expenditure by providers.....	29
5.1 Current expenditure.....	30
5.2 Hospital spending.....	30
Hospital spending by source of financing.....	30
5.3 Non-hospital spending.....	30
6. Health expenditure by province and district.....	37
6.1 Trends in current and government provincial spending.....	38
6.2 Provincial expenditure by source.....	41
6.3 Hospital expenditure by province.....	44
6.4 District expenditure.....	44
7. Revenues of health care financing.....	49
7.1 Trends in revenues of financing.....	50
8. International comparisons.....	53
8.1 Comparability of Sri Lanka health accounts estimates.....	54
8.2 Current health expenditure and sources of financing.....	54
8.3 Composition of spending by function and providers.....	56

9. Technical notes	59
9.1 General	60
9.2 Definitions	60
Current health expenditure (CHE)	60
Financing sources	60
Functions	61
Providers	61
Revenues of financing	61
9.3 Data sources.....	62
General.....	62
Central government.....	62
Provincial and local governments	62
Private sector spending.....	62
9.4 Methods used.....	62
Government spending.....	62
Fees paid to government healthcare institutions	63
Private hospital spending.....	63
Sales of medicines from pharmacies.....	63
Private dental practitioners.....	63
Employer medical benefits.....	63
Private health insurance expenditure.....	63
Private practitioners and other miscellaneous items of household expenditure	63
10. Appendix A: SHA 1.0 standard tables showing health expenditure in Sri Lanka by financing source, provider and function for selected years	65
11. Appendix B: SHA 2011 standard tables showing health expenditure in Sri Lanka by financing source, provider and function for selected years	91
12. Glossary	121
13. Bibliography	123

List of tables

Table 1: Current, capital and total expenditure on health, nominal and real values (2013 prices), 1990–2014	7
Table 2: Current and total health expenditure, GDP, annual growth rates and share of health on GDP, 1990–2014.....	9
Table 3: Per capita current, total health expenditure and GDP, 1990–2014.....	10
Table 4: Current health expenditure by financing source, 1990–2014	13
Table 5: Public current expenditure on health by financing source, 1990–2014	15
Table 6: Private current expenditure on health by financing source, 1990–2014.....	18
Table 7: Capital formation on health by financing source, 1990–2014	20
Table 8: Current health expenditure by function (Rs. million), 1990–2014.....	24
Table 9: Share of health expenditure by function (%), 1990–2014.....	25
Table 10: Shares of health expenditure for each function by source of financing (%), 1990–2014.....	26
Table 11: Current health expenditure by provider, 1990–2014	32
Table 12: Current health expenditure at hospitals by financing source (%), 1990–2014.....	33
Table 13: MOH and PDOH current expenditure on institutions (Rs. million), 1990–2014.....	34
Table 14: MOH and PDOH current expenditure on institutions (%), 1990–2014.....	35
Table 15: Current health expenditure by province (Rs. million), 1990–2014.....	39
Table 16: Public current health expenditure per capita by province (Rs.), 1990–2014.....	40
Table 17: Shares of current health expenditure by province and financing source (%), 1990–2014.....	42
Table 18: Public current health expenditure per capita by district (Rs.),1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2011-2014..	45
Table 19: Current expenditure by revenues of financing schemes, 1990–2014	51
Table 20: General economic indicators and health expenditure for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region	54
Table 21: Current health expenditure by financing agent for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)	55
Table 22: Current health expenditure by function (mode of production) for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)	58
Table 23: Current health expenditure by provider for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)	58

List of figures

Figure 1:	The flow of funds in the Sri Lankan health care system, 2013	3
Figure 2:	Current expenditure on health in real values (2013 prices), 1990–2014	6
Figure 3:	Ratio of current health expenditure to GDP (%), 1990–2014	8
Figure 4:	Per capita current and total health expenditure (Rs.), 1990–2014	8
Figure 5:	Share of public and private funding (%), 1990–2014.....	12
Figure 6:	Public and private funding as a share of GDP (%), 1990–2014	14
Figure 7:	Government current health expenditure by financing source (%), 1990–2014.....	14
Figure 8:	Government current health expenditure by financing source (%), 2013.....	16
Figure 9:	Private current health expenditure by financing source (%), 1990–2014	17
Figure 10:	Private current health expenditure by financing source (%), 2013	19
Figure 11 :	Capital expenditure by financing source (%), 2013	19
Figure 12:	Current health expenditure by function (%), 1990–2014	23
Figure 13:	Current health expenditure by function (%), 2013	23
Figure 14:	Flow of expenditure on medicines in the health sector, 2013	27
Figure 15 :	Current expenditure by provider (%), 2013	31
Figure 16:	Current health expenditure by provider, 1990–2014	31
Figure 17:	Current health expenditure at hospitals by financing source (%), 1990-2014.....	33
Figure 18:	Current health expenditure by province (Rs. million), 1990–2014	41
Figure 19:	Current health expenditure by financing source and province (% of total), 2013	43
Figure 20:	Per capita health expenditure by financing source (Rs.), 2013	46
Figure 21:	Current public health expenditure per capita by province (Rs.), 2013	46
Figure 22:	Expenditure at public and private hospitals by location of facility and province (Rs. million), 2013.....	47
Figure 23:	Public health expenditure per capita by district (Rs.), 2013	47
Figure 24:	Expenditure at private hospitals by location of facility and district (Rs. million), 2013	48
Figure 25:	Expenditure on pharmaceutical purchases at pharmacies and other retail outlets by location of beneficiary and district (Rs. million), 2013	48
Figure 26:	Current health expenditure by revenues of financing (%), 1990–2014.....	50
Figure 27:	Log of per capita health expenditure (PPP\$) vs log of per capita GDP (PPP\$)	55
Figure 28:	Total health expenditure by financing agent for selected Asia-Pacific countries and territories (%).....	56
Figure 29:	Current health expenditure by function for selected Asia-Pacific countries and territories (%)....	57
Figure 30:	Current health expenditure by provider for selected Asia-Pacific countries and territories (%) ...	57

List of boxes

Box 1:	Basis for geographical distribution of expenditure	38
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Preface

Regular tracking and reporting of health expenditure flows is vital to understanding and monitoring, Sri Lanka's health system. Such statistics need to show the level and changes in the volume and proportion of economic resources allocated to the production and consumption of health goods and services which, in turn, contribute to the health and well being of the nation. The original Sri Lanka Health Accounts (SLHA) system and Sri Lanka National Health Accounts (SLNHA) framework were designed by IHP staff, led by Ravi P. Rannan-Eliya, working under the direction of the Ministry of Health Management Development and Planning Unit and with the funding support of World Bank during 1998–1999. It has been updated on a continuous basis since then to ensure that the SLHA system remains compliant with evolving national needs and the latest international thinking.

This publication presents first estimates for Sri Lanka of health expenditure based on the new System of Health Accounts 2011 (SHA 2011), which has been endorsed for international reporting by WHO, OECD and Eurostat. For these estimates, IHP updated its SLHA system, which was designed to be compliant with the earlier System of Health Accounts 1.0 (SHA 1.0) standard, to also report statistics according to the new international standard. The revised SLHA system can now report estimates according to all three SHA 2011, SHA 1.0 and SLNHA frameworks.

In this new release, we report estimates in the Appendix Tables according to both the SHA 1.0 or SHA 2011 standards. Readers should note that the main difference in the two standards is that SHA 2011 focuses on reporting Current Expenditure on Health, which excludes capital expenditures, in contrast to SHA 1.0 which focuses on reporting of Total Expenditure on Health. However, during development of the new SLHA estimates it was determined that the aggregate value of Current Expenditure on Health was the same in both SHA 1.0 and SHA 2011 formats. IHP plans to continue releasing estimates in both SHA 1.0 and SHA 2011 formats in the foreseeable future, and will update earlier estimates accordingly with each new release.

National Health Expenditure Sri Lanka 1990–2014 is the fifth printed release of the SLHA estimates, updating the previous IHP publication *National Health Expenditure Sri Lanka 1990–2012*. This update incorporates a number of improvements and enhancements since the last release. The improvements include several changes in the underlying data sources and revisions to estimation methods in order to increase accuracy and ensure improved compliance with past and emerging international standards. With the refinement and improvement of methods and data sources, estimates of expenditure for all previously reported years have been revised to ensure consistency. This publication thus provides new, updated estimates for all years since 1990, to ensure full comparability of the SLHA estimates across different years. Comparisons of Sri Lankan health expenditure over time should accordingly be based on this publication, rather than on our earlier published estimates.

An electronic version of this report as well as the previous reports and additional detailed data are available online at <http://www.ihp.lk/slha>

As the SLHA estimates are continuously updated, there is potential for revisions of data after publication of this report, and readers are advised to refer to the online version for the most up to date statistics. The IHP website also provides information and results from the other analyses linked to the Sri Lanka Health Accounts.

Acknowledgements

The development of Sri Lanka Health Accounts has only been possible with the support of countless individuals and agencies over many years. Without being exhaustive, we wish to express our sincere thanks to many who have made significant contributions towards this endeavour.

For the work that went into this publication we greatly appreciate the support of Dr. P.G. Mahipala (Director General Health Services, Ministry of Health) and the Secretaries of the Ministry of Health, Mr. N.G. Dayaratne (former Director General, Department of State Accounts, Ministry of Finance and Planning), Mr. Sumith Perera (Director, Department of State Accounts, Ministry of Finance and Planning), Ms. Rukmal Abayawickrema (former Additional Director, Department of National Budget, Ministry of Finance and Planning), the chief secretaries and staff of Provincial Councils, the directors and staff of Provincial Departments of Health, Chairman and staff of the Finance Commission, Secretaries of Ministry of Defence, Surgeon Rear Admiral N.E.L.W. Jayasekara (Director General Health Services for Commander of Navy), Brigadier Dr. K.P. Sumanapala (Director Army Medical Services for Commander of Army), Air Commodore D.M.S. Karunaratne (former Director General Health Services for Commander of Air Force), Dr. Rohitha Fernando (Chief Medical Officer, Police Medical Services Division), Mr. R.A.A.K. Ranawaka (former Secretary, Ministry of Local Government and Provincial Councils) and the staff of Management, Planning and Development Unit at the Ministry of Health, Local Government Bodies, Chairman and staff of Insurance Board of Sri Lanka (IBSL), colleagues in the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS), Central Bank of Sri Lanka (CBSL), and other government agencies for facilitating the collection of data. A special note of appreciation is extended to the many individuals and organisations in the private sector who have cooperated over the years in providing data when requested including the management of the insurance companies in Sri Lanka, respondents in private hospitals, laboratories, ambulance companies, and other private sector companies including banks and other statutory bodies. We also express our appreciation for the support and cooperation given by donor agencies and non-profit organisations.

Finally, the authors wish to thank Dr. Reggie Perera (former Secretary, Ministry of Health and Senior Fellow, IHP) for his valuable advice, Dr. Sarath Samarage (former Deputy Director-General Health Services Planning) for support and guidance over the years in compilation of the accounts. Sanil de Alwis, Tharanga Fernando, Mr. M. Balasubramaniam and J.M.H. Jayasundara who made significant contributions to earlier work. We thank Ruvani Gamage, Gehan Perera, Praveen Wijewardana, Peter Christian and the other support staff at IHP for their contribution to the process of data collection, analysis and reporting.

The collection and analysis of data and writing of this publication was done by Sarasi Amarasinghe, Rehana Thowfeek, Chamara Anuranga, Dr. K.C.S. Dalpatadu and Dr. Ravindra P. Rannan-Eliya. The graphic design and desktop publishing was by Harees Hashim.

Abbreviations and symbols

AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
APNHAN	Asia-Pacific National Health Accounts Network
CBSL	Central Bank of Sri Lanka
CHE	Current Health Expenditure
CIGAS	Computer Integrated Government Accounting System
DCS	Department of Census and Statistics
DAC	Development Assistance Committee
ETF	Employees Trust Fund
FHB	Family Health Bureau
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
HIES	Household Income and Expenditure Survey
HIV	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
IHP	Institute for Health Policy
MOH	Ministry of Health
MOOH	Medical Officer of Health
OECD	Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
PC	Provincial Council
PDOH	Provincial Department of Health
PDHS	Provincial Directors of Health Services
PPP	Purchasing Power Parity
SHA	System of Health Accounts
SLHA	Sri Lanka Health Accounts
SLPA	Sri Lanka Pharmaceutical Audit
UN	United Nations
Unicef	United Nations Children's Fund
WHO	World Health Organization

Highlights



Current Health Expenditure

3.0% of GDP

Rs. 258 billion
Rs. 12,535 per person
USD 97 per person

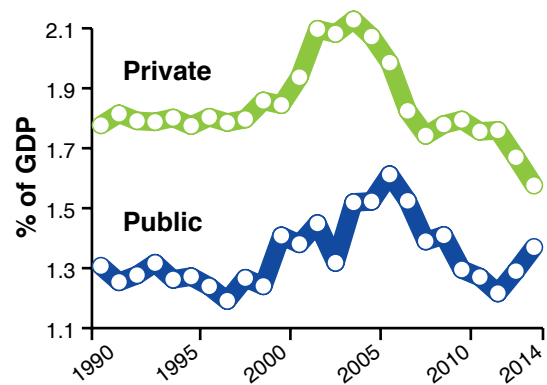
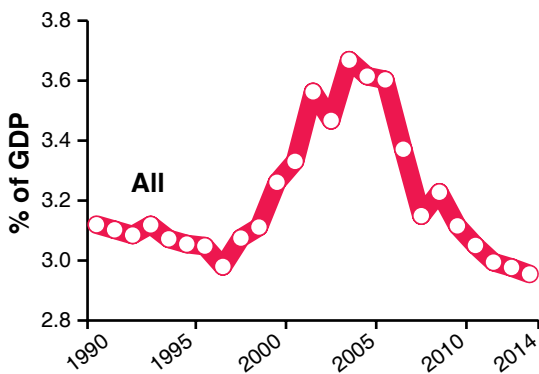
Total Health Expenditure*

3.3% of GDP

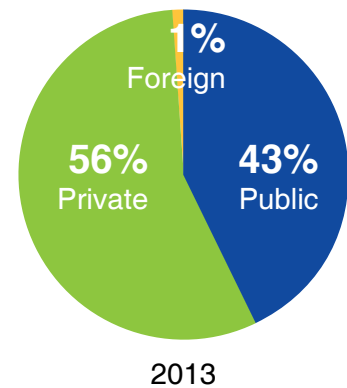
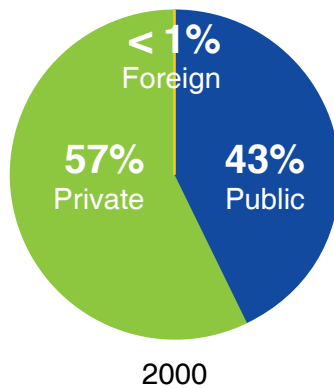
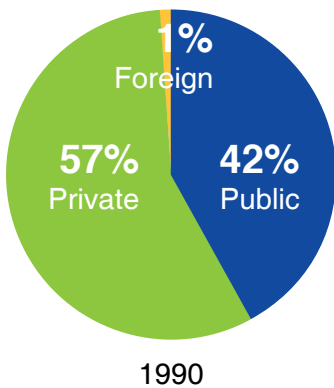
Rs. 285 billion
Rs. 13,841 per person
USD 107 per person

*includes capital investment.

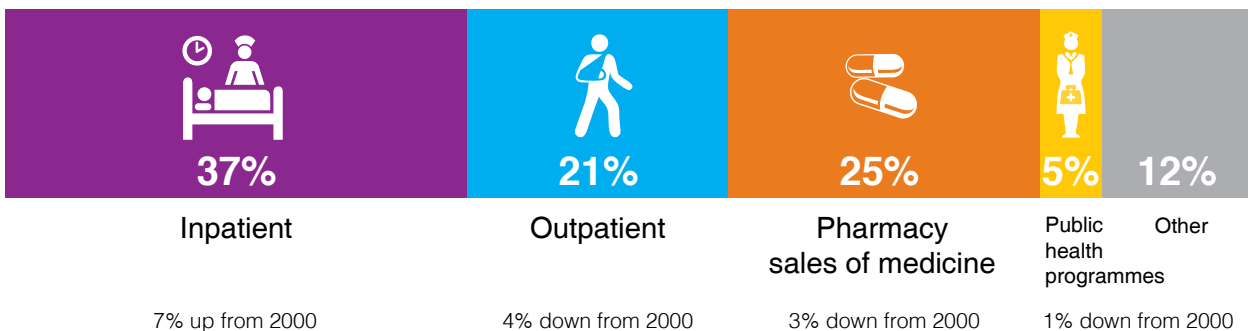
How has current expenditure changed?



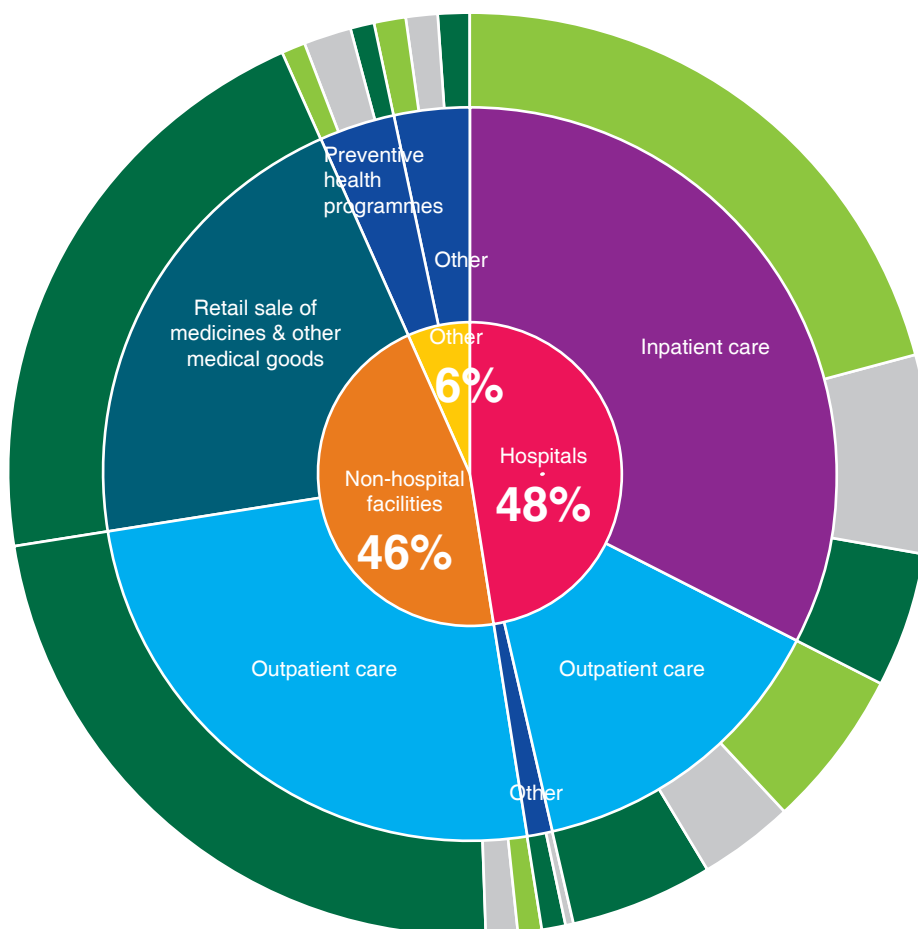
Who paid for it?



What was it spent on?



Current spending on health - where, what and by whom



Institutions

- Hospitals
- Non-hospital facilities
- Other

Services

- Inpatient care
- Outpatient care
- Retail sale of medicines and other medical goods
- Other

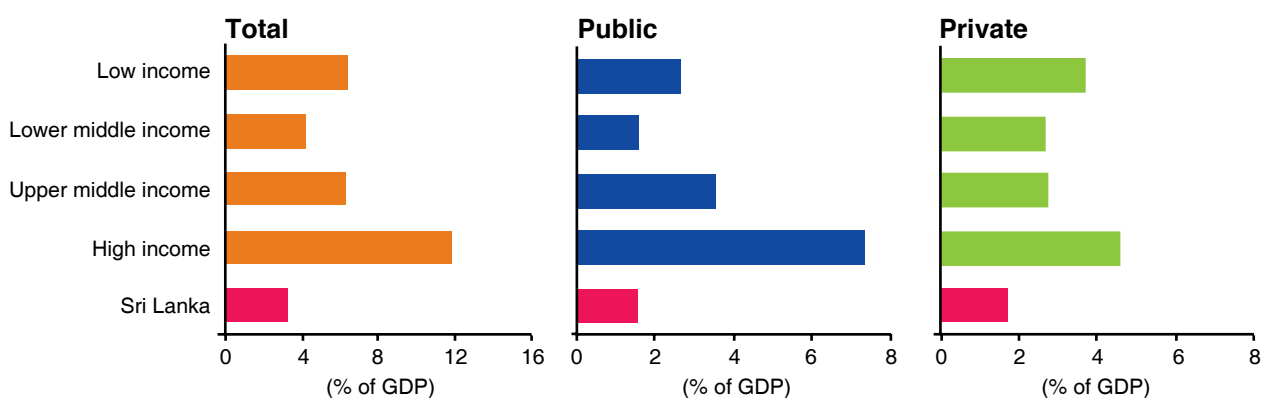
Financing sources

- Central government
- Provincial and local authorities
- Private

Notes

1. Non-hospital facilities include ambulatory care providers (e.g. clinics of private physicians), ancillary service providers, pharmacies and other retail outlets of medical goods.
2. Central government refers to Ministry of Health, other government ministries, departments and agencies.

How does total health expenditure compare with other countries?



1. Background



About this report

This report presents estimates of health spending in Sri Lanka for the period 1990–2013, with preliminary estimates for 2014. This extends our previously published estimates, which covered 1990–2012.

Expenditure is reported by sources of funding, function of care, type of provider and revenues of financing primarily according to the System of Health Accounts 2011 standard, but additional data are provided to allow readers to derive estimates according to the older SHA 1.0 standard. It should be noted that the Current Expenditure on Health amounts are the same whether measured according to either SHA 2011 or SHA 1.0 standards: the main differences between the two standards relate to how this total is further classified. Further disaggregation by province and district is also presented for certain components of expenditure. The report also presents estimates on the level of spending and cross tabulates expenditure by source, function and provider to profile the mix of funding flows.

The tables and figures in this publication present expenditure in terms of current and constant prices. Constant price expenditure adjusts for the effects of inflation using the implicit GDP deflator provided by the Central Bank of Sri Lanka. Thus, the constant price estimates indicate what expenditure would have been if 2013 prices had prevailed in all years.

The section on international comparisons of expenditure is made with a selection of territories in the Asia-Pacific region, drawing on the work of Asia-Pacific National Health Accounts Network (APNHAN), WHO and OECD.

The final chapter provides technical details on how the estimates were produced. These cover definitions, data sources and methods used. The appendix then presents more detailed estimates and statistical tables. These include selected tables in both SHA 1.0 and SHA 2011 formats for selected years to aid international comparison. Tables for all years are provided online at <http://www.ihp.lk/slha>, in addition to electronic versions of all tables and figures in this publication.

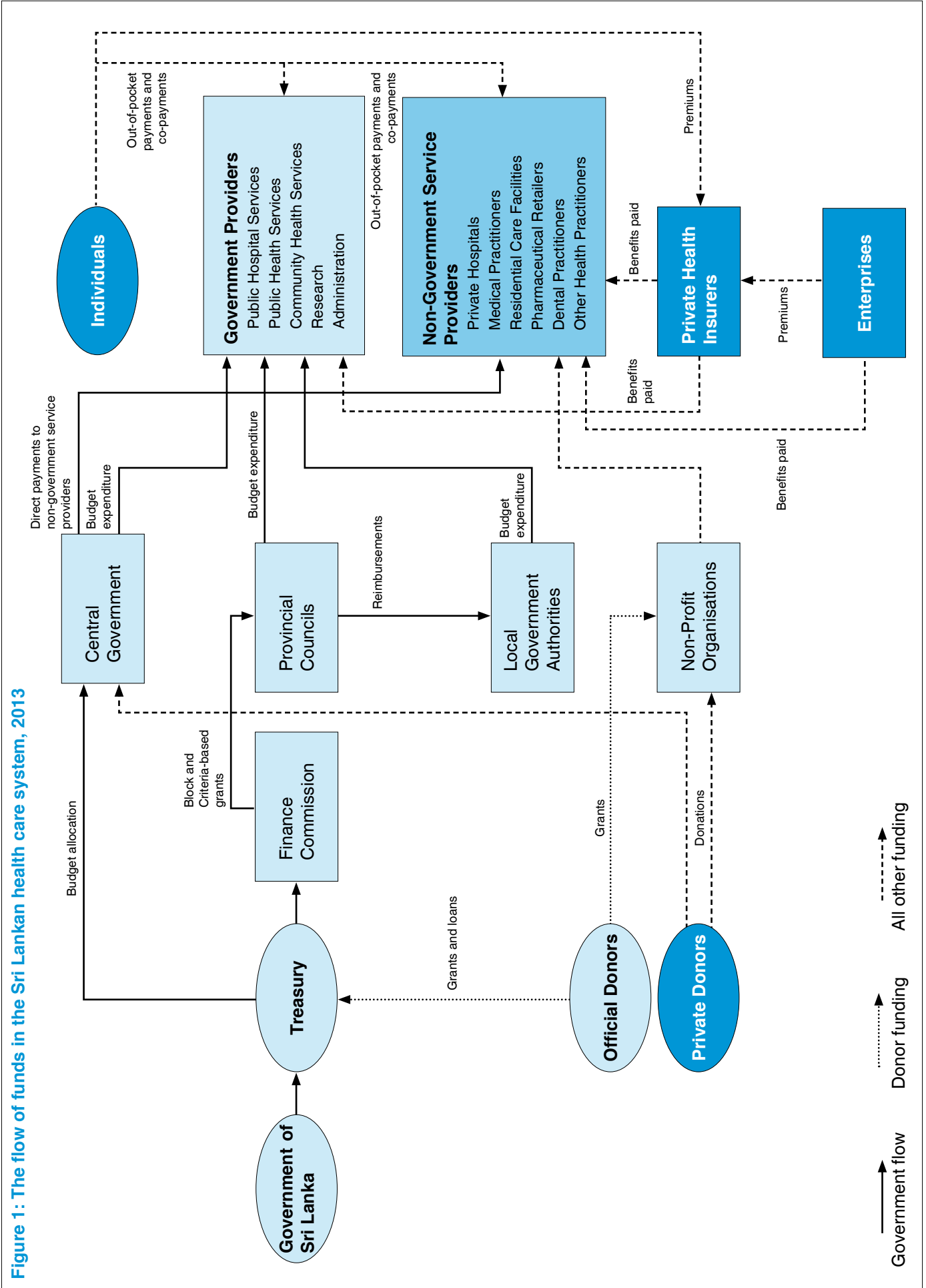
Structure of the health sector and flow of funds

Health care in Sri Lanka is provided by the government, private sector and to a limited extent by the non-profit sector. The government sector is predominantly financed from general revenue taxation, while private sector financing is through out-of-pocket spending, private insurance, enterprise direct payments, insurance paid for by enterprises, and contributions from non-profit organizations. Donor financing is largely channelled through the government sector and in certain instances through non-profit organisations. Figure 1 provides a diagrammatic representation of the flow of funds in the health system, and for the first time in this report we provide in Appendix B a presentation of funding flows from revenue sources to financing schemes according to the SHA 2011 format.

Public sector healthcare is universally accessible to the entire population of Sri Lanka and is almost wholly free of charge. A few public hospitals accommodate one or two paying wards, where patients are charged additional fees, but their turnover is negligible in comparison to the rest of public sector delivery. Two revenue-generating, public sector hospitals also operate autonomously under the supervision of their own boards, namely the Sri Jayewardenepura Hospital and the Vijaya Kumaratunga Hospital. In mid 2008, the controlling stake in the private sector Apollo Hospital (presently, Lanka Hospitals) in Colombo was transferred to a government-owned commercial enterprise. However, as this hospital still operates as a market enterprise, the SLHA continues to treat it as a private sector entity.

The government sector comprises the central government, the Provincial Councils, and local governments, consisting of municipal councils, urban councils and Pradeshiya Sabhas. The central government provides budgetary funding to the Ministry of Health (MOH), which delivers services directly through its own programmes and the hospitals that are under the purview of the ministry. Some of these central programmes also support and operate through the programmes administered by lower levels of government. The bulk of donor funding is channelled through the Treasury, while some donor funds are disbursed directly through the relevant programmes or projects.

Figure 1: The flow of funds in the Sri Lankan health care system, 2013



The provincial government financing and services are administered by the Provincial Directors of Health Services (PDHS) offices, which in turn deliver services through the provincial, district general, base, divisional hospitals, primary medical care units and Medical Officer of Health (MOOH) units. Most Provincial Council funds are sourced from the Treasury and channelled through the Finance Commission.

The expenditure of local governments is mainly financed from their own revenue but approximately 70% or more of salary costs is reimbursed by Provincial Councils. Local governments have their own service mandates and mainly deal with preventive and outpatient care.

Revision process

IHP updates the SLHA estimates on a continuous, annual basis, and the results presented in this publication incorporate revisions to the previous set of published estimates (Amarasinghe et al. 2014). The statistics presented here were current as of November 2015.

This report presents first estimates produced based on SHA 2011 (OECD, Eurostat, and WHO 2011). From 2015, IHP plans to report estimates according to all three frameworks: SLNHA, OECD SHA 1.0 (OECD 2000) and SHA 2011 (OECD, Eurostat, and WHO 2011) for the full time series from 1990.

Several other significant revisions are reflected in this version of estimates following the introduction of new data sources and the development of new methods. The methodology used to estimate funding from external donors has been substantially revised and improved following a special study of available data sources. This has been used to generate a new time series on external financing flows since 1990. Data collected directly from the donor agencies are now cross-validated using the databases maintained by the Finance and Health Ministries, data reported annually by major donor countries to the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the OECD, and the official reports of key donors.

Geographical allocation of out-of-pocket expenditure has been revised using estimates from Household Income and Expenditure surveys

(HIES) conducted by the Department of Census and Statistics (DCS). Unlike earlier years, the HIES 2012 covered the entire island including Eastern and Northern provinces enabling more reliable estimates for these areas. These and other data have been used to improve the estimates of the distribution of out-of-pocket expenditure allocation according to the district of beneficiaries.

Estimates of local authority expenditure have improved due to better coverage of the regular IHP survey of these entities. In particular, the response rate in the 2015 survey improved, with response rates from local authorities in the Eastern and Northern Provinces increasing substantially.

A systematic review during 2015 also identified several new items of expenditure that had previously been not captured, thus increasing the overall comprehensiveness of the SLHA estimates.

2. Current Health Expenditure



2.1 Trends in current health expenditure

Current expenditure on health goods and services in Sri Lanka in 2013 is estimated as Rs. 258 billion (Table 1). This represents an increase of Rs. 31 billion on the preceding year, and a 14% increase in nominal terms. Spending in 2014 is provisionally estimated to have increased by 12% in nominal terms to Rs. 289 billion. Overall, current health expenditure (CHE) tripled in real terms between 1990 and 2014 (Figure 2).

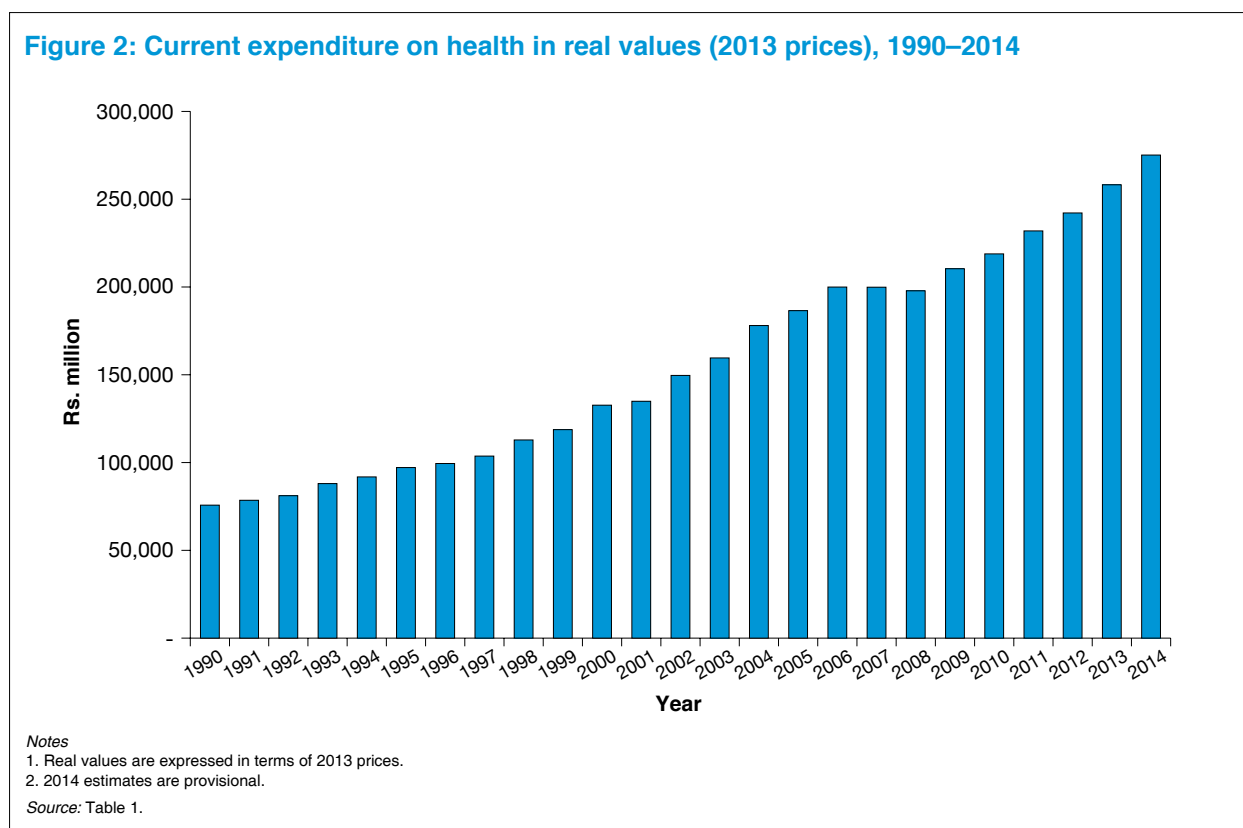
2.2 Health expenditure in relation to GDP

The ratio of CHE to GDP is estimated as 3.0% in 2013 and 2014, and it fluctuated between 3.0% and

3.7% during 1990–2014 (Figure 3). Both GDP and CHE grew in nominal terms in each year from 1990 to 2014 but the trend in the ratio of current health spending to GDP has not been smooth, as seen in Figure 3. It fluctuated between 3.0% and 3.3% pre-2001, then stabilized at approximately 3.6% till 2006, after which it declined and remained at 3.0% from 2012.

2.3 Total health expenditure

Total expenditure on health goods and services and capital formation in Sri Lanka in 2013 is estimated as Rs. 285 billion (Table 1). This represented an increase of Rs. 36 billion over the preceding year, which is a 15% increase in nominal terms. Total expenditure on health in 2014 is provisionally estimated to have been Rs 321 billion.



The ratio of total health expenditure to GDP provides an indication of the proportion of overall economic activity contributed by the health sector. It is estimated that total expenditure on health accounted for 3.3% of GDP in 2013, which is a drop from the level of 3.7% of GDP in 1990 (Table 2). In the years 2002–2006 the health to GDP ratio reached its highest levels ever, peaking at around 4%.

2.4 Health expenditure per person

As the population grows, health expenditure will also increase at the same rate, if the average expenditure on healthcare for each person in the community

remains constant. This means it is essential to examine health expenditure on a per person basis. This removes the influence of changes in the overall size of the population from the analysis. During 2013, the estimated per person current health expenditure was Rs. 12,535 or US\$ 97 while per person total health expenditure was Rs. 13,841 or US\$ 107. Provisional estimates indicate that current health expenditure increased to Rs 14,000 or US\$ 107 per capita in 2014, and per person total health expenditure to Rs 15,500 or US\$ 119 (Table 3).

Table 1: Current, capital and total expenditure on health, nominal and real values (2013 prices), 1990–2014

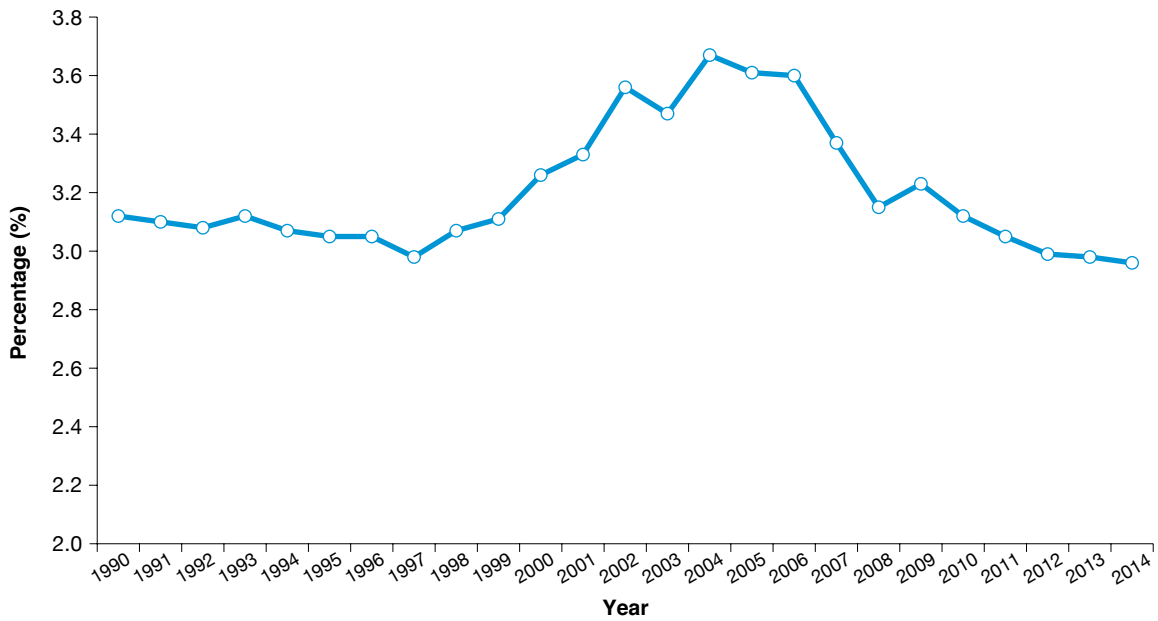
Year	Nominal (Rs. million)			Real ^(a) (Rs. million)		
	Current expenditure on health	Capital formation	Total health expenditure	Current expenditure on health	Capital formation	Total health expenditure
1990	10,039	1,838	11,877	75,746	13,866	89,612
1991	11,552	1,286	12,838	78,517	8,739	87,256
1992	13,120	2,198	15,318	81,125	13,589	94,715
1993	15,581	1,646	17,228	88,018	9,299	97,318
1994	17,791	1,665	19,456	91,831	8,593	100,424
1995	20,400	2,346	22,746	97,152	11,172	108,325
1996	23,413	3,035	26,448	99,459	12,893	112,352
1997	26,532	3,066	29,599	103,688	11,984	115,672
1998	31,302	5,947	37,248	112,877	21,444	134,321
1999	34,414	5,443	39,857	118,756	18,784	137,540
2000	41,012	5,665	46,677	132,686	18,329	151,015
2001	46,877	5,365	52,241	134,913	15,440	150,353
2002	56,358	5,776	62,135	149,631	15,336	164,967
2003	63,191	7,726	70,917	159,592	19,513	179,105
2004	76,699	10,352	87,052	178,043	24,031	202,074
2005	88,740	10,364	99,104	186,526	21,785	208,311
2006	105,869	11,610	117,479	199,970	21,929	221,899
2007	120,646	12,217	132,863	199,885	20,240	220,125
2008	138,921	15,565	154,485	197,833	22,165	219,998
2009	156,072	15,267	171,339	210,408	20,582	230,990
2010	174,604	16,859	191,463	218,861	21,132	239,993
2011	199,570	18,042	217,612	231,949	20,969	252,918
2012	226,953	21,816	248,769	242,175	23,279	265,454
2013	258,220	26,901	285,121	258,220	26,901	285,121
2014 ^(b)	289,147	32,053	321,199	275,156	30,502	305,658

(a) Real values are expressed in terms of 2013 prices.

(b) Provisional.

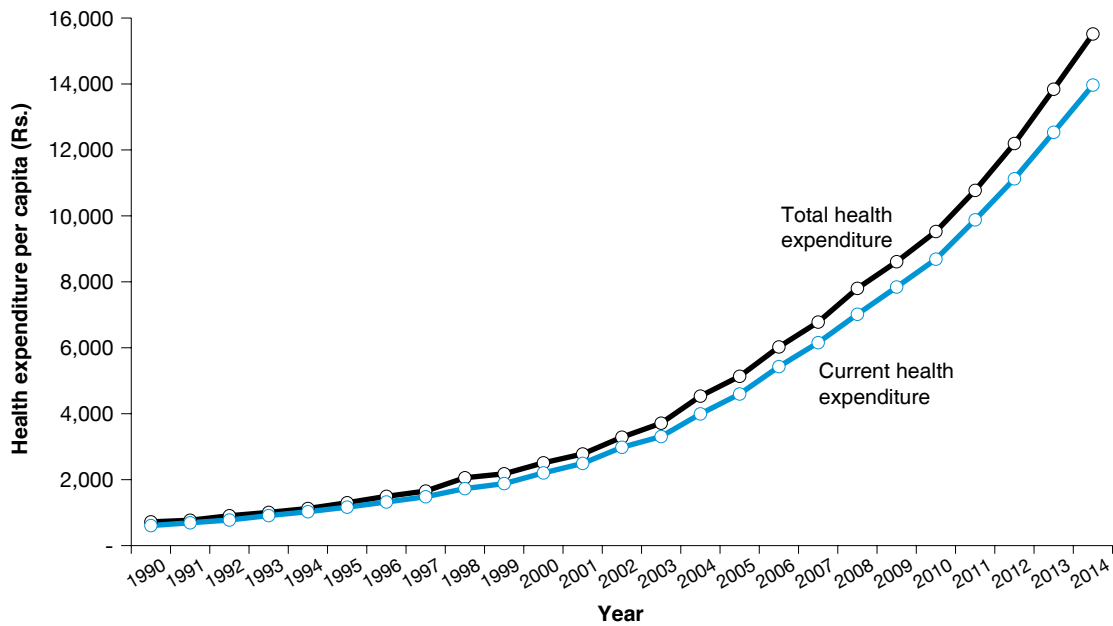
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 3: Ratio of current health expenditure to GDP (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 2.

Figure 4: Per capita current and total health expenditure (Rs.), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 3.

Table 2: Current and total health expenditure, GDP, annual growth rates and share of health on GDP, 1990–2014

Year	Current health expenditure			Total health expenditure			GDP		
	Amount (Rs. million)	Nominal growth rate(%)	Ratio of current health expenditure to GDP (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Nominal growth rate(%)	Ratio of total health expenditure to GDP (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Nominal growth rate(%)	Ratio of current health expenditure to GDP (%)
1990	10,039	-	3.1	11,877	-	3.1	321,784	-	3.1
1991	11,552	15	3.1	12,838	8	3.1	372,345	16	3.1
1992	13,120	14	3.1	15,318	19	3.1	425,283	14	3.1
1993	15,581	19	3.1	17,228	12	3.1	499,565	17	3.1
1994	17,791	14	3.1	19,456	13	3.1	579,084	16	3.1
1995	20,400	15	3.1	22,746	17	3.1	667,772	15	3.1
1996	23,413	15	3.0	26,448	16	3.0	768,128	15	3.0
1997	26,532	13	3.0	29,599	12	3.0	890,272	16	3.0
1998	31,302	18	3.1	37,248	26	3.1	1,017,986	14	3.1
1999	34,414	10	3.1	39,857	7	3.1	1,105,963	9	3.1
2000	41,012	19	3.3	46,677	17	3.3	1,257,636	14	3.3
2001	46,877	14	3.3	52,241	12	3.3	1,407,398	12	3.3
2002	56,358	20	3.6	62,135	19	3.6	1,581,885	12	3.6
2003	63,191	12	3.5	70,917	14	3.5	1,822,468	15	3.5
2004	76,699	21	3.7	87,052	23	3.7	2,090,841	15	3.7
2005	88,740	16	3.6	99,104	14	3.6	2,454,782	17	3.6
2006	105,869	19	3.6	117,479	19	3.6	2,938,680	20	3.6
2007	120,646	14	3.4	132,863	13	3.4	3,578,688	22	3.4
2008	138,921	15	3.1	154,485	16	3.1	4,410,682	23	3.1
2009	156,072	12	3.2	171,339	11	3.2	4,835,293	10	3.2
2010	174,604	12	3.1	191,463	12	3.1	5,604,104	16	3.1
2011	199,570	14	3.1	217,612	14	3.1	6,542,663	17	3.1
2012	226,953	14	3.0	248,769	14	3.0	7,578,554	16	3.0
2013	258,220	14	3.0	285,121	15	3.0	8,674,230	14	3.0
2014 ^(a)	289,147	12	3.0	321,199	13	3.0	9,784,672	13	3.0
Average annual growth rate									
1991-2000		15			15			15	
2001-2014		15			15			15	
1991-2014		15			15			15	

(a) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 3: Per capita current, total health expenditure and GDP, 1990-2014

Year	Current health expenditure per capita			Total health expenditure per capita			GDP per capita			
	Nominal (Rs.)	Real (Rs.) ^(a)	Real growth rate(%)	Nominal (USD)	Real (Rs.) ^(a)	Real growth rate(%)	Nominal (Rs.)	Real (Rs.) ^(a)	Nominal (USD)	
1990	608	4,591	-	15	720	5,431	18	19,502	147,149	487
1991	692	4,702	2.4	17	769	5,225	19	22,296	151,542	539
1992	776	4,800	2.1	18	906	5,604	21	25,165	155,603	574
1993	911	5,147	7.2	19	1,007	5,691	21	29,214	165,030	605
1994	1,028	5,308	3.1	21	1,125	5,805	23	33,473	172,775	677
1995	1,166	5,552	4.6	23	1,300	6,190	25	38,158	181,723	745
1996	1,323	5,619	1.2	24	1,494	6,348	27	43,397	184,351	785
1997	1,482	5,793	3.1	25	1,654	6,462	28	49,736	194,368	843
1998	1,729	6,236	7.7	27	2,058	7,421	32	56,242	202,816	871
1999	1,881	6,489	4.1	27	2,178	7,516	31	60,435	208,553	859
2000	2,205	7,134	9.9	29	2,510	8,119	33	67,615	218,757	892
2001	2,493	7,176	0.6	28	2,779	7,997	31	74,862	215,455	838
2002	2,982	7,917	10.3	31	3,288	8,728	34	83,698	222,217	875
2003	3,308	8,356	5.5	34	3,713	9,377	38	95,417	240,982	989
2004	3,995	9,273	11.0	39	4,534	10,525	45	108,898	252,786	1,076
2005	4,598	9,665	4.2	46	5,135	10,793	51	127,191	267,346	1,266
2006	5,429	10,255	6.1	52	6,025	11,379	58	150,702	284,651	1,450
2007	6,155	10,198	-0.6	56	6,779	11,231	61	182,586	302,506	1,651
2008	7,016	9,992	-2.0	65	7,802	11,111	72	222,762	317,228	2,056
2009	7,843	10,573	5.8	68	8,610	11,608	75	242,980	327,571	2,114
2010	8,687	10,889	3.0	77	9,526	11,940	84	278,811	349,481	2,466
2011	9,880	11,483	5.5	89	10,773	12,521	97	323,894	376,444	2,929
2012	11,125	11,871	3.4	87	12,195	13,012	96	371,498	396,414	2,911
2013	12,535	12,535	5.6	97	13,841	13,841	107	421,079	421,079	3,261
2014 ^(b)	13,968	13,293	6.0	107	15,517	14,766	119	472,689	449,817	3,620
Average annual growth rate										
1991-2000			4.5							4.2
2001-2014			4.6							4.4
1991-2014			4.6							4.3

(a) Real values are expressed in terms of 2013 prices.

(b) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

3. Financing of health expenditure

3.1 General trends

In 2013, government financing of health expenditure was Rs. 112 billion, compared with Rs. 145 billion from private sources (Table 4). This represented 43% of total financing in the health sector in that year. Preliminary estimates indicate that government financing increased to Rs 134 billion and 46% of total financing in 2014.

During 1990–2014 the relative shares of public and private financing remained similar (Figure 5) with private financing consistently, but modestly, higher than the public contribution over the entire period.

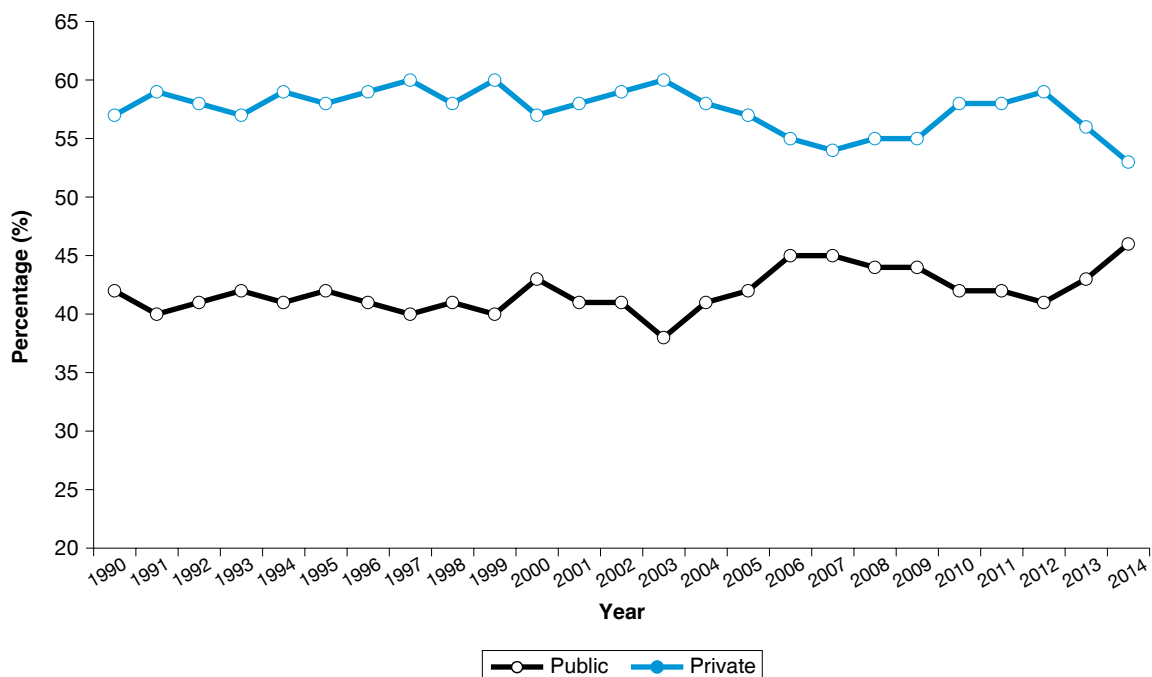
Public sector financing of health was 1.3% of GDP in 1990 while private sector financing was 1.8%.

Public sector financing fluctuated between 1.2–1.6% of GDP during 1990–2014 (Figure 6) while private sector financing fluctuated between 1.6–2.1%.

3.2 Government financing

Table 5 and Figure 7 show that the MOH share of total government financing has increased from 39% in 1990 to 63% in 2014. During 1993–2014, MOH accounted for the largest share and Provincial Departments of Health (PDOH) for the second largest share of government financing. In 2013, the MOH share of public sector financing was 62%, while the provincial governments financed 31%. Local government financing was 2% and the Employees Trust Fund, which is a form of social security, contributed 0.1% (Figure 8).

Figure 5: Share of public and private funding (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 4.

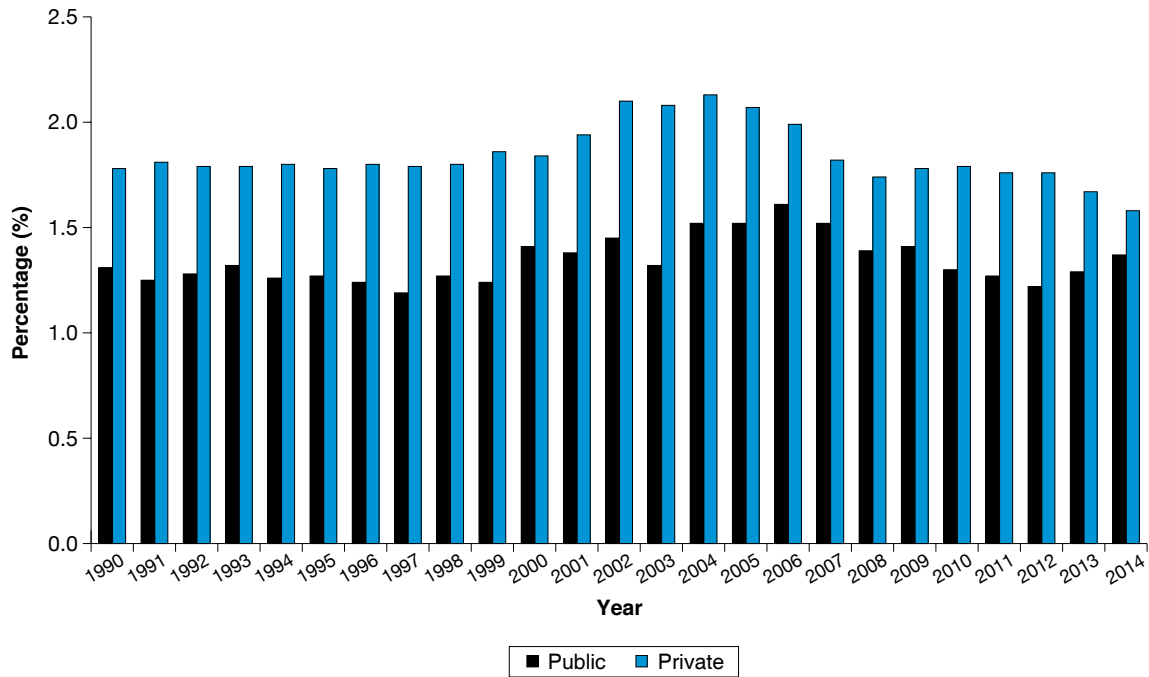
Table 4: Current health expenditure by financing source, 1990–2014

Year	Current health expenditure (Rs. million)			Share of current health expenditure (%)			Current health expenditure as a share of GDP (%)			Total
	Public	Private	Donors	Public	Private	Donors	Public	Private	Donors	
1990	4,206	5,719	114	42	57	1	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1991	4,669	6,758	125	40	59	1	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1992	5,431	7,617	72	41	58	1	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1993	6,578	8,932	71	42	57	0	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1994	7,310	10,430	51	41	59	0	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1995	8,494	11,854	52	42	58	0	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1996	9,518	13,854	41	41	59	0	1.2	1.8	0.0	3.0
1997	10,608	15,897	27	40	60	0	1.2	1.8	0.0	3.0
1998	12,894	18,294	114	41	58	0	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
1999	13,721	20,550	142	40	60	0	1.2	1.9	0.0	3.1
2000	17,710	23,201	101	43	57	0	1.4	1.8	0.0	3.3
2001	19,433	27,261	183	41	58	0	1.4	1.9	0.0	3.3
2002	22,923	33,174	261	41	59	0	1.4	2.1	0.0	3.6
2003	24,030	37,948	1,212	38	60	2	1.3	2.1	0.1	3.5
2004	31,765	44,503	431	41	58	1	1.5	2.1	0.0	3.7
2005	37,379	50,874	487	42	57	1	1.5	2.1	0.0	3.6
2006	47,375	58,347	147	45	55	0	1.6	2.0	0.0	3.6
2007	54,560	65,302	783	45	54	1	1.5	1.8	0.0	3.4
2008	61,308	76,858	754	44	55	1	1.4	1.7	0.0	3.1
2009	68,146	86,027	1,899	44	55	1	1.4	1.8	0.0	3.2
2010	72,605	100,566	1,433	42	58	1	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
2011	83,119	114,894	1,557	42	58	1	1.3	1.8	0.0	3.1
2012	92,210	133,348	1,395	41	59	1	1.2	1.8	0.0	3.0
2013	111,904	144,844	1,472	43	56	1	1.3	1.7	0.0	3.0
2014 ^(a)	134,022	154,249	876	46	53	0	1.4	1.6	0.0	3.0

(a) Provisional.

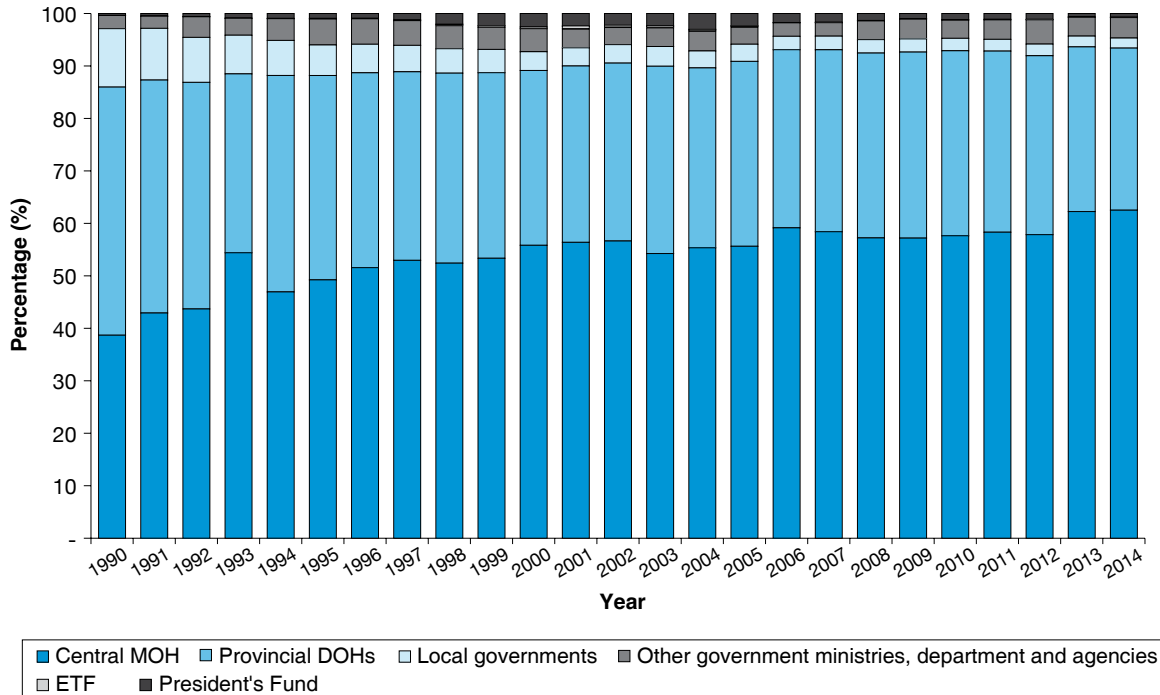
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 6: Public and private funding as a share of GDP (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 4.

Figure 7: Government current health expenditure by financing source (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 5.

Table 5: Public current expenditure on health by financing source, 1990–2014

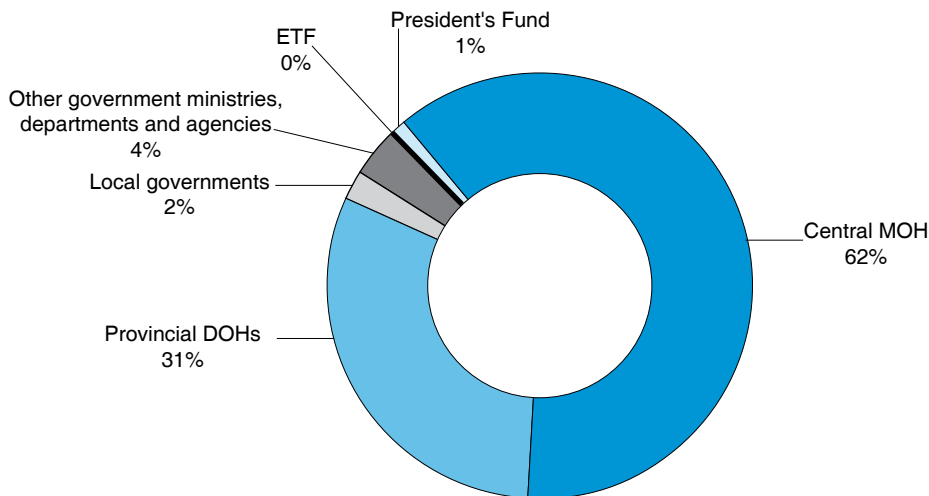
Year	Central MOH		Provincial DOHs		Local governments		Other government ministries, departments and agencies				President's Fund		Public current spending	
	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Ratio ^(b) (%)
1990	1,627	39	1,989	47	468	11	106	3	0	0	16	0	4,206	42
1991	2,004	43	2,073	44	460	10	108	2	1	0	23	1	4,669	40
1992	2,373	44	2,345	43	465	9	214	4	2	0	32	1	5,431	41
1993	3,579	54	2,242	34	485	7	213	3	1	0	59	1	6,578	42
1994	3,431	47	3,015	41	488	7	303	4	4	0	68	1	7,310	41
1995	4,182	49	3,308	39	494	6	420	5	10	0	79	1	8,494	42
1996	4,908	52	3,535	37	517	5	463	5	8	0	87	1	9,518	41
1997	5,618	53	3,812	36	534	5	501	5	15	0	129	1	10,608	40
1998	6,759	52	4,669	36	601	5	565	4	25	0	275	2	12,894	41
1999	7,320	53	4,853	35	608	4	580	4	42	0	318	2	13,721	40
2000	9,886	56	5,901	33	633	4	778	4	58	0	454	3	17,710	43
2001	10,958	56	6,532	34	673	3	690	4	101	1	480	2	19,433	41
2002	12,984	57	7,772	34	807	4	747	3	78	0	535	2	22,923	41
2003	13,037	54	8,577	36	905	4	852	4	72	0	587	2	24,030	38
2004	17,581	55	10,891	34	1,026	3	1,187	4	87	0	993	3	31,765	41
2005	20,796	56	13,172	35	1,221	3	1,207	3	75	0	908	2	37,379	42
2006	28,023	59	16,083	34	1,209	3	1,218	3	30	0	812	2	47,375	45
2007	31,870	58	18,919	35	1,415	3	1,401	3	46	0	909	2	54,560	45
2008	35,087	57	21,599	35	1,569	3	2,187	4	52	0	815	1	61,308	44
2009	38,974	57	24,161	35	1,712	3	2,565	4	76	0	657	1	68,146	44
2010	41,853	58	25,597	35	1,718	2	2,512	3	84	0	842	1	72,605	42
2011	48,471	58	28,692	35	1,859	2	3,089	4	87	0	921	1	83,119	42
2012	53,345	58	31,445	34	2,045	2	4,269	5	79	0	1,028	1	92,210	41
2013	69,663	62	35,121	31	2,301	2	4,018	4	83	0	718	1	111,904	43
2014 ^(c)	83,780	63	41,405	31	2,570	2	5,226	4	108	0	933	1	134,022	46

(a) The only form of social security financing in Sri Lanka was the Employees Trust Fund.

(b) Ratio of total public spending to CHE.

(c) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 8: Government current health expenditure by financing source (%), 2013

Source: Table 5.

3.3 Private financing

Figure 9 and Table 6 show that the bulk of private sector financing consists of household out-of-pocket expenditure, which amounts to 85% of private expenditure throughout the entire period under review. Expenditure by companies to provide healthcare and medical benefits to their employees has been the next largest source of private financing (5–8%).

The contribution from private health insurance as a share of private financing substantially increased from a low level of 1% in 1990 to reach 5% by 2007, which it has maintained since then. The non-profit sector has maintained its share of private financing at 2–3% throughout.

A small share of private financing is by healthcare providers themselves from their own resources, principally for new capital investment in hospital services. The funding on CHE by providers' own resources remained less than 0.3% during 1990–2014.

Figure 10 shows the overall composition of private financing in 2013. Out-of-pocket spending by households remains the predominant element at 87% of total private financing, followed by employers at 7% and insurance with 5%.

3.4 External donor financing

External donors in Sri Lanka largely comprise official multilateral or United Nations (UN) agencies, such as the World Bank, WHO and the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, and official bilateral agencies from countries such as Japan and Korea. Much smaller flows of external financing are also contributed by non-governmental and other private organizations.

Health sector financing from external donors in Sri Lanka consists mostly of grants and to a lesser extent loans, and is channelled in two ways. Funds from most major donors, such as World Bank and the Japanese International Corporation Agency, are channelled through the Treasury, while the rest is sent directly to the programme or institution that administers the funds. Financing from donors that is channelled through the Treasury is not classified as external financing in the SLHA estimates of spending by financing source, and is reported instead as government financing. This reflects the fact that this expenditure is incorporated into the government budget and is reported as such by the government. It is also important to note that foreign loans from agencies, such as the World Bank, must ultimately be paid back from general revenue taxation, and so the ultimate source of financing is the government, and by extension Sri Lankan households through taxation.

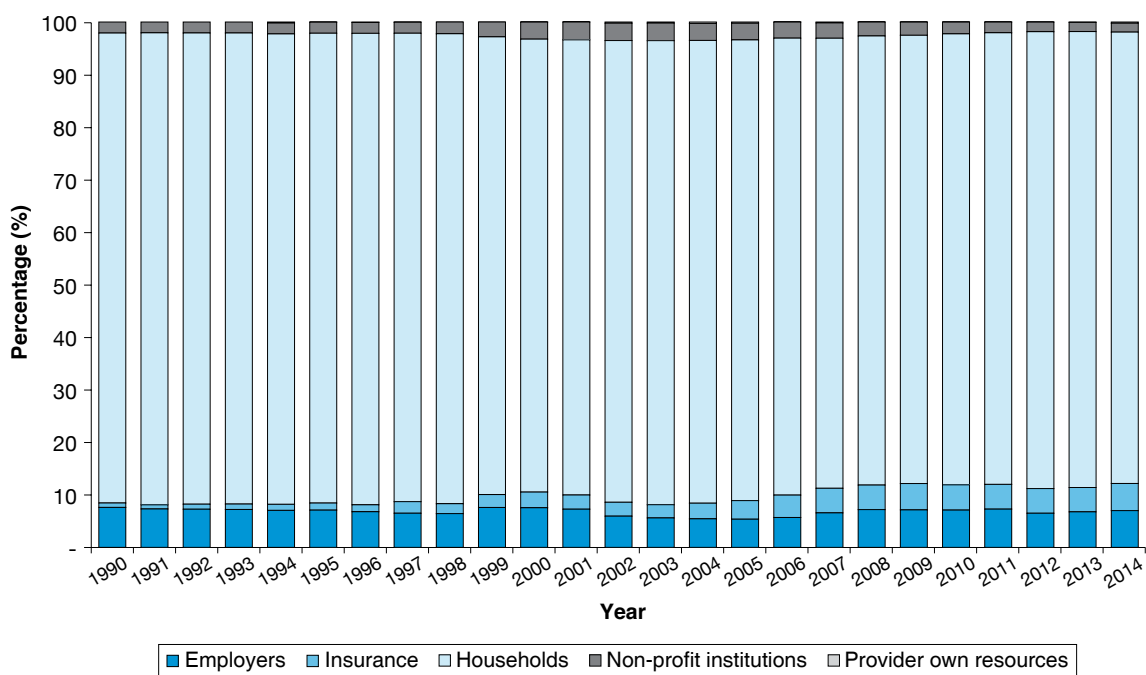
As noted, the external donor financing reported in the SLHA estimates of spending by financing source consists only of amounts that have not been channelled through the Treasury, and instead have been transferred directly from external donor agencies to healthcare providers. These have remained less than 2% of CHE during the time period covered in the SLHA (Table 4). These funds mostly comprised financing received from agencies such as WHO and United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF). However, even if external donor financing channelled through the Treasury is included, total donor funding of CHE has typically accounted for less than 4% of total public spending during the period. Details of this additional financing is given in Chapter 7 and in Appendix B in the tables of flows from revenue sources to financing sources.

health sector is by the government and a significant part of this is financed by donor funding that is channelled through the Treasury for infrastructure projects in the health sector. However, there has been a growing level of spending by private hospitals, as a result of which expenditure by healthcare providers increased from 6% in 1990 to 14% in 2014: over 10% of total capital expenditure for the last fourteen years. This is accounted for mainly by a number of large, new private hospital investments and extensions of existing private hospitals (Table 7).

3.5 Financing of capital expenditure

Expenditure for capital formation is allocated largely to building and improving hospitals and purchasing plant and equipment. Much of the expenditure in the

Figure 9: Private current health expenditure by financing source (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 6.

Table 6: Private current expenditure on health by financing source, 1990-2014

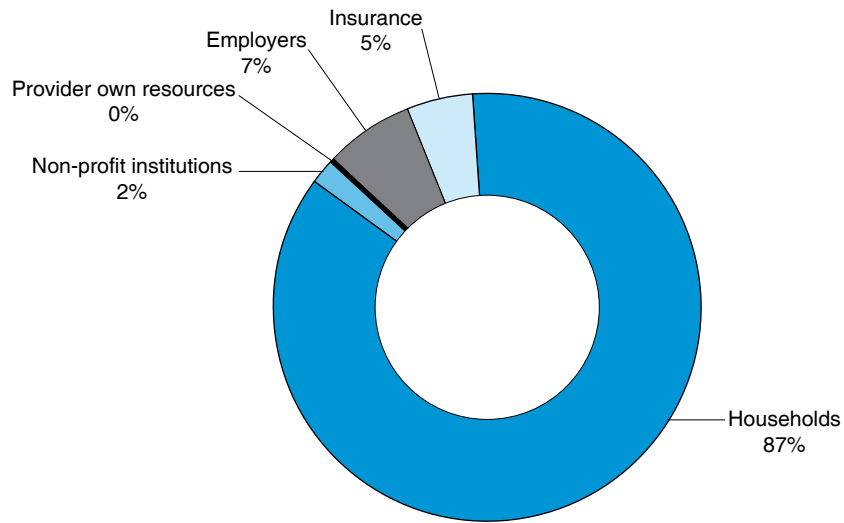
Year	Employers		Insurance		Households		Non-profit institutions		Provider own re-sources		Total private spending		Ratio ^(a) (%)
	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	
1990	435	8	48	1	5,116	89	120	2	-	-	5,719	-	57
1991	494	7	53	1	6,072	90	139	2	-	-	6,758	-	59
1992	553	7	73	1	6,832	90	159	2	-	-	7,617	-	58
1993	644	7	92	1	8,009	90	186	2	-	-	8,932	-	57
1994	734	7	120	1	9,339	90	216	2	20	0.2	10,430	0.2	59
1995	840	7	160	1	10,601	89	249	2	4	0.0	11,854	0.0	58
1996	940	7	182	1	12,432	90	287	2	12	0.1	13,854	0.1	59
1997	1,033	6	351	2	14,174	89	332	2	8	0.0	15,897	0.0	60
1998	1,176	6	345	2	16,364	89	408	2	-	-	18,294	-	58
1999	1,561	8	505	2	17,904	87	581	3	-	-	20,550	-	60
2000	1,750	8	691	3	20,003	86	753	3	4	0.0	23,201	0.0	57
2001	1,981	7	737	3	23,618	87	925	3	0	0.0	27,261	0.0	58
2002	1,972	6	876	3	29,156	88	1,097	3	73	0.2	33,174	0.2	59
2003	2,127	6	955	3	33,520	88	1,270	3	76	0.2	37,948	0.2	60
2004	2,419	5	1,323	3	39,200	88	1,442	3	119	0.3	44,503	0.3	58
2005	2,727	5	1,801	4	44,612	88	1,614	3	119	0.2	50,874	0.2	57
2006	3,320	6	2,486	4	50,748	87	1,787	3	6	0.0	58,347	0.0	55
2007	4,290	7	3,054	5	55,941	86	1,908	3	110	0.2	65,302	0.2	54
2008	5,526	7	3,591	5	65,703	85	2,033	3	6	0.0	76,858	0.0	55
2009	6,138	7	4,315	5	73,399	85	2,162	3	14	0.0	86,027	0.0	55
2010	7,139	7	4,833	5	86,328	86	2,249	2	17	0.0	100,566	0.0	58
2011	8,364	7	5,412	5	98,768	86	2,338	2	13	0.0	114,894	0.0	58
2012	8,664	6	6,261	5	115,968	87	2,429	2	27	0.0	133,348	0.0	59
2013	9,798	7	6,707	5	125,704	87	2,521	2	112	0.1	144,844	0.1	56
2014 ^(b)	10,794	7	7,967	5	132,522	86	2,616	2	351	0.2	154,249	0.2	53

(a) Ratio of total private spending to CHE.

(b) Provisional.

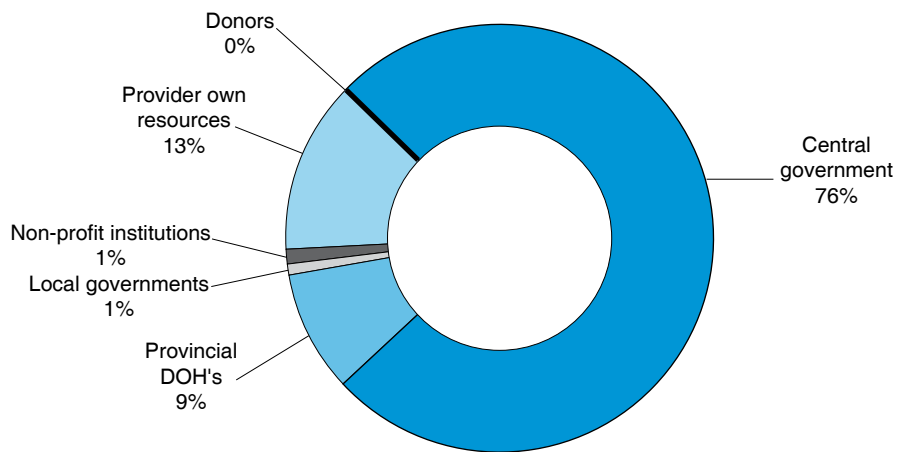
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 10: Private current health expenditure by financing source (%), 2013



Source: Table 6.

Figure 11 : Capital expenditure by financing source (%), 2013



Source: Table 7.

Table 7: Capital formation on health by financing source, 1990–2014

Year	Central government		Provincial DOH's		Local governments		Non-profit institutions		Provider own resources		Donors		Total capital expenditure
	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	
1990	1,449	79	234	13	24	1	16	1	115	6	-	-	1,838
1991	827	64	255	20	24	2	18	1	157	12	4	0	1,286
1992	1,688	77	284	13	24	1	21	1	152	7	29	1	2,198
1993	1,168	71	240	15	21	1	24	1	187	11	6	0	1,646
1994	1,097	66	294	18	22	1	28	2	224	13	0	0	1,665
1995	1,496	64	530	23	30	1	33	1	258	11	-	-	2,346
1996	1,894	62	758	25	38	1	38	1	294	10	13	0	3,035
1997	1,974	64	683	22	25	1	44	1	333	11	9	0	3,066
1998	4,597	77	903	15	31	1	54	1	333	6	29	0	5,947
1999	3,808	70	1,152	21	28	1	76	1	378	7	1	0	5,443
2000	3,631	64	1,142	20	32	1	99	2	532	9	229	4	5,665
2001	3,336	62	1,278	24	38	1	121	2	577	11	14	0	5,365
2002	3,042	53	807	14	70	1	144	2	1,700	29	13	0	5,776
2003	4,718	61	681	9	40	1	167	2	2,109	27	12	0	7,726
2004	7,645	74	754	7	43	0	189	2	1,293	12	429	4	10,352
2005	6,899	67	1,352	13	44	0	212	2	1,346	13	511	5	10,364
2006	7,588	65	2,172	19	62	1	234	2	1,268	11	285	2	11,610
2007	8,592	70	1,595	13	72	1	250	2	1,301	11	408	3	12,217
2008	9,154	59	2,502	16	127	1	267	2	2,071	13	1,444	9	15,565
2009	7,504	49	2,733	18	178	1	284	2	2,729	18	1,839	12	15,267
2010	9,212	55	3,929	23	215	1	295	2	2,265	13	943	6	16,859
2011	11,044	61	1,916	11	274	2	307	2	3,280	18	1,222	7	18,042
2012	15,667	72	1,476	7	168	1	319	1	3,662	17	524	2	21,816
2013	20,348	76	2,311	9	236	1	331	1	3,547	13	128	0	26,901
2014 ^(a)	24,511	76	2,273	7	233	1	343	1	4,590	14	103	0	32,053

(a) Provisional.
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

4. Health expenditure by function

4.1 Current expenditure

The SLHA systematically classifies the purposes or functional uses of health expenditure (Table 8). Current expenditure is used for a range of functional purposes, while capital expenditure is used to invest in new capital infrastructure and equipment. For the most part current expenditure as reported by the government is equivalent to what the SLHA terms current expenditure.

Inpatient and outpatient care services

The largest part of health spending is for curative care (that is the combination of inpatient and outpatient care services). This was around 53% of CHE in 1990, and rose to 58% by 2013 (Table 9 and Figure 12). Of the curative care expenditure of 53% of CHE in 1990, 29% of it was outpatient care and 24% inpatient care. During the subsequent years, the inpatient share has increased steadily. By 2013, inpatient spending accounted for 37% of CHE, and outpatient spending 21%. In the provisional estimates for 2014, the inpatient share increased to 39% (Figure 13).

Inpatient care is mainly financed by the public sector, which accounted for 83% of expenditure in 1990 (Table 10). In 2013, this dropped to 75%. Outpatient care was mainly financed by the private sector, which was around 82% in 1990 but by 2013 decreased to 74%.

Distribution of medicines and medical goods to outpatients

The second major component of spending on personal medical services is on medical goods dispensed to outpatients, which was around 25% of CHE in 2013, and provisionally 24% in 2014. This category comprises not only sales of medicines and other medical goods from pharmacies and other retailers, but also medicines and other medical goods provided to outpatients in the public sector. Overall, about 87% of the expenditure to supply medicines and other medical goods to outpatients was privately financed, mostly by household out-of-pocket spending.

This category accounts only for a portion of overall expenditure on medicines in Sri Lanka's health sector.

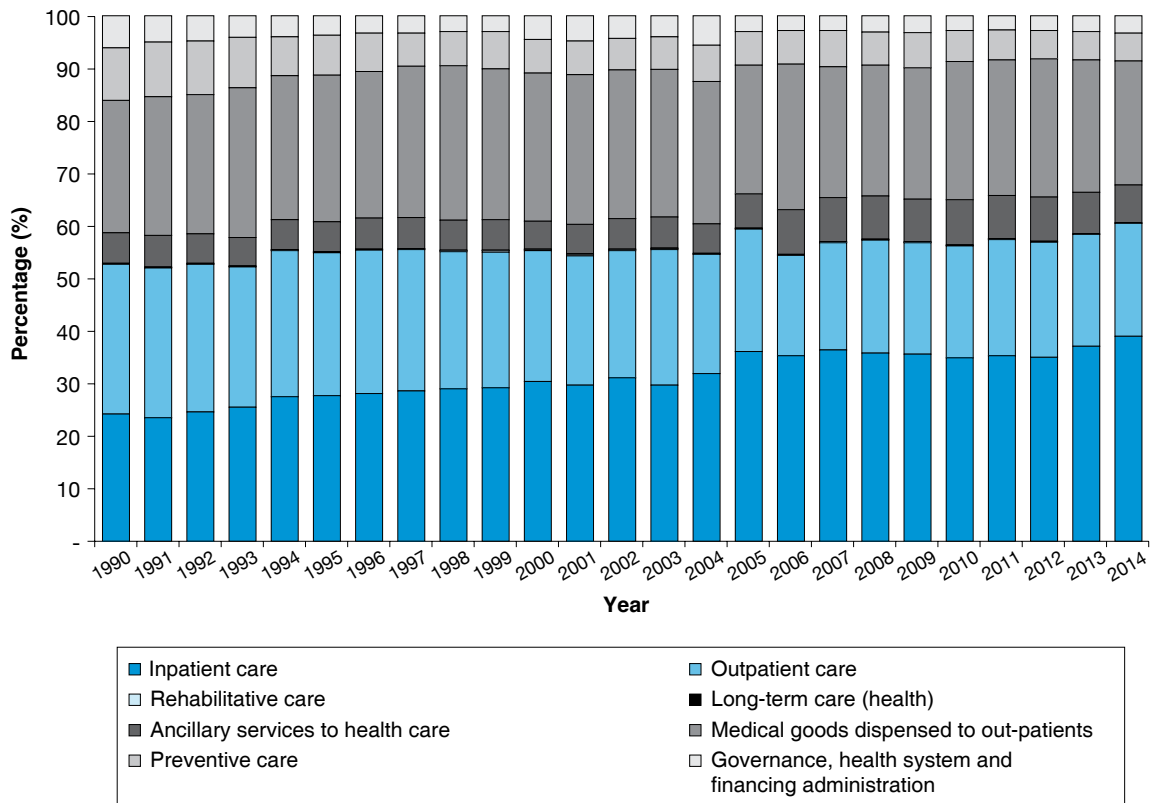
Following international reporting standards, the SLHA reports expenditure on medicines and medical supplies used for inpatient care at hospitals within inpatient care.

Preventive care

Preventive care expenditure decreased as a share from about 10% of CHE in 1990 to about 5% in 2013. The decline in the share of preventive care in CHE was due solely to a decline in central MOH expenditure. This in turn was largely explained by a decline of more than 80% in malaria control expenditure, and a more modest reduction in Family Health Bureau (FHB) expenditure during the late 1990s. The decline in malaria control expenditure was due to adoption by the health ministry of a more efficient vector-control strategy in accordance with WHO recommendations, and thus represents a productivity improvement. Overall performance of the malaria control programme was maintained, hence reflected in declining caseloads throughout the decade and effective elimination of local transmission of malaria at the end of 2012. The reasons for the decline in FHB spending are unclear, but again available data on outcomes do not indicate that this resulted in deterioration in performance. Despite the declining share, it must be noted that overall expenditure in rupee terms did not fall.

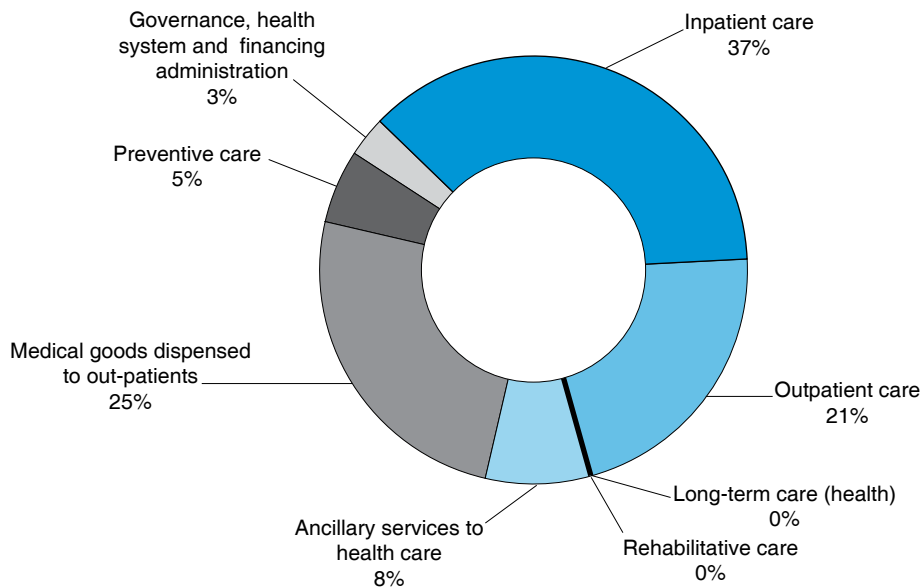
Preventive care is mainly financed by the public sector, but its share fluctuated between 71% and 91% during 1990–2014.

Figure 12: Current health expenditure by function (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 9

Figure 13: Current health expenditure by function (%), 2013



Source: Table 9.

Table 8: Current health expenditure by function (Rs. million), 1990-2014

Year	Rehabilitative care				Long-term care (health)	Ancillary services to health care ^(a)		Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	Preventive care	Governance, and health system and financing administration		Current health expenditure (Rs. million)
	Inpatient care	Outpatient care	Rehabilitative care	Long-term care (health)		Ancillary services to health care ^(a)	Medical goods dispensed to out-patients			Preventive care	Administration	
1990	2,430	2,862	10	6	581	2,525	1,001	625	10,039			
1991	2,720	3,292	12	7	688	3,052	1,203	578	11,552			
1992	3,221	3,683	14	8	739	3,471	1,333	651	13,120			
1993	3,968	4,168	15	9	841	4,438	1,503	639	15,581			
1994	4,898	4,939	17	11	1,007	4,881	1,323	716	17,791			
1995	5,650	5,555	20	12	1,168	5,693	1,545	757	20,400			
1996	6,572	6,381	23	14	1,378	6,533	1,703	809	23,413			
1997	7,584	7,138	27	16	1,570	7,647	1,667	883	26,532			
1998	9,078	8,156	70	20	1,776	9,214	2,042	945	31,302			
1999	10,053	8,866	93	29	1,995	9,885	2,426	1068	34,414			
2000	12,451	10,220	82	37	2,188	11,584	2,614	1836	41,012			
2001	13,918	11,539	131	46	2,623	13,376	2,985	2258	46,877			
2002	17,512	13,659	123	54	3,242	15,952	3,396	2420	56,358			
2003	18,788	16,310	102	63	3,700	17,758	3,923	2547	63,191			
2004	24,498	17,444	114	72	4,284	20,799	5,326	4163	76,699			
2005	32,040	20,682	129	80	5,812	21,765	5,713	2520	88,740			
2006	37,382	20,237	153	89	9,006	29,278	6,752	2972	105,869			
2007	43,961	24,600	155	95	10,078	30,072	8,361	3323	120,646			
2008	49,695	29,876	162	101	11,455	34,579	8,816	4237	138,921			
2009	55,556	33,157	174	107	12,584	38,958	10,441	5095	156,072			
2010	60,958	37,129	232	112	15,094	45,958	10,316	4805	174,604			
2011	70,516	44,176	226	116	16,340	51,518	11,466	5212	199,570			
2012	79,330	49,776	193	121	19,146	59,577	12,280	6530	226,953			
2013	95,706	54,995	200	125	20,428	65,007	13,905	7853	258,220			
2014 ^(b)	112,849	62,024	208	130	20,816	68,226	15,334	9561	289,147			

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

(b) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 9 : Share of health expenditure by function (%), 1990–2014

Year	Inpatient care	Outpatient care	Rehabilitative care	Long-term care (health)	Ancillary services to health care ^(a)	Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	Preventive care	Governance, and health system and financing administration	Total
1990	24.2	28.5	0.1	0.1	5.8	25.2	10.0	6.2	100
1991	23.5	28.5	0.1	0.1	6.0	26.4	10.4	5.0	100
1992	24.6	28.1	0.1	0.1	5.6	26.5	10.2	5.0	100
1993	25.5	26.7	0.1	0.1	5.4	28.5	9.6	4.1	100
1994	27.5	27.8	0.1	0.1	5.7	27.4	7.4	4.0	100
1995	27.7	27.2	0.1	0.1	5.7	27.9	7.6	3.7	100
1996	28.1	27.3	0.1	0.1	5.9	27.9	7.3	3.5	100
1997	28.6	26.9	0.1	0.1	5.9	28.8	6.3	3.3	100
1998	29.0	26.1	0.2	0.1	5.7	29.4	6.5	3.0	100
1999	29.2	25.8	0.3	0.1	5.8	28.7	7.1	3.1	100
2000	30.4	24.9	0.2	0.1	5.3	28.2	6.4	4.5	100
2001	29.7	24.6	0.3	0.1	5.6	28.5	6.4	4.8	100
2002	31.1	24.2	0.2	0.1	5.8	28.3	6.0	4.3	100
2003	29.7	25.8	0.2	0.1	5.9	28.1	6.2	4.0	100
2004	31.9	22.7	0.1	0.1	5.6	27.1	6.9	5.4	100
2005	36.1	23.3	0.1	0.1	6.5	24.5	6.4	2.8	100
2006	35.3	19.1	0.1	0.1	8.5	27.7	6.4	2.8	100
2007	36.4	20.4	0.1	0.1	8.4	24.9	6.9	2.8	100
2008	35.8	21.5	0.1	0.1	8.2	24.9	6.3	3.1	100
2009	35.6	21.2	0.1	0.1	8.1	25.0	6.7	3.3	100
2010	34.9	21.3	0.1	0.1	8.6	26.3	5.9	2.8	100
2011	35.3	22.1	0.1	0.1	8.2	25.8	5.7	2.6	100
2012	35.0	21.9	0.1	0.1	8.4	26.3	5.4	2.9	100
2013	37.1	21.3	0.1	0.0	7.9	25.2	5.4	3.0	100
2014 ^(b)	39.0	21.5	0.1	0.0	7.2	23.6	5.3	3.3	100

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

(b) Provisional.

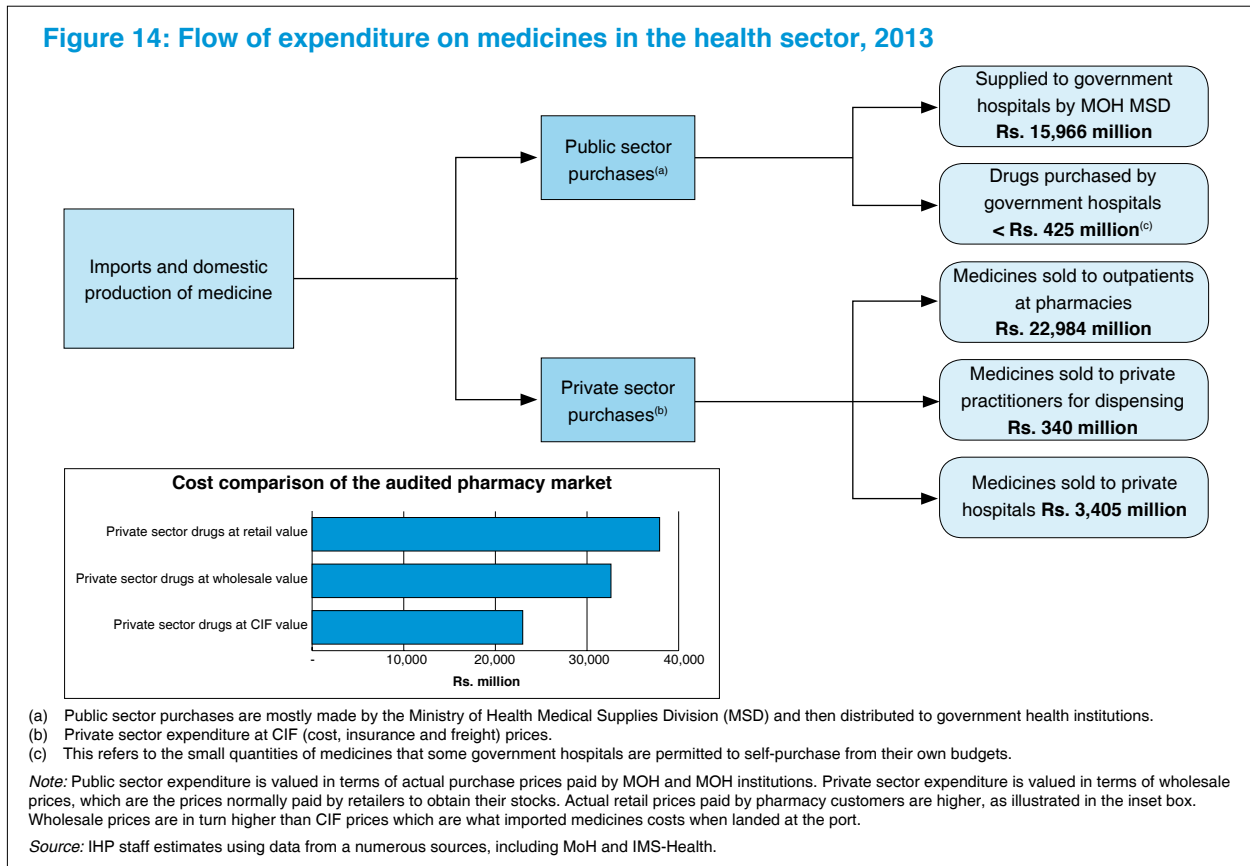
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 10: Shares of health expenditure for each function by source of financing (%), 1990–2014

Year	Medical goods dispensed to out-patients						Outpatient care		Inpatient care		Preventive care		All other functions of health care			
	Public		Private		Public		Private		Public		Private		Public		Private	
1990	83	17	18	82	5	95	18	82	17	83	90	10	55	45		
1991	81	19	17	83	8	92	17	83	19	83	91	9	49	51		
1992	81	19	17	83	11	89	17	83	19	83	90	10	47	53		
1993	82	18	15	85	18	82	15	85	18	82	90	10	41	59		
1994	82	18	17	83	13	87	17	83	18	82	87	13	40	60		
1995	82	18	17	83	15	85	17	83	18	82	87	13	38	62		
1996	81	19	16	84	13	87	16	84	19	81	86	14	37	63		
1997	80	20	17	83	14	86	17	83	20	80	84	16	35	65		
1998	80	20	19	81	16	84	19	81	20	80	84	16	34	66		
1999	77	23	19	81	14	86	19	81	23	77	80	20	32	68		
2000	79	21	21	79	18	82	21	79	21	79	76	24	43	57		
2001	77	23	22	78	14	86	22	78	23	77	74	26	44	56		
2002	75	25	23	77	13	87	23	77	25	75	72	28	41	59		
2003	72	28	21	79	12	88	21	79	28	72	71	29	39	61		
2004	71	29	23	77	13	87	23	77	29	71	77	23	46	54		
2005	73	27	24	76	12	88	24	76	27	73	76	24	27	73		
2006	77	23	30	70	16	84	30	70	23	77	78	22	23	77		
2007	77	23	30	70	14	86	30	70	23	77	80	20	23	77		
2008	76	24	28	72	14	86	28	72	24	76	80	20	24	76		
2009	76	24	29	71	13	87	29	71	24	76	80	20	25	75		
2010	75	25	27	73	11	89	27	73	25	75	80	20	21	79		
2011	76	24	26	74	11	89	26	74	24	76	81	19	21	79		
2012	74	26	26	74	10	90	26	74	26	74	82	18	21	79		
2013	75	25	26	74	14	86	26	74	25	75	84	16	23	77		
2014 ^(a)	76	24	28	72	16	84	28	72	24	76	86	14	25	75		

(a) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 14: Flow of expenditure on medicines in the health sector, 2013

4.2 Pharmaceutical expenditure

The category of expenditure reported by the SLHA as “Medical goods dispensed to outpatients” includes expenditure on providing medicines to outpatients as well as expenditure on providing other medical goods, such as eye-glasses or wheelchairs. Much of this reported expenditure involves purchases by households at pharmacies and other retail outlets. In the government sector, they include mostly spending on providing medicines distributed at outpatient dispensaries, and some other medical goods and supplies distributed from outpatient facilities. They should not be interpreted as being equivalent only to expenditure for medicines.

Furthermore, it is important to note that the expenditure on medicines included in this category only accounts for a proportion of overall expenditure on medicines in Sri Lanka’s health sector. Following international reporting standards, the SLHA does not separate out expenditure on medicines and medical supplies used for inpatient care in public and private hospitals, and this expenditure is included in the category of inpatient expenditure.

This is illustrated in Figure 14, which provides an overview of the overall expenditure on medicines in Sri Lanka’s health sector in 2013. As can be seen, other than the supplies of medicines to outpatients by pharmacies and government outpatient departments, the use of medicines by public and private hospitals and dispensing doctors is substantial. Public financing dominates the financing of medicines used in inpatient care. The expenditure by government on supplying medicines to inpatients is far greater than the amount it spends on outpatient medicines, and also greater than the amount spent on inpatients in the private sector. In considering expenditure on medicines in the private sector, it is worth noting that the flow of medicines in the private sector can be valued in different ways, depending on whether the cost is taken at the point of importation, or at the wholesalers, or at the point of sale to patients (see inset chart in Figure 14). The latter price in the case of pharmacies also includes the mark-up on medicines, which is used to cover the operating costs of running pharmacies. When making comparisons between public sector and private sector purchases, it is probably better to use the values of expenditure at wholesale prices in the private sector. The SLHA itself reports pharmacy sales at retail prices in the functional category referred to as “pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables”.

5. Health expenditure by providers



5.1 Current expenditure

The institutions and organizations where current health expenditure is incurred in order to deliver healthcare services and goods are systematically classified by provider type in the SLHA (Figure 15). This classification is based on the SHA system, with appropriate modification to the Sri Lankan context.

Four major categories of providers accounted for much of the current expenditure in 2013: hospitals (47%), providers of ambulatory health care (18%), providers of ancillary services (7%) and retailers involved in the sale and distribution of medical goods (21%). In 2014, the hospital share is estimated to have increased further to 50%. Ambulatory care providers consist mainly of the clinics of private physicians and dentists, and government outpatient facilities such as MOOH units and dispensaries. Retail distributors are predominantly private pharmacies.

Expenditure at hospitals has become the largest spending component, with its share increasing from 31% in 1990 to 47% in 2013 (Figure 16 and Table 11). The trend was largely at the expense of spending at ambulatory care providers, where the share decreased from 27% to 18%. Spending at pharmacies ranged between 19% to 24% and was 21% in 2013, and provisionally 19% in 2014.

5.2 Hospital spending

Hospital spending by source of financing

Hospital expenditure is mostly financed by public sources, but public sector financing of hospitals has shown some reduction from 84% in 1990 to 77% of the total by 2013 (Table 12 and Figure 17). Private sector financing on the other hand has increased from 16% to 23% during the same period, largely owing to increases in the turnover at private hospitals, which are exclusively financed by private expenditure (household out-of-pocket spending and private health insurance).

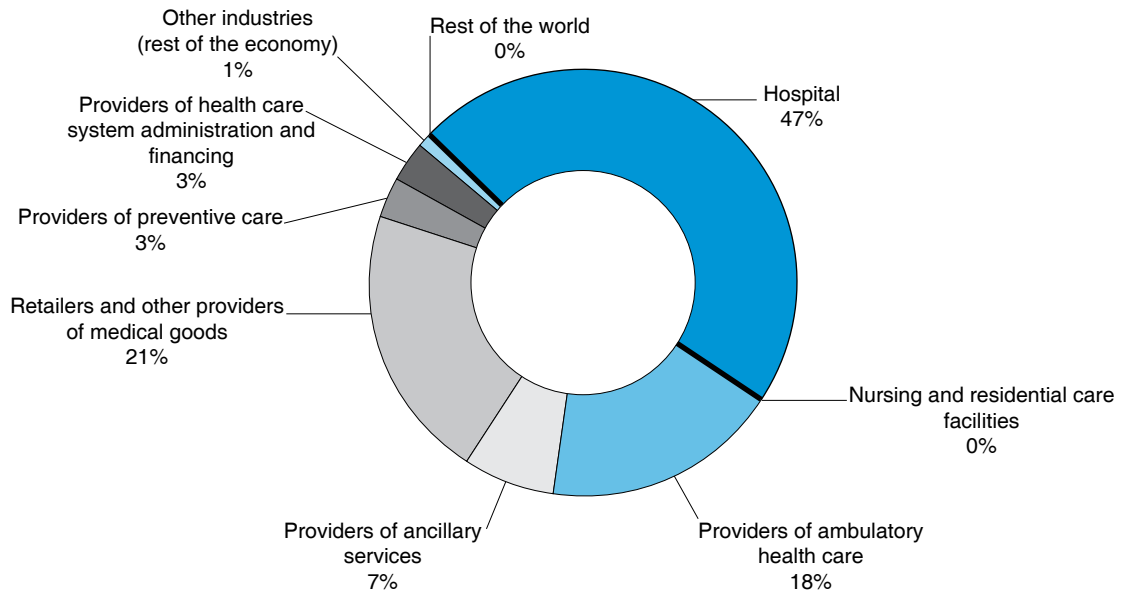
Government expenditure at hospitals is almost exclusively by MOH and PDOH, and is spent at hospitals operated by them. Over time, an increasing proportion of government hospital spending has

come from MOH (Table 13 and Table 14). This is partly due to transfers of hospitals from PDOH control to MOH control, and partly owing to faster rates of increase in spending at higher-level government hospitals, which are more likely to fall under MOH responsibility.

5.3 Non-hospital spending

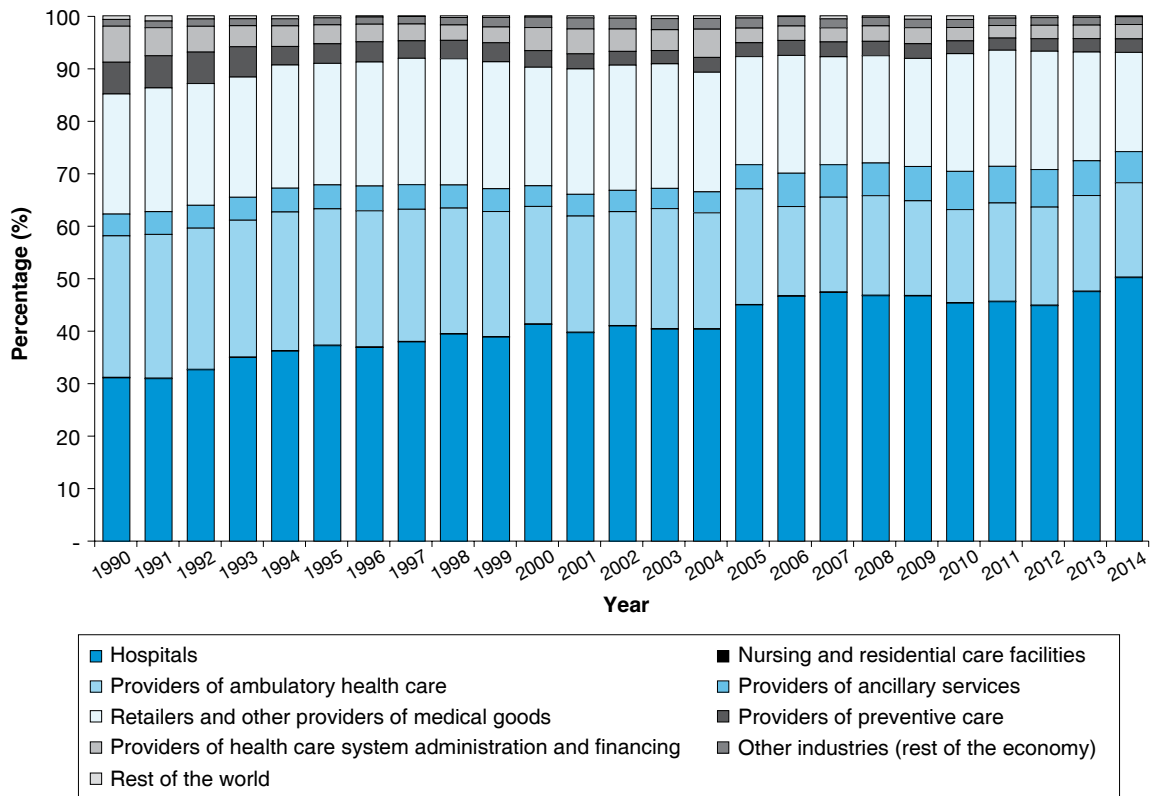
Much of non-hospital spending occurs at ambulatory providers such as physician clinics and pharmacies. Both of these have shown some decline in share, as spending on curative services has shifted to hospitals (Table 11). Of the remaining non-hospital spending, the largest components are spending by agencies involved in providing and administering public health services, which are almost exclusively MOH programmes and units (3% in 2013), and those involved in health administration (3%). Spending by agencies providing public health services has halved as a share of total current spending (from 6% in 1990 to 3% in 2013), in line with the overall slow increase in spending on public and preventive health services by the government. Government departments account for the large part of those agencies providing health administration, but this category also includes a significant amount of expenditure by private health insurance companies to administer private health insurance firms.

Figure 15 : Current expenditure by provider (%), 2013



Source: Table 11.

Figure 16: Current health expenditure by provider, 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 11.

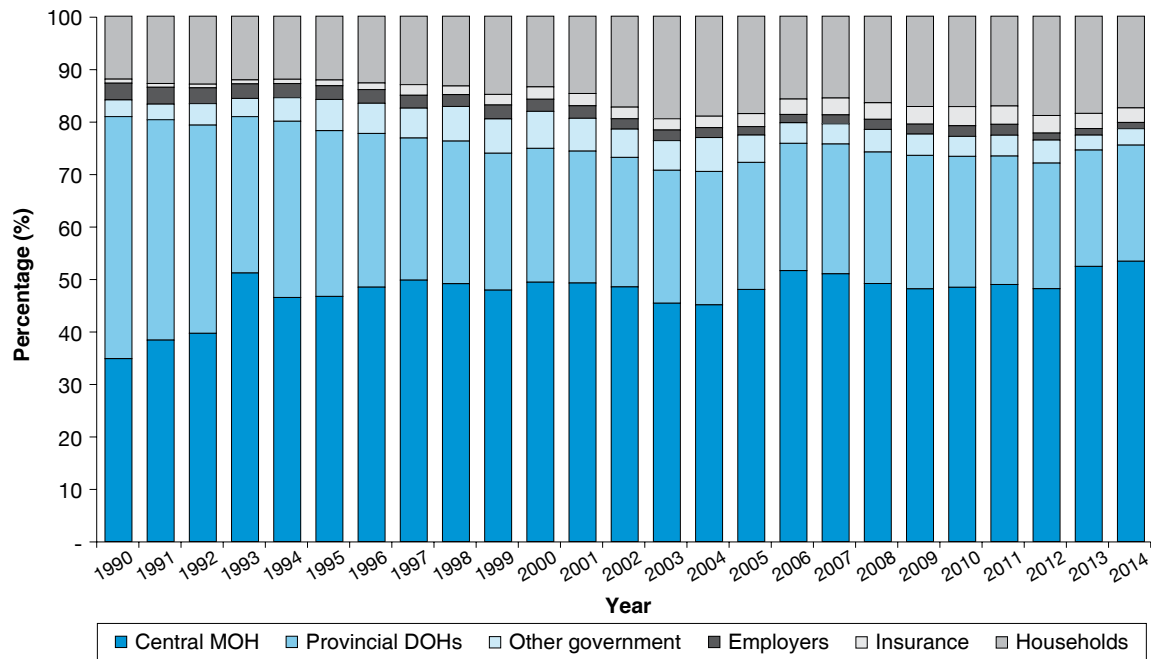
Table 11: Current health expenditure by provider, 1990-2014

Year	Hospitals		Nursing and residential care facilities		Providers of ambulatory health care		Providers of ancillary services ^(a)		Retailers and other providers of medical goods		Providers of preventive care		Providers of health care system administration and financing		Other industries (rest of the economy)		Rest of the world		Current health expenditure	
	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)
1990	3,120	31	10	0	2,704	27	416	4	2,295	23	607	6	688	7	130	1	69	1	10,039	100
1991	3,572	31	11	0	3,161	27	500	4	2,721	24	707	6	617	5	146	1	115	1	11,552	100
1992	4,279	33	11	0	3,526	27	571	4	3,041	23	786	6	644	5	184	1	79	1	13,120	100
1993	5,446	35	13	0	4,060	26	680	4	3,566	23	900	6	623	4	207	1	88	1	15,581	100
1994	6,434	36	18	0	4,694	26	806	5	4,172	23	629	4	696	4	239	1	102	1	17,791	100
1995	7,589	37	19	0	5,296	26	930	5	4,718	23	761	4	736	4	273	1	79	0	20,400	100
1996	8,630	37	25	0	6,066	26	1,106	5	5,526	24	902	4	782	3	320	1	55	0	23,413	100
1997	10,062	38	25	0	6,673	25	1,242	5	6,381	24	885	3	848	3	380	1	35	0	26,532	100
1998	12,335	39	25	0	7,484	24	1,377	4	7,520	24	1,096	4	919	3	444	1	101	0	31,302	100
1999	13,364	39	32	0	8,195	24	1,495	4	8,314	24	1,249	4	1,030	3	627	2	107	0	34,414	100
2000	16,920	41	31	0	9,179	22	1,613	4	9,253	23	1,298	3	1,802	4	817	2	100	0	41,012	100
2001	18,601	40	40	0	10,367	22	1,937	4	11,191	24	1,346	3	2,220	5	986	2	189	0	46,877	100
2002	23,085	41	50	0	12,212	22	2,286	4	13,430	24	1,478	3	2,401	4	1,163	2	253	0	56,358	100
2003	25,497	40	60	0	14,442	23	2,433	4	14,980	24	1,598	3	2,506	4	1,337	2	337	1	63,191	100
2004	30,937	40	51	0	16,945	22	3,064	4	17,459	23	2,168	3	4,122	5	1,566	2	388	1	76,699	100
2005	39,904	45	73	0	19,524	22	4,088	5	18,255	21	2,346	3	2,468	3	1,707	2	374	0	88,740	100
2006	49,344	47	89	0	17,997	17	6,711	6	23,739	22	3,022	3	2,911	3	1,904	2	152	0	105,869	100
2007	57,110	47	106	0	21,775	18	7,459	6	24,787	21	3,406	3	3,234	3	2,070	2	699	1	120,646	100
2008	64,893	47	126	0	26,335	19	8,641	6	28,369	20	3,805	3	4,085	3	2,276	2	391	0	138,921	100
2009	72,844	47	150	0	28,119	18	10,196	7	32,101	21	4,369	3	4,761	3	2,499	2	1,035	1	156,072	100
2010	79,108	45	154	0	30,933	18	12,702	7	39,119	22	4,258	2	4,441	3	2,662	2	1,228	1	174,604	100
2011	90,941	46	173	0	37,354	19	13,915	7	44,103	22	4,623	2	4,766	2	2,818	1	878	0	199,570	100
2012	101,725	45	207	0	42,377	19	16,221	7	51,108	23	5,420	2	5,794	3	3,303	1	798	0	226,953	100
2013	122,628	47	225	0	47,020	18	17,081	7	53,450	21	6,613	3	6,625	3	3,826	1	752	0	258,220	100
2014 ^(b)	145,013	50	269	0	51,976	18	17,124	6	54,608	19	7,465	3	7,895	3	4,312	1	485	0	289,147	100

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

(b) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 17: Current health expenditure at hospitals by financing source (%), 1990-2014

Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 12.

Table 12: Current health expenditure at hospitals by financing source (%), 1990–2014

Year	Public			Private			Total
	Central MOH	Provincial DOHs	Other Government	Employers	Insurance	Households	
1990	35	46	3	3	1	12	100
1991	38	42	3	3	1	13	100
1992	40	40	4	3	1	13	100
1993	51	30	3	3	1	12	100
1994	46	34	4	3	1	12	100
1995	47	32	6	3	1	12	100
1996	48	29	6	3	1	13	100
1997	50	27	6	2	2	13	100
1998	49	27	7	2	2	13	100
1999	48	26	7	3	2	15	100
2000	49	25	7	2	2	13	100
2001	49	25	6	2	2	15	100
2002	48	25	5	2	2	17	100
2003	45	25	6	2	2	20	100
2004	45	25	6	2	2	19	100
2005	48	24	5	2	2	19	100
2006	52	24	4	2	3	16	100
2007	51	25	4	2	3	16	100
2008	49	25	4	2	3	16	100
2009	48	25	4	2	3	17	100
2010	48	25	4	2	4	17	100
2011	49	24	4	2	3	17	100
2012	48	24	4	1	3	19	100
2013	52	22	3	1	3	19	100
2014 ^(a)	53	22	3	1	3	17	100

(a) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 13: MOH and PDOH current expenditure on institutions (Rs. million), 1990–2014

Year	MOH expenditure				PDOH expenditure				
	Teaching and special hospitals	Provincial and base hospitals	District hospitals	Peripheral units, rural hospitals, central dispensaries and maternity homes	MOOH units	Provincial and base hospitals	District hospitals	Peripheral units, rural hospitals, central dispensaries and maternity homes	MOOH units
1990	1,086	6	-	5	98	507	427	503	183
1991	1,342	33	-	5	138	521	451	527	191
1992	1,661	32	7	6	146	619	496	581	216
1993	2,014	443	197	141	181	605	479	537	207
1994	2,323	391	170	114	173	813	637	701	287
1995	2,839	409	189	121	218	899	729	765	305
1996	3,396	458	203	141	197	983	732	806	338
1997	4,102	468	272	182	123	923	860	935	361
1998	4,795	562	458	264	147	1,032	1,215	1,102	438
1999	5,322	521	370	215	234	1,279	1,111	1,092	455
2000	6,793	815	502	270	160	1,771	1,294	1,245	529
2001	7,633	762	526	271	197	1,893	1,451	1,325	612
2002	9,583	805	538	277	154	2,426	1,711	1,535	712
2003	9,605	798	573	314	118	2,633	1,946	1,687	776
2004	12,227	929	490	287	601	3,852	2,041	1,934	1,056
2005	17,535	1,048	370	208	656	5,225	2,159	2,238	1,233
2006	20,705	2,830	1,337	659	712	5,834	3,231	2,888	1,418
2007	25,541	2,090	1,035	486	1,031	6,864	3,891	3,328	1,634
2008	27,359	2,926	993	714	971	8,894	3,198	4,147	1,810
2009	30,308	3,186	587	1,085	1,338	9,927	1,859	6,711	1,900
2010	34,609	2,575	410	829	1,082	11,134	1,490	7,088	1,997
2011	40,287	2,964	457	952	1,579	12,617	1,678	7,932	2,198
2012	44,547	3,106	500	960	1,483	13,960	1,866	8,466	2,419
2013	57,514	4,749	732	1,379	1,809	15,828	2,204	9,092	2,636
2014 ^(a)	69,043	5,689	1,054	1,652	2,167	18,657	2,598	10,718	3,108

(a) Provisional.

Notes

1. Excludes all military health provider institutions.
 2. District hospitals, Peripheral units and rural hospitals have been re-classified as divisional hospital categories A, B and C under the revised MoH classification of government health care facilities, but the earlier classification is retained in this table to facilitate comparisons over time.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 14: MOH and PDOH current expenditure on institutions (%), 1990–2014

Year	Total (Rs. million)	Teaching and special hospitals	Provincial and base hospitals	District hospitals	Peripheral units, rural hospitals, central dispensaries and maternity homes	MOOH units
1990	2,814	39	18	15	18	10
1991	3,208	42	17	14	17	10
1992	3,765	44	17	13	16	10
1993	4,805	42	22	14	14	8
1994	5,610	41	21	14	15	8
1995	6,474	44	20	14	14	8
1996	7,254	47	20	13	13	7
1997	8,225	50	17	14	14	6
1998	10,013	48	16	17	14	6
1999	10,598	50	17	14	12	6
2000	13,379	51	19	13	11	5
2001	14,671	52	18	13	11	6
2002	17,741	54	18	13	10	5
2003	18,449	52	19	14	11	5
2004	23,417	52	20	11	9	7
2005	30,671	57	20	8	8	6
2006	39,613	52	22	12	9	5
2007	45,900	56	20	11	8	6
2008	51,013	54	23	8	10	5
2009	56,900	53	23	4	14	6
2010	61,214	57	22	3	13	5
2011	70,664	57	22	3	13	5
2012	77,307	58	22	3	12	5
2013	95,943	60	21	3	11	5
2014 ^(a)	114,684	60	21	3	11	5

(a) Provisional.

Notes

1. Excludes all military health provider institutions.

2. District hospitals, Peripheral units and rural hospitals have been re-classified as divisional hospital categories A, B and C under the revised MoH classification of government health care facilities, but the earlier classification is retained in this table to facilitate comparisons over time.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

6. Health expenditure by province and district



6.1 Trends in current and government provincial spending

The Sri Lanka health accounts disaggregate health expenditure by province wherever possible, for all years since 1990. This report provides district estimates for public per person expenditure for 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2011–2014. The basis on which expenditure is assigned to a province or a district is given in Box 1, and users should apply appropriate caution when interpreting or using these statistics.

Excluding expenditure spent on national collective services and all-island wide personal medical services, 92% of current expenditure in 2013 can be located by province. Of these, the Western Province incurred the highest volume of expenditure, while the Northern Province incurred the lowest (Table 15). For years prior to 2005, the Eastern and Northern Provinces are treated as one unit for reporting purposes but, as indicated by the statistics for 2005–2014, spending in the Eastern Province was greater in those years than in the Northern Province.

Much of these differences in the volume of spending by province can be explained by the differences in population of each province. Table 16 presents the trends in per capita government health expenditure by province. This shows that the public per capita health expenditure was lower in the Sabaragamuwa and North-Western Provinces than in the rest of the country. However, it should be noted that much of the government expenditure in the Western Province is at teaching and specialized hospitals where a significant but unquantifiable percentage of patients are referred from other provinces.

Owing to deterioration in the availability and quality of data from conflict areas during previous years, the estimates of public per capita spending in the Northern and Eastern Provinces are subject to considerable uncertainty and lack of reliability. The major reason for this is the lack of reliable and accurate population estimates for most districts in these two provinces during the past two decades. These statistics, especially those for per capita spending, should be used with caution.

Box 1: Basis for geographical distribution of expenditure

In the SLHA framework, expenditure is allocated geographically according to the area in which the benefiting individuals reside. If a person receives healthcare treatment in a district outside the one where he/she normally lives, the expenditure should be allocated to the district where he/she originates. However, only for a few expenditure items does the available data readily identify the area of residence of those receiving services. In practice, for most of the expenditure items assumptions are necessary in order to estimate the relevant areas and, in many cases, owing to the scarcity of data, the expenditure can only be allocated to the district in which the services are provided. The latter is particularly the case with expenditure at government health facilities and private hospitals, where the current SLHA estimates assume that those using the services at any facility reside in the same district. This is an approximation, since for example many patients at government hospitals in Colombo come from other districts. Such limitations in the methods should be borne in mind when using these statistics.

Sometimes, not all health expenditure can be directly or usefully assigned to a province or district. This is particularly the case for expenditure on public or collective health services, which benefit large numbers of people, and not specific individuals, and for expenditure to treat patients from certain populations such as the military. Consequently, the SLHA geographical estimates are based on the following principles:

- (i) Expenditure that is for the benefit of individuals or the population residing in a specific province is classified as expenditure in that province.
- (ii) Expenditure for programmes with the specific purpose of providing personal medical services to individuals employed in the armed forces or police or individuals resident in prison institutions are classified as national level expenditure (as these individuals cannot be regarded as part of the normal population of a province and because it is not practical to make such disaggregation).
- (iii) Expenditure that is for the collective benefit of national or provincial populations is classified as national or provincial-level collective expenditure. Examples include the cost of maintaining the MOH headquarters and certain national or provincial-level public health programmes such as health education for HIV/AIDS.

Table 15: Current health expenditure by province (Rs. million), 1990–2014

Year	Western	Central	Southern	Northern ^(a)	Eastern ^(a)	North-Western	North-Central	Uva	Sabaragamuwa
1990	4,003	962	1,208	589		798	576	382	576
1991	4,723	1,095	1,369	619		912	639	416	655
1992	5,465	1,263	1,523	679		1,033	707	460	739
1993	6,546	1,463	1,811	855		1,235	831	547	884
1994	7,554	1,734	2,112	938		1,495	993	659	1,067
1995	8,682	1,989	2,320	1,089		1,681	1,100	698	1,243
1996	10,053	2,249	2,700	1,225		1,896	1,204	777	1,422
1997	11,510	2,542	3,096	1,387		2,239	1,304	844	1,622
1998	13,538	2,983	3,474	1,795		2,567	1,620	1,040	1,885
1999	15,032	3,253	3,770	1,841		2,868	1,673	1,093	2,040
2000	17,452	3,786	4,303	2,293		3,384	1,957	1,299	2,345
2001	20,031	4,362	4,971	2,651		3,815	2,172	1,516	2,669
2002	24,508	5,172	6,002	3,230		4,569	2,480	1,962	3,144
2003	27,358	5,849	6,740	3,642		4,934	2,625	2,219	3,638
2004	34,795	6,448	7,713	4,060		5,855	3,085	2,531	4,036
2005	39,055	8,364	9,571	2,283	3,127	7,148	3,011	3,220	4,987
2006	44,736	10,165	11,438	2,809	4,178	8,896	4,086	4,070	6,070
2007	50,776	11,646	13,080	3,233	5,091	9,929	5,052	4,578	6,809
2008	59,079	13,364	15,024	3,585	6,112	11,569	5,846	5,232	7,914
2009	66,006	14,650	17,010	4,148	7,076	12,684	6,584	5,871	8,566
2010	75,299	16,386	19,486	4,620	7,987	14,169	6,996	6,528	9,556
2011	86,517	18,458	22,205	5,411	8,994	16,126	8,256	7,489	10,792
2012	100,913	20,104	24,857	6,233	9,951	17,774	9,387	8,320	12,040
2013	114,108	22,516	27,426	7,504	10,763	20,654	11,089	9,996	13,946
2014 ^(b)	127,228	25,462	29,901	8,666	12,194	22,861	12,612	11,367	15,446

(a) Prior to 2007, the Northern and Eastern Provinces functioned as a single administrative unit: the North-East Provincial Council. Consequently, many administrative data sources only reported expenditure for the two provinces combined, and currently it is not feasible to estimate the distribution of spending between the two provinces for earlier years. Consequently, the table displays the expenditure as estimated for both provinces combined for years prior to 2005.

(b) Provisional.

Note: The total of all the provincial spending reported in this table does not equate to CHE, as spending on on all-island wide personal medical services and national collective services are not included.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table 16: Public current health expenditure per capita by province (Rs.), 1990–2014

Year	Western	Central	Southern	Northern ^(a)	Eastern ^(a)	North-Western	North-Central	Uva	Sabaragamuwa
1990	258	206	204	197		177	256	206	146
1991	294	228	216	197		183	263	212	150
1992	353	267	240	210		202	290	233	166
1993	434	302	296	271		240	347	284	201
1994	472	362	352	284		302	435	353	251
1995	537	415	371	327		329	476	359	301
1996	589	449	437	357		343	489	391	330
1997	640	496	517	394		424	511	410	374
1998	762	595	576	504		477	717	539	445
1999	785	639	614	494		536	704	547	476
2000	954	774	711	635		677	893	671	573
2001	1,018	874	775	691		717	958	771	634
2002	1,202	1,040	927	823		858	1,066	1,038	743
2003	1,231	1,178	979	820		855	1,082	1,148	889
2004	1,891	1,231	1,049	906		1,042	1,319	1,270	925
2005	1,943	1,855	1,531	1,642	1,260	1,405	1,122	1,706	1,294
2006	2,258	2,350	1,900	2,042	1,807	1,858	1,835	2,219	1,638
2007	2,605	2,747	2,155	2,296	2,301	2,047	2,484	2,475	1,864
2008	2,852	3,117	2,421	2,534	2,707	2,317	2,831	2,749	2,157
2009	3,071	3,437	2,688	2,858	3,114	2,479	3,189	3,071	2,290
2010	3,243	3,716	2,942	3,149	3,479	2,540	3,133	3,264	2,410
2011	3,636	4,123	3,428	3,746	3,846	2,882	3,683	3,722	2,735
2012	3,939	4,450	3,698	4,287	4,188	2,970	4,086	4,151	3,017
2013	4,741	5,104	4,433	5,371	4,654	3,877	5,164	5,300	3,839
2014 ^(b)	5,664	6,032	5,232	6,334	5,441	4,558	6,073	6,253	4,528

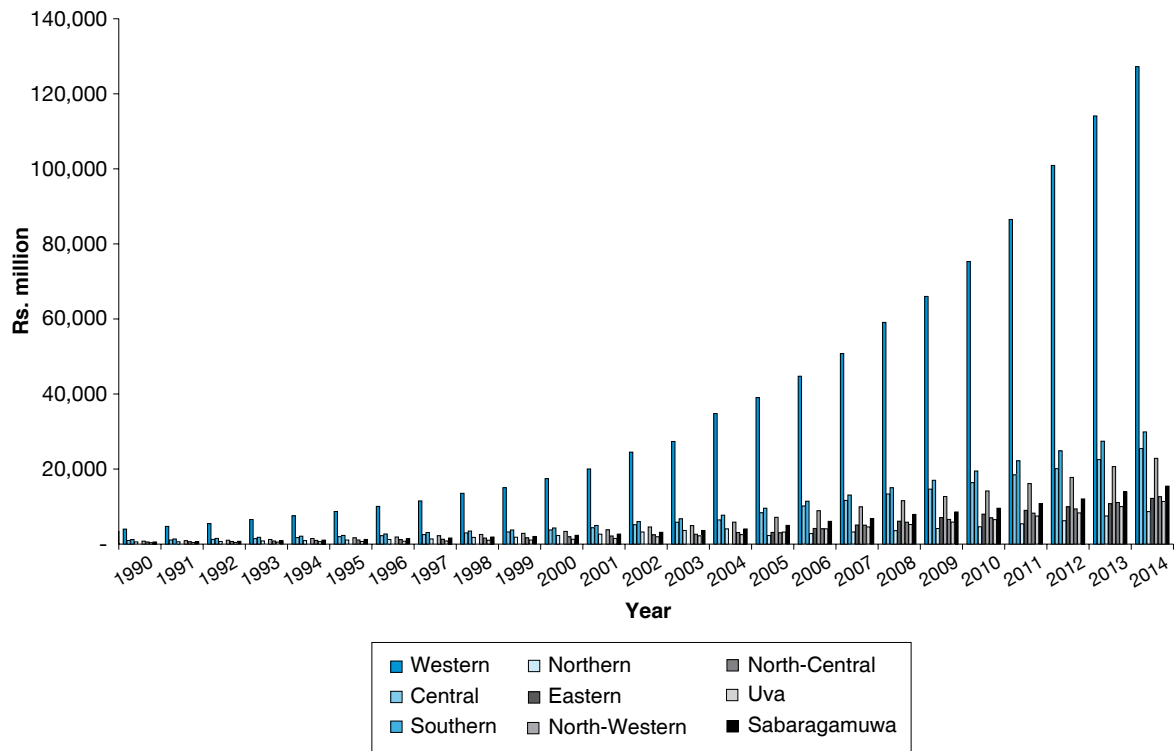
(a) Prior to 2007, the Northern and Eastern Provinces functioned as a single administrative unit: the North-East Provincial Council. Consequently, many administrative data sources only reported expenditure for the two provinces combined, and currently it is not feasible to estimate the distribution of spending between the two provinces for earlier years. Consequently, the table displays the expenditure as estimated for both provinces combined for years prior to 2005.

(b) Provisional.

Notes

1. Population figures used for provincial calculations were derived as follows: Census data for mid year population was used for 1981, 2001 and 2012. Time series from 1981 to 2012 was estimated based on population growth for inter-census years.
2. The total of all the provincial spending reported in this table does not equate to CHE, as spending on all-island wide personal medical services and national collective services are not included.
3. Per capita estimates for the Northern and Eastern Provinces are not reliable due to large uncertainties in the statistics for provincial populations.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 18: Current health expenditure by province (Rs. million), 1990–2014**Notes**

1. Northern and Eastern Provinces are represented as a merged province for the years prior to 2005. Therefore, the column representing the Northern Province is in fact the merged province of North and East for the years prior to 2005.

2. 2014 estimates are provisional.

Source: Table 15.

6.2 Provincial expenditure by source

Financing from private sources accounted for the bulk of expenditure in the Western, Southern, North-Western and Sabaragamuwa Provinces (Table 17 and Figure 19). Most of this variation is explained by private spending for outpatient care, and medical goods dispensed to outpatients. Spending in the Uva Province was mostly public, while in the Central, North-Central and Sabaragamuwa Provinces it was mostly private in the early 1990s, and became more public towards the end of the time period under review.

In the Western Province, the share of private spending has increased over time reaching 75% by 2013, while the share of private spending fell from 53% in 1990 in the Central Province to 41%. A similar decline is observed in the North-Central Province where the private share decreased from 57% to 40% during the same period.

It can be seen from Figure 20 that per capita spending by private sources in 2013 was comparatively high

in the Western, Southern and North-Western Provinces. The highest total per capita private spending in 2013 was estimated at Rs. 14,566 in the Western Province. Figure 21 shows that public sector health expenditure on a per capita basis was highest in the Northern and Uva Province, while the Sabaragamuwa and North-Western Provinces had the lowest level.

Table 17: Shares of current health expenditure by province and financing source (%), 1990-2014

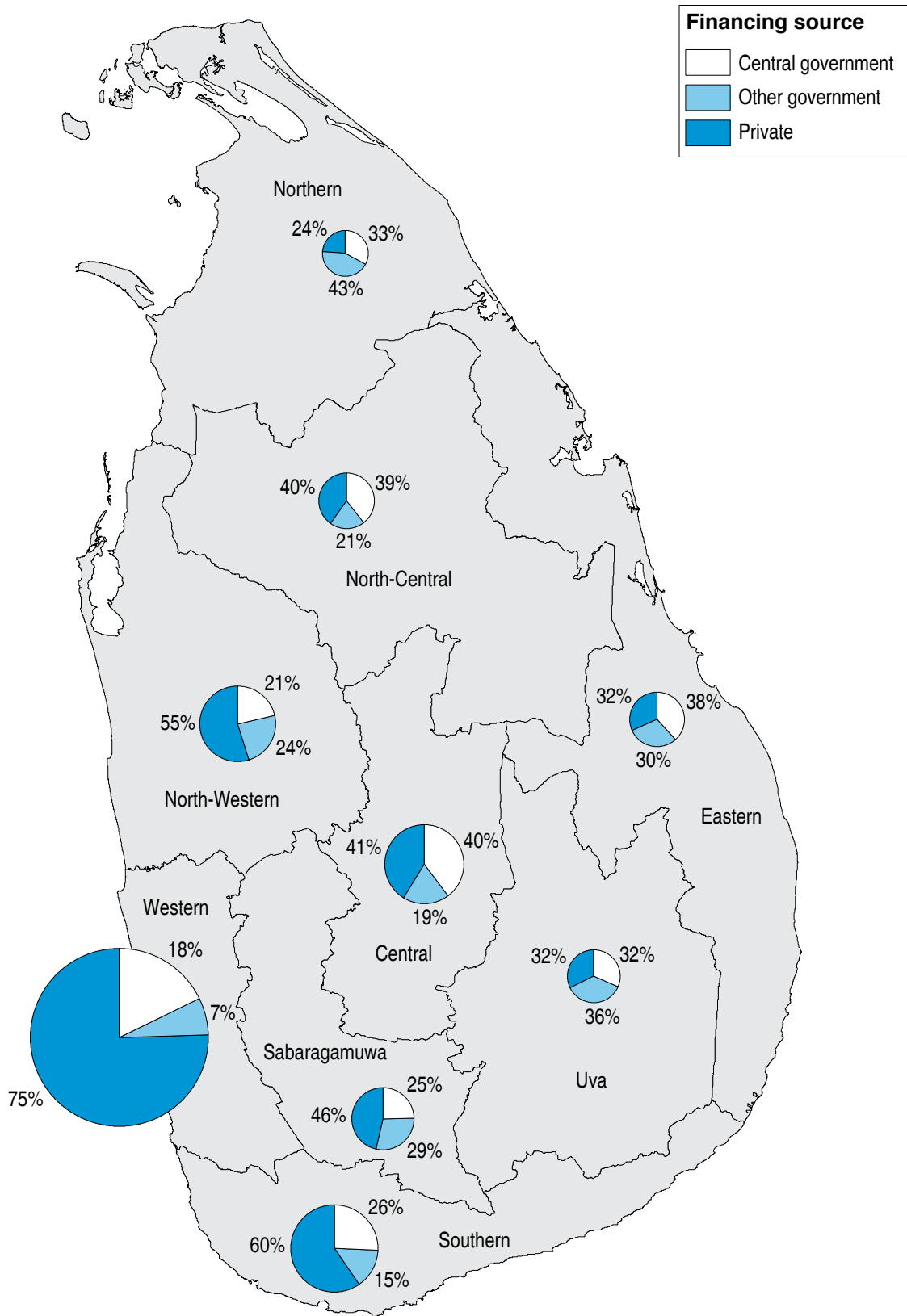
Year	Western		Central		Southern		Northern ^(a)		Eastern ^(a)		North-Western		North-Central		Uva		Sabaragamuwa	
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
1990	29	71	47	53	35	65	74		26		42	58	43	57	55	45	41	59
1991	29	71	46	54	33	67	71		29		39	61	40	60	53	47	38	62
1992	30	70	47	53	33	67	70		30		38	62	40	60	53	47	37	63
1993	31	69	47	53	35	65	72		28		38	62	42	58	55	45	38	62
1994	30	70	47	53	36	64	70		30		40	60	44	56	58	42	40	60
1995	30	70	48	52	34	66	70		30		40	60	44	56	56	44	41	59
1996	29	71	46	54	35	65	69		31		37	63	42	58	56	44	40	60
1997	28	72	46	54	37	63	68		32		39	61	41	59	54	46	40	60
1998	29	71	47	53	37	63	70		30		39	61	47	53	59	41	41	59
1999	27	73	47	53	36	64	66		34		40	60	46	54	57	43	41	59
2000	29	71	49	51	37	63	68		32		43	57	50	50	60	40	44	56
2001	27	73	49	51	36	64	65		35		41	59	49	51	60	40	43	57
2002	27	73	49	51	35	65	64		36		41	59	48	52	63	37	43	57
2003	25	75	49	51	34	66	60		40		38	62	47	53	62	38	45	55
2004	30	70	47	53	32	68	59		41		40	60	49	51	60	40	42	58
2005	28	72	55	45	38	62	76	24	59	41	44	56	43	57	64	36	48	52
2006	28	72	58	42	39	61	77	23	63	37	47	53	53	47	66	34	50	50
2007	29	71	59	41	39	61	77	23	66	34	47	53	59	41	66	34	51	49
2008	27	73	59	41	39	61	75	25	66	34	46	54	59	41	65	35	51	49
2009	27	73	59	41	38	62	76	24	67	33	45	55	60	40	65	35	51	49
2010	25	75	58	42	37	63	74	26	66	34	42	58	55	45	63	37	48	52
2011	24	76	57	43	38	62	74	26	67	33	42	58	56	44	63	37	49	51
2012	23	77	57	43	37	63	74	26	66	34	40	60	56	44	63	37	48	52
2013	25	75	59	41	40	60	76	24	68	32	45	55	60	40	68	32	54	46
2014 ^(b)	27	73	62	38	44	56	78	22	71	29	48	52	63	37	71	29	57	43

(a) Prior to 2007, the Northern and Eastern Provinces functioned as a single administrative unit: the North-East Provincial Council. Consequently, many administrative data sources only reported expenditure for the two provinces combined, and currently it is not feasible to estimate the distribution of spending between the two provinces for earlier years. Consequently, the table displays the expenditure as estimated for both provinces combined for years prior to 2005.

(b) Provisional.

Note: Shares computed excluding donor spending.
Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Figure 19: Current health expenditure by financing source and province (% of total), 2013



Notes

1. Excludes expenditure on all-island wide personal medical services and national collective services (See Box 1).
2. The size of the pies are representative of the value of CHE.

6.3 Hospital expenditure by province

Figure 22 presents expenditure on hospitals in public and private sectors for each province. Expenditure at private hospitals was highest in the Western Province as would be expected due to the high concentration of hospitals in Colombo, followed by the Central and Southern Provinces.

6.4 District expenditure

IHP continues to work on disaggregating the SLHA estimates by district, but this remains a work in progress owing to continuing data limitations. As in previous reports, this publication provides estimates of public expenditures by district (Table 18). The Northern and Eastern Provinces were administered as one unit for earlier years with a single Provincial Council administration. Consequently, many administrative data sources only reported expenditure for the two provinces combined, and it is not currently feasible to estimate the distribution of spending between the two provinces for the years prior to 2005. Disaggregation of spending at district level in the Northern and Eastern Provinces remains difficult, partly due to uncertainties over the size of district populations, and so for these provinces estimates are made only at provincial level. On a per capita basis, the highest government spending was in Colombo followed by Kandy (Figure 23).

District-level estimates for private expenditure have been prepared on an experimental basis and published in this report for the year 2013. Estimates of expenditure at private hospitals and expenditure on pharmaceutical purchases at pharmacies and other retail outlets are presented in Figure 24 and Figure 25.

Expenditure at private hospitals was assigned to the district where the facility is located, assuming that those using the services reside in the same district. Current SLHA district allocation of expenditure at government health facilities and private hospitals is based on this assumption owing to scarcity of data on actual residence of beneficiary. The highest expenditure at private hospitals was in Colombo followed by Gampaha, Kandy, Galle and Matara. The lowest levels of expenditure were in Hambantota, Mannar, Mullaitivu, Killinochchi and

Nuwara Eliya districts, which have either no private hospitals or a low number.

District-level estimates of private expenditure on pharmaceutical purchases at pharmacies and other retail outlets are presented in Figure 25. District allocation of expenditure was computed based on the information available at the household level using the HIES conducted by DCS. The highest level of expenditure was in Gampaha and Colombo while the second highest level was in Kalutara. Other than the districts in Northern and Eastern Provinces, Moneragala also showed the lowest level of expenditure on pharmaceutical purchases at pharmacies and other retail outlets in 2013.

Table 18: Public current health expenditure per capita by district (Rs.), 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2011-2014

Province/District	Year								
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2011	2012	2013	2014 ^(c)	
Western	258	537	954	1,943	3,636	3,939	4,741	5,664	
Colombo	323	686	1,393	2,930	5,397	5,778	7,278	8,673	
Gampaha	128	269	548	1,075	2,164	2,389	2,707	3,264	
Kalutara	152	349	523	1,136	2,362	2,611	6,802	3,487	
Central	206	415	774	1,855	4,123	4,450	5,104	6,032	
Kandy	220	498	1,078	2,576	5,550	5,875	6,802	8,043	
Matale	128	226	569	1,338	2,985	3,310	3,626	4,250	
Nuwara Eliya	93	162	350	851	2,151	2,471	2,817	3,334	
Southern	204	371	711	1,531	3,428	4,433	4,433	5,232	
Galle	180	358	869	1,883	4,129	4,412	5,415	6,410	
Matara	137	274	556	1,328	2,795	3,050	3,590	4,240	
Hambantota	135	213	640	1,172	3,042	3,312	3,840	4,497	
North-East ^(a)	197	286	448	–	–	–	–	–	
Northern	–	–	–	1,642	3,746	4,287	5,371	6,334	
Jaffna ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	4,321	5,680	6,650	
Mannar ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	5,047	5,979	7,297	
Vavuniya ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	4,477	4,845	5,646	
Mullaitivu ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	5,129	6,464	7,793	
Killinochchi ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	2,472	3,169	5,878	
Eastern	–	–	–	1,260	3,846	4,188	4,654	5,441	
Batticaloa ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	4,204	4,966	5,878	
Ampara ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	4,551	4,952	5,788	
Trincomalee ^(b)	–	–	–	–	–	3,545	3,727	4,283	
North-Western	177	329	677	1,405	2,882	2,970	3,877	4,558	
Kurunegala	126	256	754	1,562	3,178	3,355	4,267	5,011	
Puttalam	111	190	518	1,079	2,255	2,154	3,049	3,592	
North-Central	256	476	893	1,122	3,683	4,086	5,164	6,073	
Anuradhapura	184	352	816	1,025	3,733	4,168	5,246	6,172	
Polonnaruwa	187	367	1,054	1,323	3,577	3,912	4,989	5,863	
Uva	206	359	671	1,706	3,722	4,151	5,300	6,253	
Badulla	159	303	694	1,950	4,031	4,498	5,805	6,872	
Moneragala	144	227	625	1,239	3,160	3,524	4,394	5,151	
Sabaragamuwa	146	301	573	1,294	2,735	3,017	3,839	4,528	
Ratnapura	125	278	603	1,330	2,832	3,128	4,076	4,810	
Kegalle	94	179	537	1,257	2,680	2,946	3,596	4,231	

(a) Prior to 2007, the Northern and Eastern Provinces functioned as a single administrative unit: the North-East Provincial Council. Consequently, many administrative data sources only reported expenditure for the two provinces combined, and currently it is not feasible to estimate the distribution of spending between the two provinces for earlier years. The table displays the expenditure as estimated for both provinces combined for years prior to 2005.

(b) District level per capita estimates of the Northern and Eastern Provinces for 2005–2011 are not reliable due to large uncertainties in the statistics for district populations. These limitations mean that it is not possible to provide individual district estimates for the Northern and Eastern Provinces for 2005–2011. District level estimates of Northern and Eastern Provinces in 2012 were computed based on 2012 census data on mid year population.

(c) Provisional.

Notes

1. Population figures used for provincial calculations were derived as follows: Census data for mid year population was used for 1981, 2001 and 2012. Time series from 1981 to 2012 was estimated based on population growth for inter-census years.

2. The total of all the district spending reported in this table does not equate to CHE, as spending on all-island wide personal medical services and national collective services are not included.

3. "–" represents that an estimate is not available for the year.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

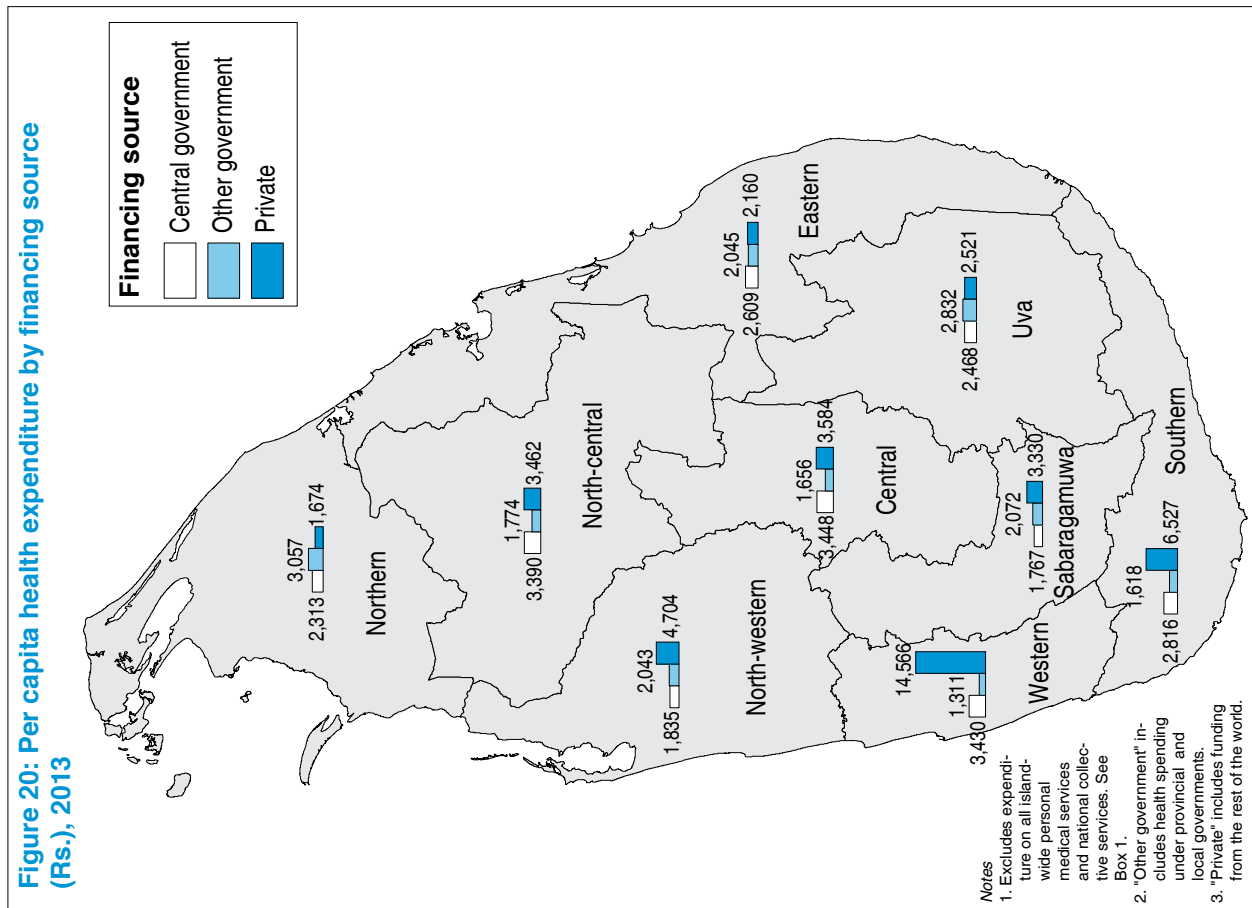
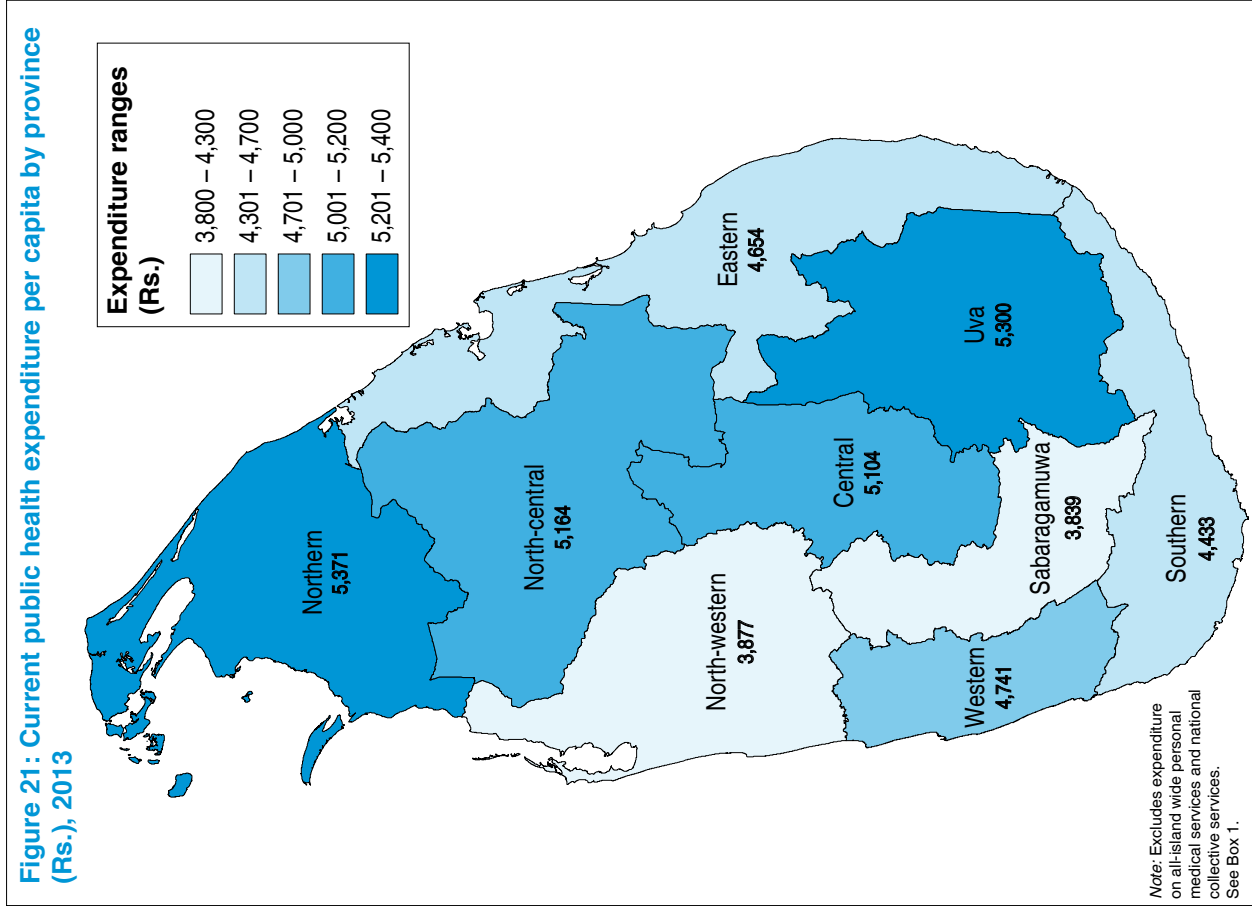


Figure 23: Public health expenditure per capita by district (Rs.), 2013

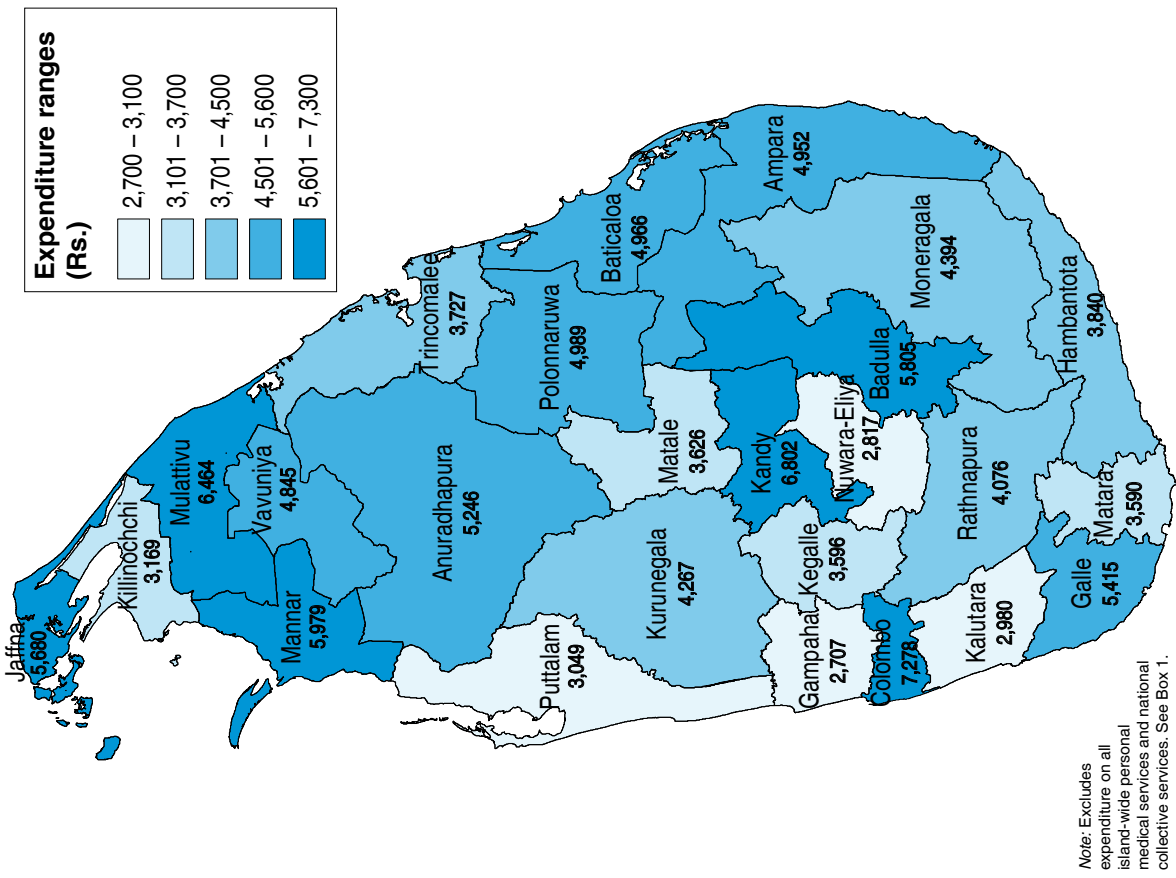
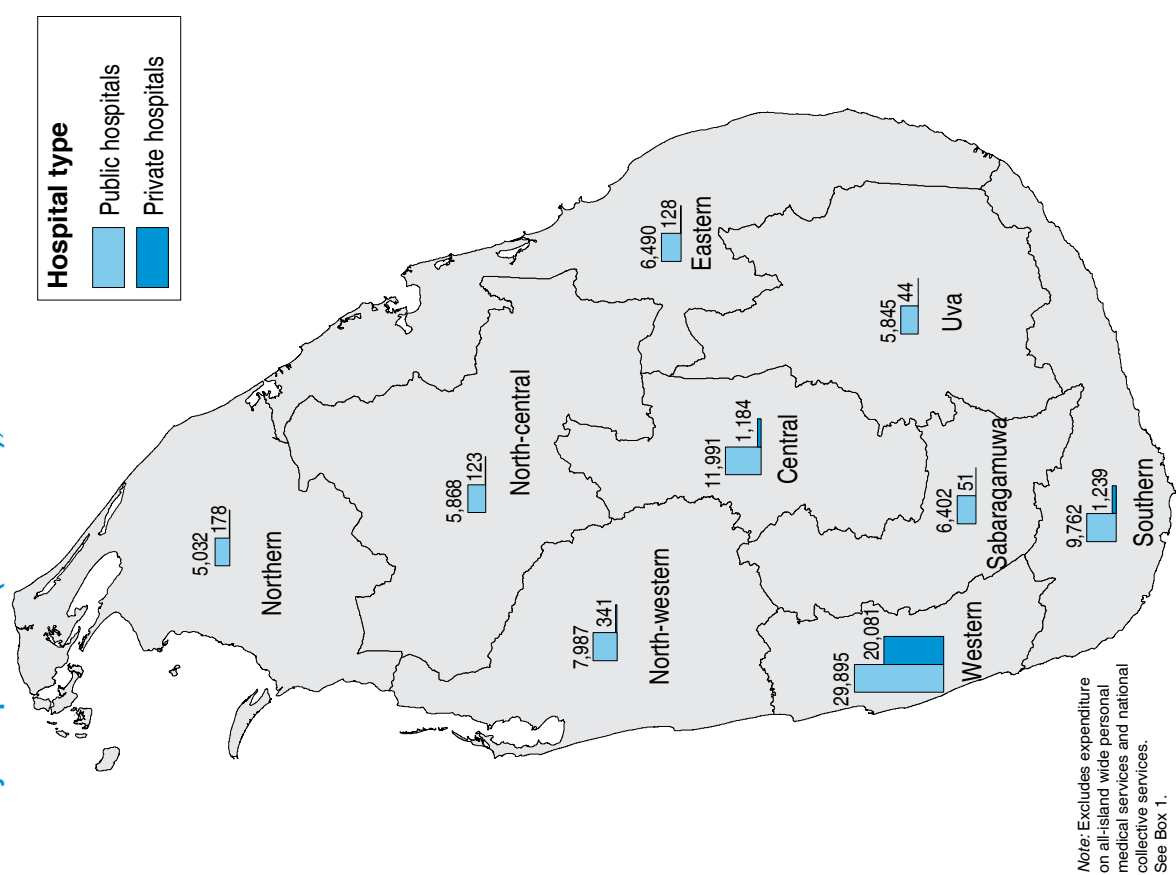
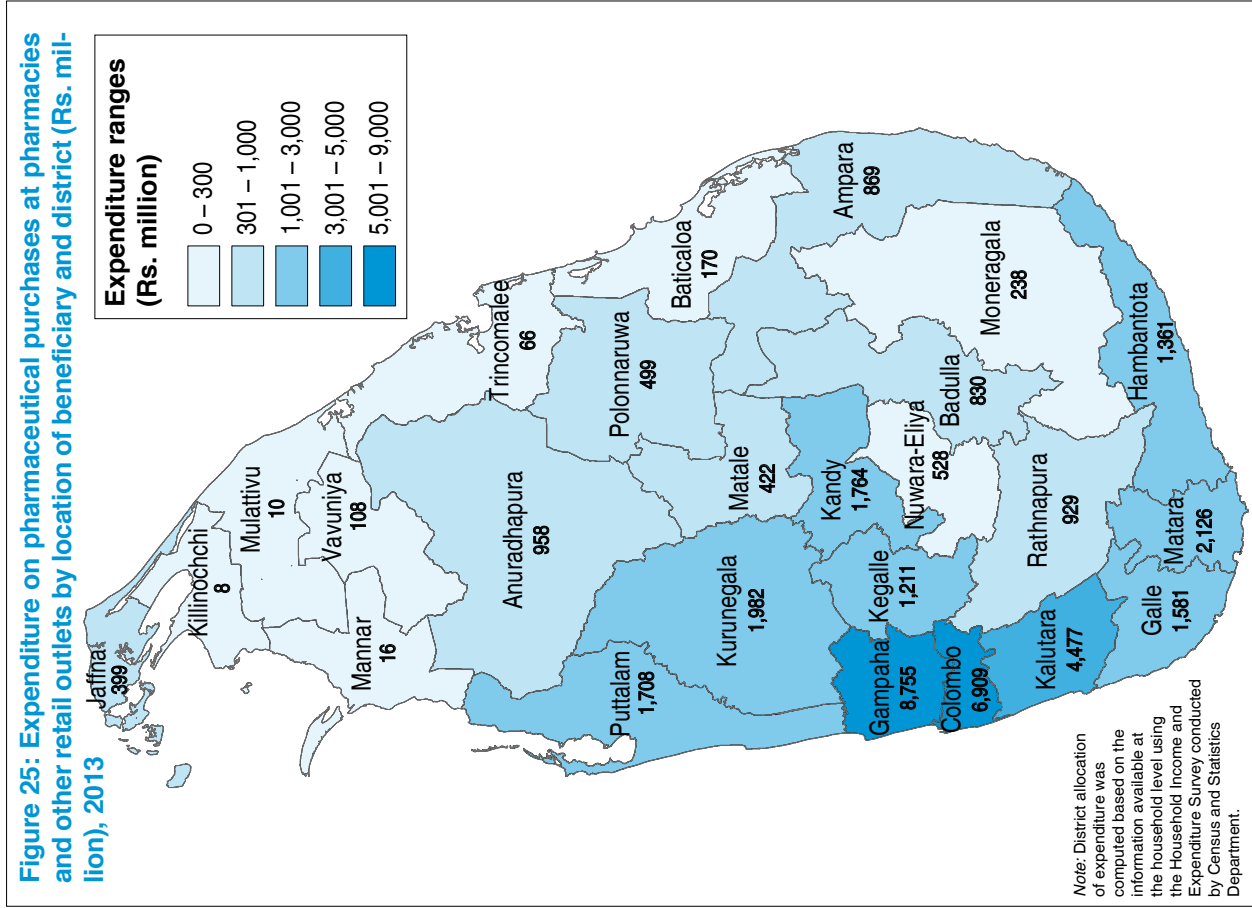
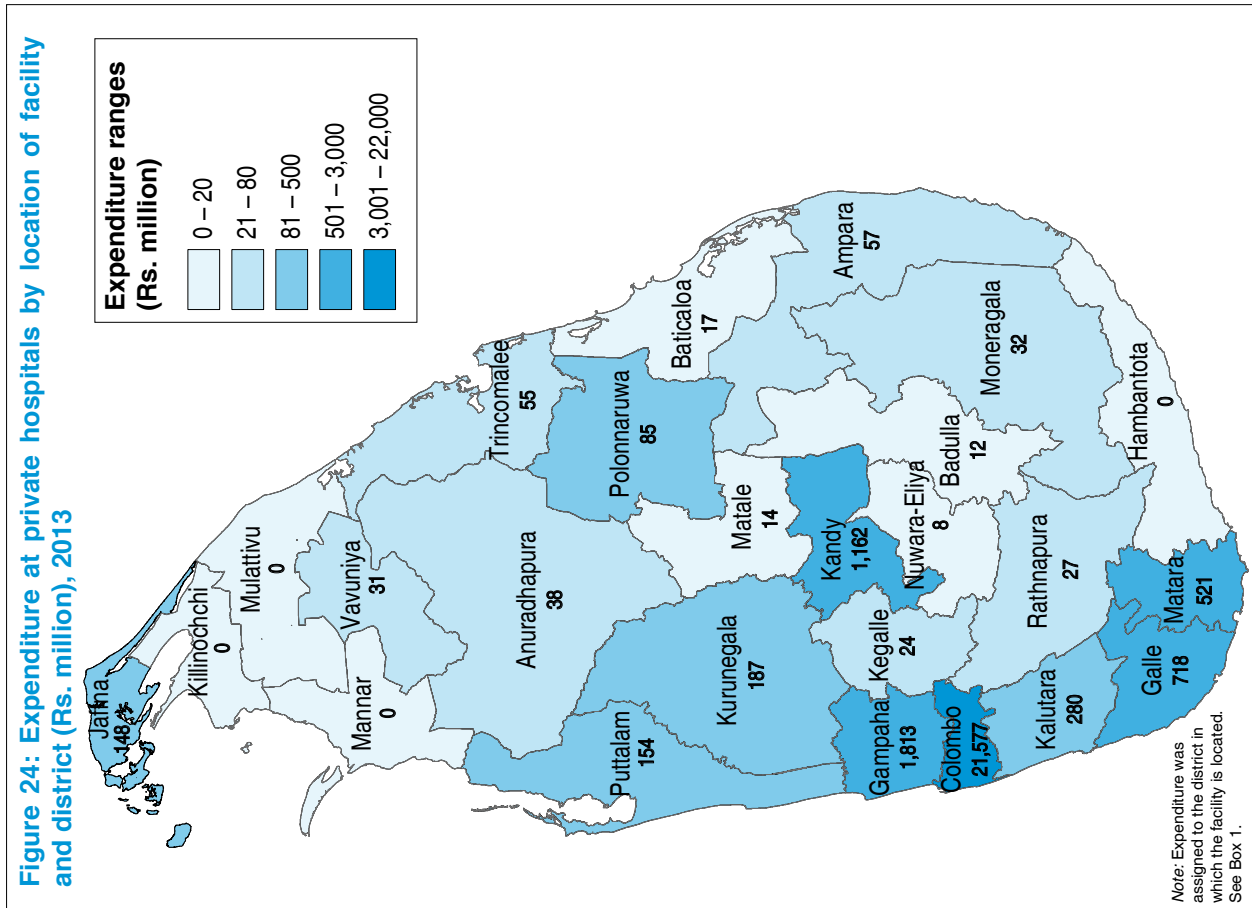


Figure 22: Expenditure at public and private hospitals by location of facility and province (Rs. million), 2013





7. Revenues of health care financing

7.1 Trends in revenues of financing

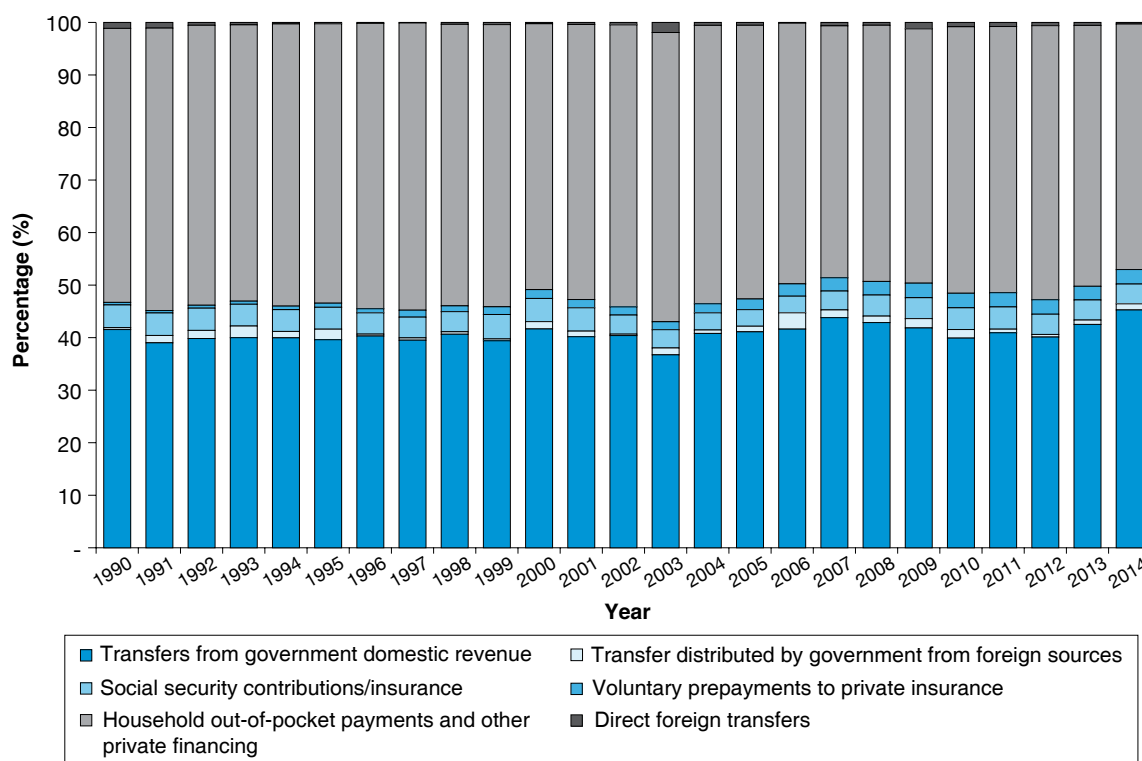
In this revision, the SLHA is extended to show from which sources financing schemes and institutions obtain their funding. These are classified as revenues of financing following the SHA 2011 framework. This presentation shows how much revenue is collected in different ways and through which entities that revenue or financing is channelled.

Transfers from government domestic revenue refers to government health financing that is funded from taxation; this includes taxes and other non-tax revenues of government at all levels, including central, provincial and local. Transfers distributed by government from foreign sources refers to grants provided by foreign entities, such as development partners, that are used by any level of government to finance the health sector. This category of spending does not include loans taken by government for financing health, which ultimately have to be paid back by government using its tax resources. Social security contributions refer to all compulsory payments that provide an entitlement to receive future social benefit. In Sri Lanka these consist of reimbursements of health care payments made through Employees Trust Fund, Agraphara insurance, enterprise direct payments and

reimbursements for health. Voluntary prepayments to private insurance consist of premiums paid by companies and households to insurance companies to obtain medical insurance coverage. Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing refer to household, and non-profit sector payments. Direct foreign transfers refers to grants provided by foreign entities, such as development agencies or NGOs, that are provided directly to financing schemes or institutions without passing through government. In Sri Lanka these mainly consist of funding provided by official multilateral or UN agencies and official bilateral agencies from countries such as Japan and Korea.

Transfers from government domestic revenue accounted for 43% of current health expenditure in 2013, predominantly general tax revenue collected by central government. This share is provisionally estimated to have increased to 45% in 2014. Transfers distributed by government from foreign sources was 1% while direct foreign transfers was also 1% in 2013 (Table 19). Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing were 50% and voluntary prepayments for private insurance were 3% of current expenditure on health in 2013, with the household/other private contribution falling to 47% in 2014 (provisional estimates).

Figure 26: Current health expenditure by revenues of financing (%), 1990–2014



Note: 2014 estimates are provisional.
Source: Table 19.

Table 19: Current expenditure by revenues of financing schemes, 1990–2014

Year	Transfers from government domestic revenue		Transfers distributed by government from foreign sources		Social security contributions/insurance ^(a)		Voluntary prepayments to private insurance		Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing		Direct foreign transfers	
	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)	Amount (Rs. million)	Share (%)
1990	4,170	42	36	0	435	4	48	0	5,236	52	114	1
1991	4,507	39	161	1	495	4	53	0	6,211	54	125	1
1992	5,226	40	203	2	555	4	73	1	6,991	53	72	1
1993	6,232	40	345	2	646	4	92	1	8,195	53	71	0
1994	7,110	40	216	1	738	4	120	1	9,556	54	51	0
1995	8,080	40	408	2	850	4	160	1	10,850	53	52	0
1996	9,438	40	84	0	949	4	182	1	12,718	54	41	0
1997	10,484	40	116	0	1,048	4	351	1	14,506	55	27	0
1998	12,723	41	147	0	1,201	4	345	1	16,773	54	114	0
1999	13,561	39	119	0	1,602	5	505	1	18,484	54	142	0
2000	17,084	42	572	1	1,808	4	691	2	20,756	51	101	0
2001	18,834	40	498	1	2,082	4	737	2	24,543	52	183	0
2002	22,765	40	153	0	2,050	4	876	2	30,253	54	261	0
2003	23,209	37	825	1	2,199	3	955	2	34,790	55	1,212	2
2004	31,293	41	504	1	2,507	3	1,323	2	40,642	53	431	1
2005	36,482	41	941	1	2,802	3	1,801	2	46,226	52	487	1
2006	44,065	42	3,285	3	3,350	3	2,486	2	52,535	50	147	0
2007	52,851	44	1,773	1	4,336	4	3,054	3	57,848	48	783	1
2008	59,554	43	1,709	1	5,577	4	3,591	3	67,736	49	754	1
2009	65,309	42	2,774	2	6,214	4	4,315	3	75,561	48	1,899	1
2010	69,687	40	2,850	2	7,223	4	4,833	3	88,578	51	1,433	1
2011	81,687	41	1,358	1	8,451	4	5,412	3	101,106	51	1,557	1
2012	91,039	40	1,119	0	8,742	4	6,261	3	118,397	52	1,395	1
2013	109,780	43	2,153	1	9,882	4	6,707	3	128,226	50	1,472	1
2014 ^(b)	130,899	45	3,365	1	10,902	4	7,967	3	135,137	47	876	0

(a) Reimbursements of health care payments financed by Employees Trust Fund, Aग्रahara insurance and employers are considered as social security forms.

(b) Provisional.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

8. International comparisons

8.1 Comparability of Sri Lanka health accounts estimates

The Sri Lanka health accounts framework is designed to be consistent with the OECD SHA standards, and so the SLHA expenditure estimates are directly comparable with other SHA-based estimates of spending in other countries and territories. The Institute for Health Policy is a member of APNHAN and, through this network, IHP collaborates with OECD, WHO and other similar agencies in the region to compile comparable data on health spending in regional countries and territories. This section uses this data to compare health spending in Sri Lanka with other economies. In all the tables and figures, Sri Lanka and other economies are arranged in order of increasing per capita GDP so as to further aid comparison.

8.2 Current health expenditure and sources of financing

Current expenditure on health in Sri Lanka at 3.0% of GDP in 2013 is comparable to spending levels in other lower-middle income economies in the region (Table 20). It is slightly higher than in Bangladesh

(2.9%) but lower than Thailand (3.7%) and Malaysia (3.8%). In general, levels of aggregate health spending in economies are closely linked to income levels, with spending per capita increasing with income levels. Figure 26 shows how the relationship between log of per capita health spending and log of per capita GDP is quite consistent and linear between economies at different income levels in Asia. The figure also indicates that spending in Sri Lanka is actually a little less than might be predicted for its income level.

In general, the share of public financing in total financing increases with increasing income (Table 21). The 43% share in Sri Lanka is much higher than in poorer Asian economies, such as Bangladesh (21%), but at the same time much less than in more developed economies such as Japan (83%), Thailand (74%) and Australia (68%). However, the sources of public financing differ between economies such as Japan, Korea and Taiwan relying significantly on social insurance in addition to general government financing (essentially from taxation). It is worth noting that the overall pattern of financing in Sri Lanka, with its predominant reliance on general government financing with no social insurance and a mix of out-of-pocket and employer spending, most resembles that in Malaysia and Hong Kong (Figure 28).

Table 20: General economic indicators and health expenditure for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region

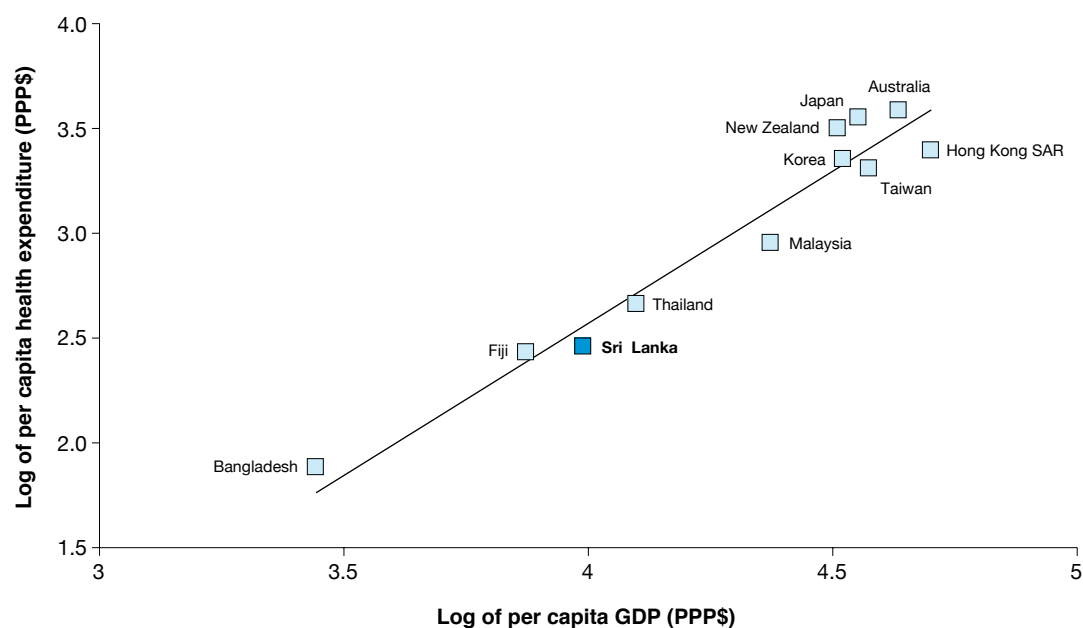
Territory	Year	GDP per capita (US\$)	GDP per capita (PPP\$)	Current expenditure on health (US\$ million)	Per cap health expenditure (US\$)	Per cap health expenditure (PPP\$)	Current health expenditure (% GDP)
Bangladesh	2012	859	2,764	3,717	24	77	2.9
Sri Lanka	2013	3,281	9,738	2,001	98	290	3.0
Fiji ^(a)	2012	4,404	7,439	141	161	272	3.7
Thailand	2010	4,782	12,508	11,794	177	463	3.7
Malaysia	2013	10,628	23,537	12,039	409	905	3.8
Taiwan	2011	15,786	37,396	25,521	866	2,052	6.2
Korea	2013	25,998	33,089	89,746	1,787	2,275	6.9
Hong Kong SAR	2011	35,142	50,086	12,406	1,754	2,500	5.0
New Zealand	2011	37,897	32,283	16,400	3,741	3,187	9.9
Japan	2012	46,679	35,598	600,581	4,708	3,590	10.1
Australia	2012	67,512	43,011	138,449	6,091	3,881	9.0

(a) SHA 2011 estimates.

Note: Data for all subsequent tables in this refer to the year mentioned in the above table for each country.

Source: OECD Korea Policy Centre-APNHAN regional health accounts data collection 2012-2015 and World Bank Development Indicators 2015.

Figure 27: Log of per capita health expenditure (PPP\$) vs log of per capita GDP (PPP\$)



Source: Table 20.

Table 21: Current health expenditure by financing agent for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)

Territory	Current expenditure on health (US\$ million)	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.3	Other	Total
		General government (excl. social insurance)	Social Insurance	Private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments		
Bangladesh	3,717	21.0	-	0.1	67.6	11.3	100.0
Sri Lanka	2,001	43.3	0.0	6.4	48.7	1.6	100.0
Fiji ^(a)	141	59.4	-	5.7	28.9	6.0	100.0
Thailand	11,794	66.4	7.9	8.2	14.2	3.2	100.0
Malaysia	12,039	51.9	0.7	7.9	37.7	1.8	100.0
Taiwan	25,521	5.2	55.0	0.5	39.2	0.1	100.0
Korea	89,746	11.1	44.8	6.5	36.9	0.7	100.0
Hong Kong SAR	12,406	42.7	-	19.9	36.9	0.5	100.0
New Zealand	16,400	74.9	7.8	4.8	10.9	1.6	100.0
Japan	600,581	9.7	72.9	2.4	14.0	1.0	100.0
Australia	138,449	67.6	-	8.9	19.9	3.6	100.0

(a) SHA 2011 estimates.

Source: OECD Korea Policy Centre-APNHAN regional health accounts data collection 2012-2015 and World Bank Development Indicators 2015.

8.3 Composition of spending by function and providers

Figure 29 and Table 22 provide details of the distribution of spending by functions in Sri Lanka compared with other regional economies. The share of spending that is for inpatient care in Sri Lanka is higher than in Bangladesh and Taiwan but otherwise similar to the proportions seen in wealthier economies such as Australia and Hong Kong. The share of spending accounted for by sales of medicines by pharmacies is significantly less than in Bangladesh, but comparable to the levels seen in countries such as Japan and Korea. However it must be noted that in economies such as Hong Kong and Taiwan, a much larger volume of medicines are distributed by dispensing physicians

than is the case in Sri Lanka. In the case of preventive health spending, the share in Sri Lanka of 5% is again somewhere in between the poorer economies such as Bangladesh where it is 14% and more developed economies such as Korea and Australia, where it is around 2–4% of total spending.

Figure 30 and Table 23 provide details of the distribution of spending by providers in Sri Lanka compared with other regional economies. Again, the spending patterns in Sri Lanka resemble the more developed economies in the region such as Korea, New Zealand and Hong Kong, with comparable proportions of spending taking place in hospitals, outpatient and ambulatory care providers, and retailers of medical goods.

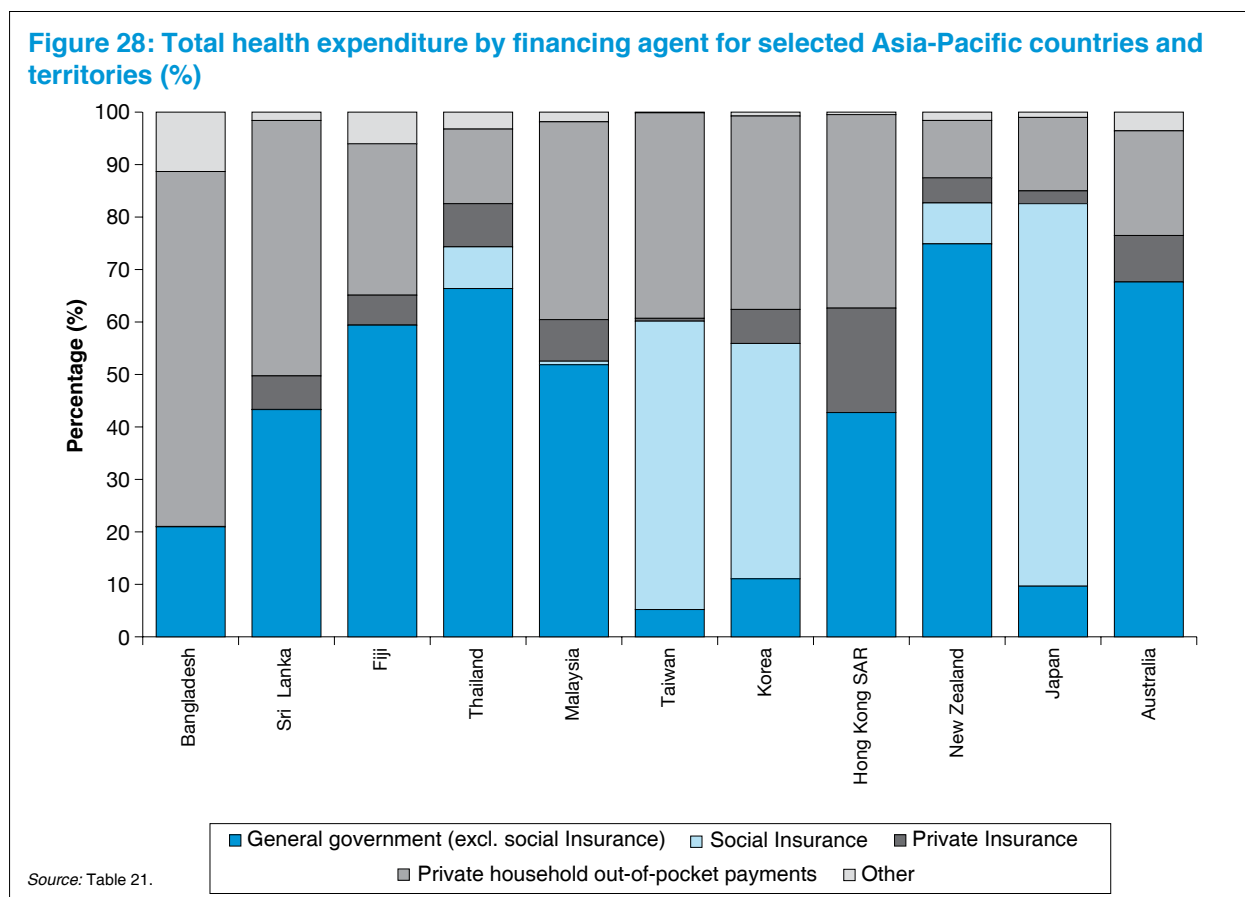
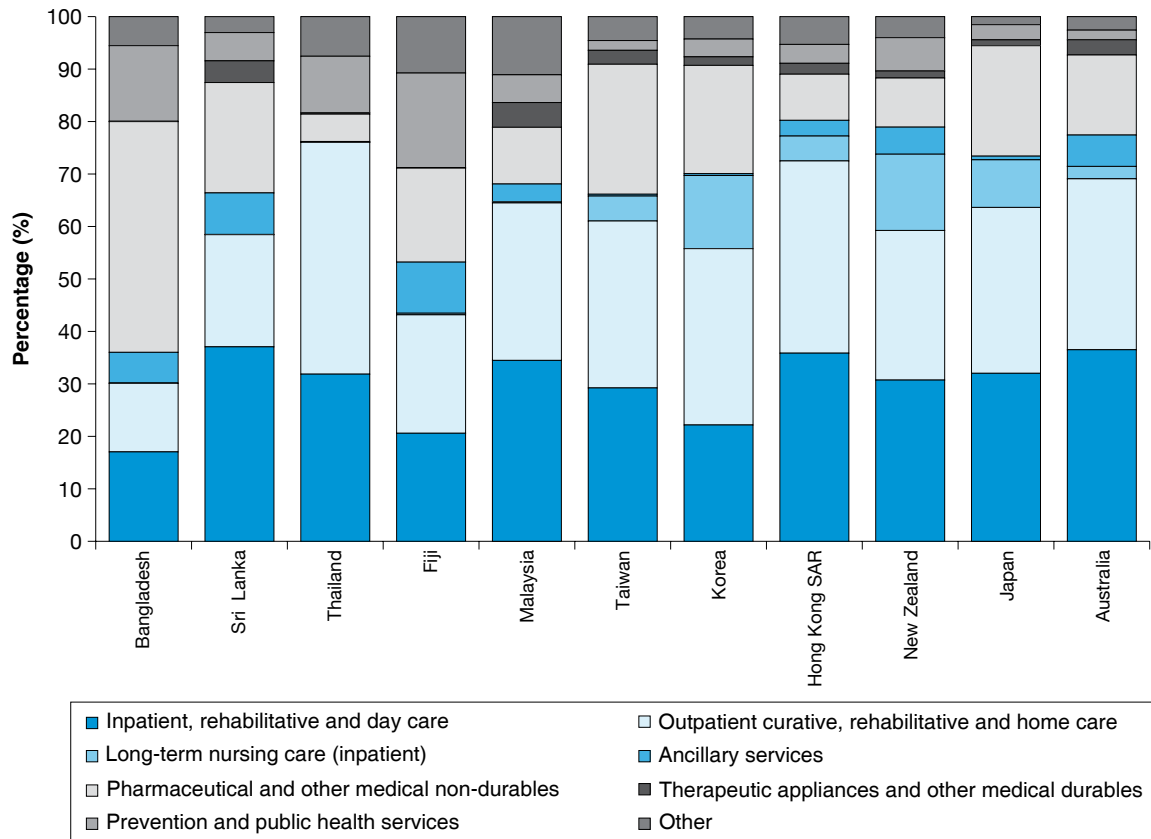
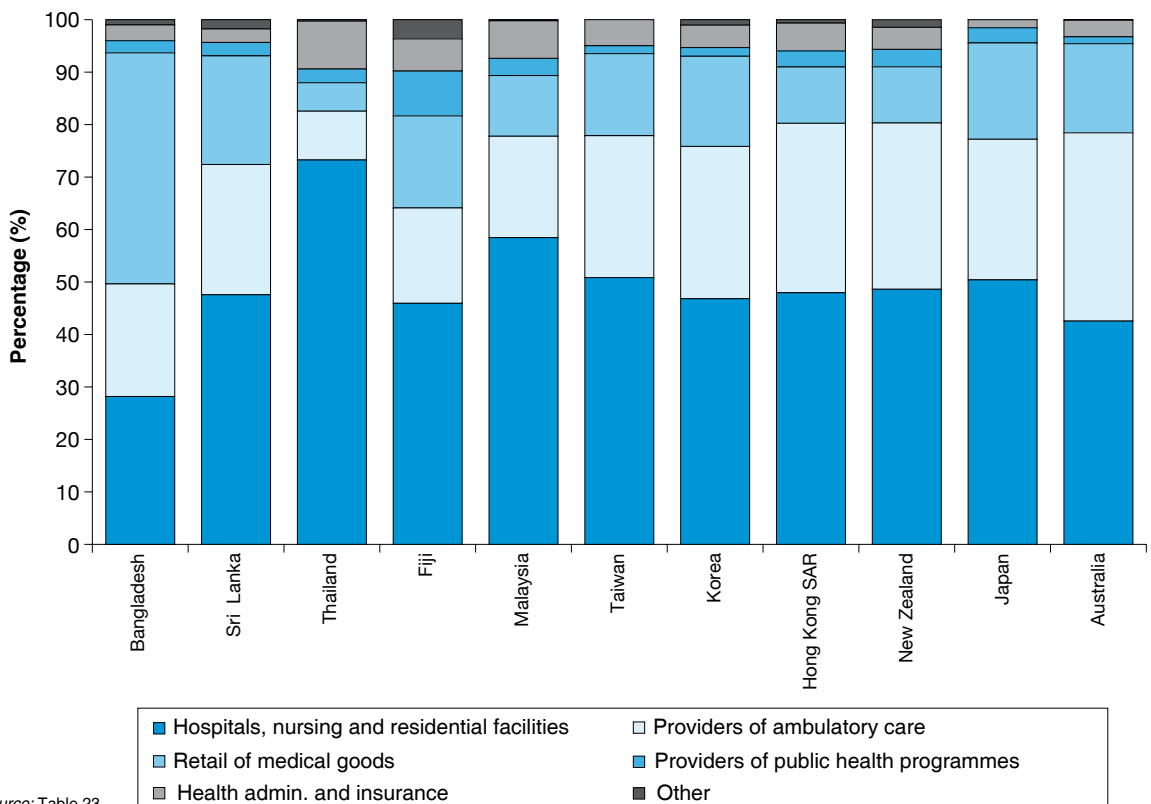


Figure 29: Current health expenditure by function for selected Asia-Pacific countries and territories (%)



Source: Table 22.

Figure 30: Current health expenditure by provider for selected Asia-Pacific countries and territories (%)



Source: Table 23.

Table 22: Current health expenditure by function (mode of production) for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)

Territory	Current expenditure on health care (US\$ million)	HC.1.1;2.1+HC.1.2;2.2		HC.1.3;2.3+HC.1.4;2.4		HC.3		HC.4		HC.5.1		HC.5.2		HC.6	
		Inpatient, rehabilitative and day care	Outpatient curative, rehabilitative and home care	Long-term nursing care (inpatient)	Ancillary services	Pharmaceutical and other medical non-durables	Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	Prevention and public health services	Other	Total					
Bangladesh	3,717	17.0	13.1	0.1	5.9	44.0	0.1	14.4	5.5	100.0					
Sri Lanka	2,001	37.1	21.4	0.0	7.9	21.0	4.1	5.4	3.0	100.0					
Thailand	11,794	31.9	44.2	0.0	0.1	5.2	0.3	10.8	7.6	100.0					
Fiji ^(a)	141	20.6	22.6	0.3	9.7	17.9	0.1	18.0	10.8	100.0					
Malaysia	12,039	34.5	30.0	0.2	3.4	10.8	4.7	5.3	11.1	100.0					
Taiwan	25,521	29.2	31.8	4.8	0.3	24.8	2.7	1.9	4.6	100.0					
Korea	89,746	22.2	33.6	13.9	0.3	20.6	1.6	3.4	4.3	100.0					
Hong Kong SAR	12,406	35.9	36.6	4.7	3.0	8.8	2.1	3.6	5.3	100.0					
New Zealand	16,400	30.7	28.5	14.5	5.2	9.4	1.3	6.4	4.0	100.0					
Japan	600,581	32.0	31.6	9.1	0.7	21.1	1.1	2.9	1.5	100.0					
Australia	138,449	36.5	32.6	2.4	6.0	15.3	2.9	1.8	2.6	100.0					

(a) SHA 2011 estimates.

Source: OECD Korea Policy Centre-APHNAN regional health accounts data collection 2012-2015 and World Bank Development Indicators 2015.

Table 23: Current health expenditure by provider for selected countries in the Asia-Pacific region (%)

Territory	Current expenditure on health care (US\$ million)	HP.1+ HP.2		HP.3		HP.4		HP.5		HP.6		HP.7+HP.9		Total
		Hospitals, nursing and residential facilities	Providers of ambulatory care	Providers of health admin. and insurance	Retail of medical goods	Providers of public health programmes	Health admin. and insurance	Other	Total					
Bangladesh	3,717	28.2	21.5	44.0	2.3	3.0	1.0	100.0						
Sri Lanka	2,001	47.6	24.8	20.7	2.6	2.6	1.8	100.0						
Thailand	11,794	73.3	9.3	5.4	2.6	9.1	0.3	100.0						
Fiji ^(a)	141	45.9	18.2	17.5	8.5	6.1	3.7	100.0						
Malaysia	12,039	58.5	19.3	11.6	3.3	7.2	0.2	100.0						
Taiwan	25,521	50.8	27.1	15.6	1.5	5.0	-	100.0						
Korea	89,746	46.8	29.0	17.2	1.7	4.3	1.0	100.0						
Hong Kong SAR	12,406	48.0	32.3	10.7	3.1	5.3	0.7	100.0						
New Zealand	16,400	48.6	31.7	10.7	3.3	4.2	1.5	100.0						
Japan	600,581	50.4	26.8	18.4	2.9	1.5	0.0	100.0						
Australia	138,449	42.6	35.9	17.0	1.3	3.1	0.1	100.0						

(a) SHA 2011 estimates.

Source: OECD Korea Policy Centre-APHNAN regional health accounts data collection 2012-2015 and World Bank Development Indicators 2015.

9. Technical notes

9.1 General

The Institute for Health Policy reports health expenditure domestically using the Sri Lanka Health Accounts (SLHA) framework. The first version of this framework was originally developed during 1998–99 for the Ministry of Health by a team led by Rannan-Eliya and Somanathan, and it was designed to be compliant with pre-publication versions of the OECD SHA. The SHA was later published in 2000, and since then the health accounts team at IHP has continuously revised and updated the framework to ensure compliance with the SHA standards, which is the approach endorsed by WHO for international reporting of health expenditure statistics. A revision of the SHA standard was released in 2011, and this publication presents first estimates consistent with the new SHA 2011 format.

The SLHA framework, in line with the SHA approach classifies all health spending according to three dimensions: sources of financing, providers and functions. In addition, the most recent version of the SLHA framework also classifies expenditure geographically, both by province and by district. For the three core dimensions, SLHA categorizes all spending according to classification systems, which are based on the relevant SHA classifications, but with appropriate modification and revisions to ensure relevance and applicability to the country's health system. When revisions to the SLHA framework are made, IHP always revises earlier estimates to be compliant with the revised framework to ensure consistency in reporting of expenditure for different years.

A key design element of the SLHA framework and its classifications is that they correspond in a defined way to the parallel elements of the SHA framework. This means that IHP is able to report health expenditure in Sri Lanka simultaneously using both the national SLHA framework and also according to the OECD SHA framework. In the main part of this report, expenditure has been reported according to the SLHA framework and classifications. However, to aid international comparison, the statistics used in Section 8 for Sri Lanka are based on the SHA definitions so as to ensure overall comparability. The Appendix of this report provides a full set of tables showing health expenditure in Sri Lanka using both SHA formats (SHA 1.0 and SHA 2011) for selected years between 1990 and 2014.

9.2 Definitions

Current health expenditure (CHE)

The term 'health expenditure' refers to expenditure on health goods and services and health-related investment. Health goods and services expenditure includes expenditure on health services (medical treatments and diagnosis), health goods (medications, aids and appliances), and other health services such as expenditure on public health, research and administration. This expenditure is collectively termed 'current expenditure'. Health-related investment is also referred to as 'capital formation' or 'capital expenditure'. The SLHA definition of health expenditure is fully consistent and comparable with that in the OECD SHA standards.

CHE, as reported in the SLHA estimates, is equivalent to CHE as defined by the SHA 2011, and is only a subset of all health and health-related expenditure. Current health expenditure includes only direct health expenditure, and excludes health-related expenditure such as research and training.

Current health expenditure for Sri Lanka as currently estimated and reported in the SLHA estimates is slightly underestimated, as certain categories of spending are not currently measured in full. These principally consist of expenditure by non-profit institutions, for which there are no comprehensive data sources and so are partially estimated, and expenditure by households on long-term care, which are not estimated at all. This expenditure, which is not included, may represent 1-2% of total spending.

The SLHA framework requires that health expenditure be measured on an accrual basis, consistent with the recommendations of the SHA. However, in practice data limitations mean that several major elements of spending are in fact measured and reported on a cash base. These include all government health expenditure and some parts of household out-of-pocket expenditure.

Financing sources

Institutions that pool health resources collected from different sources, as well as entities (such as households and firms) that pay directly for health

care using these resources are called financing sources. They are classified in the SLHA into public and private financing sources, and those which are outside the country. The major financing source categories are:

- Government, comprising central government, Provincial Councils, local governments and social security institutions such as the Employees Trust Fund (ETF)
- Employers, who directly finance or reimburse healthcare services for their employees
- Insurance schemes that pay for healthcare
- Households that pay directly out-of-pocket for healthcare goods and services
- Non-profit institutions (both domestic and foreign)
- Providers who use their own resources to finance healthcare activities.

Functions

Functions are the purposes for which healthcare expenditure are used. The SLHA classifies expenditure according to function, distinguishing between direct health expenditure and health-related expenditure. Health-related expenditure includes capital expenditure, as well as expenditure on training, environmental health and research. Only direct health expenditure included in the definition of CHE.

The major functional categories of direct health expenditure consist of:

- Inpatient and day care
- Outpatient curative
- Services of rehabilitative and long-term nursing care
- Ancillary services to health care, comprising laboratory and other diagnostic services and patient transport
- Medical goods dispensed to outpatients, comprising medicines and other medical goods and supplies
- Prevention and public health services, which are services intended to improve or promote the health of the population or groups within the population, including maternal and child health programmes, immunization programmes and health education activities
- Health administration and health insurance administration

Providers

Providers are the entities that engage in the production and delivery of healthcare goods, services and activities.

The major provider categories used in the SLHA framework consist of:

- Hospitals, which are institutions that treat inpatients
- Nursing and residential care facilities
- Providers of ambulatory care, comprising facilities of physicians, dentists and other health professionals which deliver care only on an outpatient basis
- Retail sale and other providers of medical goods, comprising retail pharmacies, shops and other providers who distribute medicines and other medical goods and supplies
- Provision and administration of public health programmes, comprising agencies involved in delivering public health functions and activities
- General health administration and insurance, comprising agencies responsible for health administration, and administration of health insurance schemes.

Revenues of financing

Revenues of financing are the sources from which financing schemes and institutions obtain their funding. The major categories are:

- Transfers from government domestic revenue
- Transfers distributed by government from foreign sources
- Social security contributions/insurance, including reimbursements of health care payments made through Employees Trust Fund, Agrahara insurance, enterprise direct payments and reimbursements for health
- Voluntary prepayments to private insurance
- Household out-of-pocket payments and non-profit sector payments
- Direct foreign transfers

9.3 Data sources

General

IHP continuously collects information from a wide range of government and private sources in order to compile the SLHA estimates. IHP also conducts regular surveys of the health sector in order to augment these data sources. The information collected is then analysed in assisting the development of the final estimates that are published. A variety of estimation techniques are used to do this, with different methods being used to estimate different elements of spending.

Central government

Overall spending by central government ministries and departments is based on the audited actual accounts of the Government of Sri Lanka as reported by the government's Computer Integrated Government Accounting System (CIGAS). Data on expenditure by other central agencies, including the armed forces, Police, ETF and the President's Fund are obtained directly by contact with the relevant authority.

Provincial and local governments

In the past, the spending of Provincial Councils was estimated from the Financial Statements of each Provincial Council and other data provided by the Finance Commission. These provided information on actual expenditure with a two-year delay. Now, with the adoption by the provincial councils of CIGAS-type electronic accounts systems, IHP can make use of electronic accounts data. This has made it possible to reduce the previous time lag of 2–3 years in reporting Provincial Council expenditure to 1–2 years. Expenditure by local governments is based on data collected by IHP in an annual survey of local government health expenditure. The methodology and design of this survey was substantially revised during 2009–10.

Private sector spending

Private expenditure is estimated using the best practice methods recommended by OECD, in its

"Guidelines for Improving the Comparability and Availability of Private Health Expenditure Under the System of Health Accounts Framework" (Rannan-Eliya and Lorenzoni 2010). These guidelines were in fact based on work carried out in Sri Lanka and have been adopted by OECD statisticians. A variety of data sources are used to estimate private spending, with different sources being used for specific elements. Major data sources include national surveys of household expenditure by the Department of Census and Statistics and by the Central Bank, surveys of private hospitals and other providers conducted on a regular basis by IHP, and data obtained from various industries.

9.4 Methods used

Government spending

Data on aggregate government spending is obtained from CIGAS. These differentiate expenditure by different departments and ministry programs. However, for the detailed analysis of expenditure by institutions and functions, a variety of other data sources and methods are necessary. These include:

- The detailed allocation of spending on activities of central programmes is based on additional data and information provided by the directors and staff of each programme, for example, the Family Health Bureau.
- The allocation of hospital expenditure by type of hospital and by function is principally based on analysis of data from cost surveys of government hospitals, which were conducted in 1991, 1997 and 2006. The most recent of these was the IHP-MOH Public Health Facility Survey 2006, which collected detailed data on costs and activities in a representative sample of over 70 government health institutions.
- The allocation of expenditure on medicines and supplies to different institutions and regions, and functions within hospitals, is based partly on data collected in hospitals by the IHP-MOH Public Health Facility Survey 2006, and partly on data provided by the Medical Supplies Division of MOH.

Fees paid to government healthcare institutions

Collections of official fees paid to government hospitals and facilities are reported in the CIGAS accounts and Provincial Council financial statements. In addition, the revenues of autonomous board-run hospitals are obtained from their annual reports.

Private hospital spending

The estimates of private hospital spending are based on data obtained in regular surveys of private hospital institutions conducted by IHP, supplemented with information extracted from the published financial accounts of a number of hospitals.

Sales of medicines from pharmacies

Expenditure on the distribution of medicines by retail outlets, primarily pharmacies, is based on data reported in the Sri Lanka Pharmaceutical Audit (SLPA) conducted by IMS-Health Sri Lanka. Adjustments are made to these data to account for gaps in the survey coverage of SLPA.

Private dental practitioners

Estimates of spending at private dental practitioners are based on the national accounts estimates of the Department of Census and Statistics and the National Oral Health Surveys. These are considered to be underestimates, but data are currently lacking to improve the numbers.

Employer medical benefits

This expenditure is estimated using data from occasional sample surveys of large employers in the

country. The survey data used distinguishes between employer direct financing of medical benefits for their employees and payments to insurance companies to provide medical insurance. The latter is deducted in order to arrive at the final estimates. The methodology and design of this survey was substantially revised in 2013.

Private health insurance expenditure

This expenditure is based on regular IHP surveys conducted on the activities of commercial health insurance schemes. These provide data on aggregate expenditure, as well as their allocation to different types of healthcare goods and services.

Private practitioners and other miscellaneous items of household expenditure

Payments to private practitioners are estimated from a variety of data sources. These include occasional surveys of private doctors, including the Sri Lanka Private Clinic Survey 2000, and household surveys of out-of-pocket expenditure, including the Central Bank Consumer Finance Surveys 1996/97 and 2003/2004, and the Department of Census and Statistics Household Income and Expenditure Surveys. Various adjustments are made to these data in order to derive estimates that are consistent with all the available information.

Other items of household expenditure are estimated mainly from data of various national household surveys. Such items include household expenditure at indigenous medical practitioners, for laboratory and diagnostic services, and purchases of optical glasses and other medical durables. These data are adjusted during estimation for known biases in survey reporting.

10. Appendix A:
SHA 1.0 standard tables showing
health expenditure in Sri Lanka
by financing source, provider and
function for selected years




Table A1. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 1990

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																	Total current health expenditure					
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2		HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9
		Hospitals	Nursing and residential care facilities	Providers of ambulatory health care	Offices of physicians	Offices of dentists	Offices of other health practitioners	Out-patient care centres	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	Providers of home health care services	All other providers of ambulatory health care	Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	Dispensing chemists	All other sales of medical goods	Provision and administration of public health programmes	General health administration and insurance	Government administration of health	Social security funds		Other social insurance	Other (private) insurance	All other health administration	All other industries	Rest of the world
Inpatient care		2,236	7	181	181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	2,430		181	181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	6		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-		
Services of day-care		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2;2.2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outpatient care																								
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	2,870	2	2,241	2,148	44	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	2	
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	2,771	2	2,197	2,148	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	88	0	44	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Home care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	581	0	416	-	-	378	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	2,525	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	
Pharmaceutical and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	2,077	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	448	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	
Total expenditure on personal health care		8,413	10	2,838	2,330	44	48	378	-	38	2,295	1,676	619	-	72	72	-	-	-	-	24	59		
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	1,001	0	282	-	-	282	-	-	-	-	-	-	607	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97	10	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	625	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	616	602	-	-	14	-	9	-	-	
Total current health expenditure		10,039	10	3,120	2,330	44	330	378	-	38	2,295	1,676	619	607	688	674	-	-	14	-	130	69		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP, Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A2. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 1995

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																							
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2	HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9		
Inpatient care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	5,171	15	447	447	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services of day-care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care																									
Outpatient care																									
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	1,191	4	4,325	4,172	88	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	1,108	4	4,237	4,172	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	83	0	88	-	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	224	0	930	-	-	836	-	-	94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	964	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	964	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditure on personal health care		7,551	19	5,702	4,619	88	65	836	-	94	4,718	3,551	1,167	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	55	55	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	38	0	524	-	-	524	-	-	-	-	-	-	761	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201	21	21	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	735	694	-	-	40	-	-	20	3	3	
Total current health expenditure		7,589	19	6,226	4,619	88	589	836	-	94	4,718	3,551	1,167	761	736	695	-	40	-	-	273	79	79		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A3. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2000

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																						
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2	HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9	
Total current health expenditure																								
Inpatient care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	11,266	23	1,135	1,135																			27
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	-
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																								
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	2,777	7	7,006	7,006	241	107																	49
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	2,579	7	7,006	7,006		107																	49
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	198	0	241		241																		-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Home care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																								
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	575	0	1,612			1,374			238														-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	2,300	1								9,253	6,729	2,523											-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	2,300	1								7,074	6,729	345											-
Total expenditure on personal health care		16,918	31	10,102	8,141	241	107	1,374		238	9,253	6,729	2,523	0								160		98
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	1	0	690			689			0				1,298								623		2
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,802	1,675	-	-	-	127	-	34	-	-
Total current health expenditure		16,920	31	10,792	8,141	241	797	1,374		239	9,253	6,729	2,523	1,298	1,802	1,675	-	-	127	-	817		100	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A4. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2005

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																	Total current health expenditure						
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2		HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9	
Inpatient care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	28,384	54	3,572																					29
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services of day-care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																									
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	6,453	17	14,050	13,302	547	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	6,037	16	13,503	13,302	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	415	1	547	-	547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																									
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	3,463	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	3,460	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditure on personal health care		39,901	73	21,709	16,874	547	200	3,338	-	750	18,255	13,822	4,433	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	321	124	124	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	3	0	1,903	-	1,903	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	2,223	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,327	245	245	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,456	-	-	-	407	-	-	59	5	5	
Total current health expenditure		88,740	73	23,612	16,874	547	2,103	3,338	-	750	18,255	13,822	4,433	2,346	2,468	-	407	-	-	-	1,707	374	374		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A5. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2010

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																						
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2	HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9	
Inpatient care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	53,678	115	7,153	7,153																			12
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	-	-
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																								
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	16,299	35	20,662	19,051	1,325	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	251	-	36
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	15,422	34	19,337	19,051	-	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42	-	36
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	877	2	1,325	-	1,325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-
All other outpatient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-
Home care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	-	54
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																								
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	2,370	1	12,702	-	-	11,201	-	-	1,501	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	6,755	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,119	31,416	7,703	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	6,755	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,337	31,416	921	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,782	-	6,782	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-
Total expenditure on personal health care		79,100	154	40,517	26,205	1,325	286	11,201	-	1,501	39,119	31,416	7,703	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	488	102	-
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	7	0	3,118	-	-	3,118	-	-	0	-	-	-	4,234	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,819	1,109	-
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4,413	3,663	-	-	750	-	-	375	17	-
Total current health expenditure		79,108	154	43,635	26,205	1,325	3,404	11,201	-	1,501	39,119	31,416	7,703	4,258	4,441	3,691	-	-	750	-	-	2,662	1,228	-

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP, Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A6. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2011

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																						
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2	HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9	
Inpatient care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	62,203	129	8,175	8,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116	-	-
Services of day-care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care																								
Outpatient care																								
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	18,980	40	25,045	23,002	1,717	326	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	261	-	9
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	17,986	37	23,327	23,002	-	326	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	-	9
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	994	2	1,717	-	1,717	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-
Home care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	40
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	2,424	1	13,915	-	-	12,200	-	1,715	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	7,326	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,103	34,569	9,534	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	74	-	10
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	7,326	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,721	34,569	1,152	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,382	-	8,382	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	56	-	10
Total expenditure on personal health care		90,933	173	47,135	31,176	1,717	326	12,200	1,715	44,103	34,569	9,534	4	4,615	29	29	1,890	915	476	68	878	2,818	878	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	8	0	4,134	-	4,134	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	791
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4,737	3,821	915	-	-	-	-	453	-	19
Total current health expenditure		90,941	173	51,269	31,176	1,717	4,460	12,200	1,715	44,103	34,569	9,534	4,623	4,766	3,850	915	4,766	2,818	68	878	2,818	878	878	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A7. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2012

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																						
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.3.6	HP.3.9	HP.4	HP.4.1	HP.4.2-4.9	HP.5	HP.6	HP.6.1	HP.6.2	HP.6.3	HP.6.4	HP.6.9	HP.7	HP.9	
Inpatient care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1;2.1	69,274	9,890	9,890	9,890																			13
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	-	-
Services of day-care	HC.1.2;2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care																								
Outpatient care																								
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3;2.3	21,085	28,479	28,479	26,102	2,051	327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	271	58	58
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1	19,986	26,429	26,429	26,102	-	327	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	-	58
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	1,099	2,051	2,051	-	2,051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-
Home care																								
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4;2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																								
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.4	2,892	16,220	16,220	-	-	14,146	-	2,075	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	8,388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51,108	40,068	11,039	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	-	5
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.1	8,388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,399	40,068	1,330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	
	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,709	-	9,709	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	5	
Total expenditure on personal health care		101,638	54,590	54,590	35,991	2,051	327	14,146	2,075	51,108	40,068	11,039	4	487	109	208,143	12,280	6,530	226,953	207	58,598	207	101,725	226,953
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	87	0	4,008	-	-	4,008	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	5,416	167	-	-	-	-	-	1,975	627	627
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,626	4,185	-	1,442	-	-	841	63	63
Total current health expenditure		101,725	58,598	58,598	35,991	2,051	4,335	14,146	2,075	51,108	40,068	11,039	5,420	3,303	798	226,953	12,280	6,530	226,953	207	58,598	207	101,725	226,953

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A8. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2013

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																	HP.9 Rest of the world						
		HP.1 Hospitals	HP.2 Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.3 Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.1 Offices of physicians	HP.3.2 Offices of dentists	HP.3.3 Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.4 Out-patient care centres	HP.3.5 Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.6 Providers of home health care services	HP.3.9 All other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.4 Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4.1 Dispensing chemists	HP.4.2-4.9 All other sales of medical goods	HP.5 Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.6 General health administration and insurance	HP.6.1 Government administration of health	HP.6.2 Social security funds		HP.6.3 Other social insurance	HP.6.4 Other (private) insurance	HP.6.9 All other health administration	HP.7 All other industries		
Inpatient care		84,043	168	11,490	11,490	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1																								
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1																								
Services of day-care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2																								
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2																								
Outpatient care		23,776	48	28,304	2,333	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	398	24	
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3																								
Basic medical and diagnostic services	HC.1.3.1																								
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2																								
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3																								
All other out-patient care	HC.1.3.9																								
Home care																									
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4																								
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3																								
Ancillary services to health care		3,346	1	17,081				14,670		2,411															
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5																								
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1																								
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2																								
Total expenditure on personal health care		122,596	225	39,794	2,333	398	14,670	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	32	0	4,495		4,495																			
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7																								
Total current health expenditure		122,628	225	39,794	2,333	4,893	14,670	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411	2,411

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A9. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 1990

Health care goods and services by provider industry	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9	
			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	3,120	2,623	2,623	0	497	123	99	24	374	-	-	-	-
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	3,120	330	-	2,790	251	241	10	10	2,539	-	-	-	-
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	2,330	-	-	2,330	188	179	10	10	2,141	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	44	-	-	44	-	-	-	-	44	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	330	330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	378	-	-	378	63	63	-	-	315	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	38	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	38	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	2,295	0	0	2,295	95	94	1	2,200	-	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	1,676	0	0	1,676	95	94	1	1,581	-	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	619	-	-	619	0	-	0	619	-	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	607	607	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	688	618	-	17	14	-	14	3	3	-	-	-	53
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	674	618	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	53
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	14	-	-	14	14	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	130	10	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	130	10	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	69	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61
Total current health expenditure		10,039	4,206	4,206	0	5,719	483	435	48	5,116	120	-	-	114

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A10. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 1995

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9	
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	7,589	6,382	6,375	7	1,207	281	198	83	921	-	-	4	-
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	6,226	589	589	-	5,637	492	459	33	5,146	-	-	-	-
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	4,619	-	-	-	4,619	369	336	33	4,249	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	88	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	88	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	589	589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	836	-	-	-	836	122	122	-	714	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	94	-	-	-	94	-	-	-	94	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	4,718	3	-	3	4,715	187	183	3	4,529	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	3,551	3	-	3	3,549	187	183	3	3,362	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	1,167	-	-	-	1,167	0	-	0	1,167	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	761	761	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	736	689	689	-	45	40	-	40	5	-	-	-	1
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	689	689	-	-	5	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	1
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	40	-	-	-	40	40	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	273	24	24	-	249	-	-	-	-	249	-	-	-
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	272	22	-	-	249	-	-	-	-	249	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	79	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51
Total current health expenditure		20,400	8,494	8,484	10	11,854	1,000	840	160	10,601	249	-	4	52

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A11. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2000

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding										HF.3	
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5		HF.2.9
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	16,920	13,850	13,793	57	3,070	789	391	398	2,277	-	-	4	-
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	10,792	797	797	9,995	1,072	912	161	161	8,922	-	-	-	-
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	8,141	-	-	8,141	825	664	161	161	7,316	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	241	-	-	241	-	-	-	-	241	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	797	796	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	1,374	-	-	1,374	248	248	-	-	1,126	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	239	1	-	238	-	-	-	-	238	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	9,253	1	-	1	9,252	427	422	6	8,825	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	6,729	1	-	1	6,729	378	372	6	6,351	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	2,523	-	-	-	2,523	50	50	0	2,474	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	1,298	1,264	1,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	1,802	1,670	1,670	132	153	26	127	127	-21	-	-	-	-
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	1,675	1,670	1,670	5	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	127	-	-	127	153	26	127	127	-26	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	817	64	64	753	-	-	-	-	-	753	-	-	-
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	20	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	797	44	44	753	-	-	-	-	-	753	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	100	34	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Total current health expenditure		41,012	17,710	17,652	58	23,201	2,442	1,750	691	20,003	753	-	4	101

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A12. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2005

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9	
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	39,904	30,778	30,703	74	9,123	1,625	642	984	7,379	-	-	119	4
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	73	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	23,612	2,143	2,143	-	21,456	1,832	1,436	396	19,624	-	-	-	13
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	16,874	54	54	-	16,821	1,447	1,051	396	15,373	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	547	-	-	-	547	-	-	-	547	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	2,103	2,089	2,089	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	13
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	3,338	-	-	-	3,338	385	385	-	2,953	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	750	0	0	-	749	-	-	-	749	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	18,255	1	-	1	18,255	639	625	14	17,616	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	13,822	1	-	1	13,821	591	577	14	13,230	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	4,433	-	-	-	4,433	47	47	0	4,386	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	2,346	2,223	2,223	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	123
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	2,468	2,042	2,042	-	426	432	25	407	-6	-	-	-	-
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	2,061	2,042	2,042	-	19	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	407	-	-	-	407	432	25	407	-25	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	1,707	88	88	-	1,614	-	-	-	-	1,614	-	-	4
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	43	38	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	1,664	50	50	-	1,614	-	-	-	-	1,614	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	374	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	343
Total current health expenditure		88,740	37,379	37,304	75	50,874	4,528	2,727	1,801	44,612	1,614	-	119	487

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A13. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2010

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9	
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	79,108	60,986	60,905	81	18,117	4,489	1,608	2,881	13,610	-	-	17	5
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	154	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	43,635	3,365	3,365	40,233	4,858	3,697	1,161	1,161	35,375	-	-	-	37
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	26,205	-	-	26,205	3,836	2,875	1,161	1,161	22,368	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	1,325	-	-	1,325	-	-	-	-	1,325	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	3,404	3,365	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	37
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	11,201	-	-	11,201	1,022	1,022	-	-	10,179	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	1,501	0	0	1,501	-	-	-	-	1,501	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	39,119	3	-	3	39,116	1,760	1,719	41	37,355	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	31,416	3	-	3	31,413	1,573	1,533	41	29,839	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	7,703	-	-	-	7,703	187	187	0	7,516	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	4,258	4,144	4,144	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	114
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	4,441	3,528	3,528	-	852	864	115	750	-12	-	-	-	61
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	3,691	3,528	3,528	-	102	-	-	-	102	-	-	-	61
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	750	-	-	750	-	864	115	750	-115	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	2,662	405	405	2,249	-	-	-	-	-	2,249	-	-	8
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	21	21	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	2,641	385	385	2,249	-	-	-	-	-	2,249	-	-	8
Rest of the world	HP.9	1,228	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,209
Total current health expenditure		174,604	72,005	72,521	84	100,566	11,972	7,139	4,833	86,328	2,249	-	17	1,433

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A14. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2011

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding										HF.3	
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5		HF.2.9
			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Health care goods and services by provider industry														
Hospitals	HP.1	90,941	70,319	70,237	83	20,621	5,063	1,891	3,172	15,545	-	-	13	-
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	173	173	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	51,269	4,102	4,102	-	46,810	5,626	4,348	1,278	41,184	-	-	-	356
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	31,176	-	-	-	31,176	4,420	3,142	1,278	26,756	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	1,717	-	-	-	1,717	-	-	-	1,717	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	4,460	4,102	4,102	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	356
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	12,200	-	-	-	12,200	1,206	-	-	10,994	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	1,715	0	0	-	1,715	-	-	-	1,715	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	44,103	4	-	4	44,099	2,051	2,005	46	42,048	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	34,569	4	-	4	34,565	1,854	1,809	45	32,711	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	9,534	-	-	-	9,534	197	197	0	9,337	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	4,623	4,415	4,415	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	207
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	4,766	3,620	3,620	-	1,025	1,035	120	915	-10	-	-	-	120
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	3,620	3,620	3,620	-	110	-	-	-	110	-	-	-	120
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	915	-	-	-	915	1,035	120	915	-120	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	2,818	474	474	-	2,338	-	-	-	-	2,338	-	-	6
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	28	24	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	2,790	450	450	-	2,338	-	-	-	-	2,338	-	-	2
Rest of the world	HP.9	878	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	867
Total current health expenditure		199,570	83,119	83,032	87	114,894	13,775	8,364	5,412	98,768	2,338	-	13	1,557

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A15. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2012

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding										HF.3	
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5		HF.2.9
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private Sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance	Other private insurance	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit organisations (other than social ins.)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Hospitals	HP.1	101,725	77,850	77,575	75	23,998	4,759	1,359	3,400	19,212	-	-	27	78
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	207	207	207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	58,598	4,229	4,229	-	54,264	6,311	4,940	1,370	47,953	-	-	-	105
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	35,991	-	-	-	35,991	4,952	3,582	1,370	31,039	-	-	-	-
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	2,051	-	-	-	2,051	-	-	-	2,051	-	-	-	-
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	4,335	4,229	4,229	2	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	105
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	14,146	-	-	-	14,146	1,359	1,359	-	12,787	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	2,075	0	0	-	2,075	-	-	-	2,075	-	-	-	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	51,108	4	-	4	51,104	2,294	2,245	49	48,810	-	-	-	-
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	40,068	4	-	4	40,065	2,087	2,038	48	37,978	-	-	-	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	11,039	-	-	-	11,039	207	207	1	10,832	-	-	-	-
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	5,420	5,100	5,100	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	321
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	5,794	4,101	4,101	-	1,554	1,561	120	1,442	-7	-	-	-	138
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	4,352	4,101	4,101	-	112	-	-	-	112	-	-	-	138
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	1,442	-	-	-	1,442	1,561	120	1,442	-120	-	-	-	-
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	3,303	856	856	-	2,429	-	-	-	-	2,429	-	-	19
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	34	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	3,269	824	824	-	2,429	-	-	-	-	2,429	-	-	16
Rest of the world	HP.9	798	64	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	735
Total current health expenditure		226,953	92,210	92,131	79	133,348	14,924	8,664	6,261	115,986	2,429	-	27	1,395

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A16. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2013

	ICHA-HP code	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3				
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + HF.2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9					
Health care goods and services by provider industry			General Government	Private Sector	Rest of the world													
Hospitals	HP.1	122,628	94,756	27,851	80	94,676	27,851	80	27,851	5,068	1,543	3,525	22,670	-	-	112	21	
Nursing and residential care facilities	HP.2	225	225	-	-	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	64,101	4,843	59,210	-	4,843	59,210	-	7,035	5,614	1,420	1,420	52,175	-	-	-	48	
Offices of physicians	HP.3.1	39,794	-	39,794	-	-	39,794	-	5,491	4,071	1,420	1,420	34,303	-	-	-	-	
Offices of dentists	HP.3.2	2,333	-	2,333	-	-	2,333	-	-	-	-	-	2,333	-	-	-	-	
Offices of other health practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Out-patient care centres	HP.3.4	4,893	4,843	2	-	4,843	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	48	
Medical and diagnostic laboratories	HP.3.5	14,670	-	14,670	-	-	14,670	-	1,543	1,543	-	-	13,127	-	-	-	-	
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.9	2,411	0	2,410	-	0	2,410	-	-	-	-	-	2,410	-	-	-	-	
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.4	53,450	4	53,446	4	-	53,446	4	2,572	2,521	51	50,875	-	-	-	-	-	
Dispensing chemists	HP.4.1	41,366	4	41,362	4	-	41,362	4	2,365	2,315	50	38,987	-	-	-	-	-	
All other sales of medical goods	HP.4.2-4.9	12,084	-	12,084	-	-	12,084	-	206	206	1	11,878	-	-	-	-	-	
Provision and administration of public health programmes	HP.5	6,613	6,072	0	-	6,072	0	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	541	
General health administration and insurance	HP.6	6,625	4,674	1,815	-	4,674	1,815	-	1,831	119	1,711	-16	-	-	-	-	137	
Government (excluding social insurance)	HP.6.1	4,914	4,674	104	-	4,674	104	-	-	-	-	104	-	-	-	-	137	
Social security funds	HP.6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other social insurance	HP.6.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other (private) insurance	HP.6.4	1,711	-	1,711	-	-	1,711	-	1,831	119	1,711	-119	-	-	-	-	-	
All other providers of health administration	HP.6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other industries (rest of the economy)	HP.7	3,826	1,304	2,521	-	1,304	2,521	-	-	-	-	2,521	-	-	-	-	-	
Occupational health care	HP.7.1	29	29	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Private households	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
All other secondary producers	HP.7.9	3,796	1,275	2,521	-	1,275	2,521	-	-	-	-	2,521	-	-	-	-	-	
Rest of the world	HP.9	752	27	-	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	726	
Total current health expenditure		258,220	111,904	144,844	83	111,821	144,844	83	16,505	9,798	6,707	125,704	2,521	-	112	1,472		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A17. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 1990

	ICHA-HC CODE	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding										HF3				
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + 2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5		HF.2.9			
Current expenditure on health care																	
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	5,308	2,532	2,532	0	2,775	312	278	34	2,443	21	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inpatient services		2,436	2,013	0	423	106	75	31	311	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient services		2,870	519	-	2,351	206	203	3	2,132	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care services		1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	581	40	0	491	63	63	-	-	429	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	2,525	131	0	2,339	95	94	1	2,241	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	2,077	131	0	1,892	95	94	1	1,797	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	53
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	448	-	-	447	0	-	0	444	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	8,413	2,703	0	5,606	470	435	35	5,113	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	104
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	1,001	894	-	97	-	-	-	-	97	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	625	608	-	17	14	-	14	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total current health expenditure		10,039	4,206	0	5,719	483	435	48	5,116	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	114

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A19. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2000

	ICHA-HC CODE	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF3
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + 2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9	
			General government	General government (excl. social security)	Social security funds	Private sector	Private insurance	Private social insurance scheme	Other private insurance scheme	Private household out-of-pocket payments	Non-profit institutions (other than social insurance)	Corporations (other than health insurance)	Provider Own Resources	Rest of the world
Current expenditure on health care														
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	22,790	11,900	11,843	57	10,826	1,614	1,055	559	9,079	129	-	4	64
Inpatient services		12,488	9,778	9,721	57	2,710	858	321	538	1,813	37	-	2	-
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient services		10,272	2,122	2,122	-	8,108	755	734	21	7,266	84	-	2	42
Home care services		30	0	0	-	8	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	22
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	2,188	83	83	-	2,104	248	248	-	1,856	-	-	-	-
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	11,584	2,051	2,050	1	9,533	427	422	6	9,088	17	-	-	-
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	9,388	2,050	2,050	1	7,337	378	372	6	6,959	1	-	-	-
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	2,196	1	1	-	2,196	50	50	0	2,129	17	-	-	-
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	36,561	14,034	13,976	58	22,463	2,289	1,725	565	20,023	147	-	4	64
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	2,614	1,971	1,971	-	607	-	-	-	1	606	-	-	36
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	1,836	1,704	1,704	-	132	153	26	127	(21)	-	-	-	-
Total current health expenditure		41,012	17,710	17,652	58	23,201	2,442	1,750	691	20,003	753	-	4	101

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A21. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2010

	ICHA-HC CODE	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF:3				
			HF:1	HF:1.1	HF:1.2	HF:2	HF:2.1 + 2.2	HF:2.1	HF:2.2	HF:2.3	HF:2.4	HF:2.5	HF:2.9					
Current expenditure on health care																		
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	98,431	56,082	81	42,180	8,326	4,284	4,042	33,451	387	-	-	17	88				
Inpatient services		61,070	45,897	81	15,087	5,442	1,552	3,890	9,525	112	-	-	8	5				
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Outpatient services		37,283	10,185	-	27,069	2,883	2,731	152	23,926	251	-	-	8	29				
Home care services		78	0	-	24	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	54				
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	15,094	410	-	14,661	1,022	1,022	-	13,640	-	-	-	-	23				
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	45,958	4,895	3	41,060	1,760	1,719	41	39,248	52	-	-	-	-				
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	39,124	4,893	3	34,228	1,573	1,533	41	32,653	2	-	-	-	-				
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	6,834	2	-	6,832	187	187	0	6,595	50	-	-	-	-				
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	159,484	61,472	84	97,902	11,108	7,024	4,083	86,339	438	-	-	17	110				
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	10,316	7,258	-	1,812	-	-	-	2	1,811	-	-	-	1,245				
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	4,805	3,875	-	852	864	115	750	(12)	-	-	-	-	77				
Total current health expenditure		174,604	72,521	84	100,566	11,972	7,139	4,833	86,328	2,249	-	-	17	1,433				

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

Table A23. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2012

	ICHA-HC CODE	Total current health expenditure	Source of funding											HF.3							
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1 + 2.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.2.4	HF.2.5	HF.2.9								
Current expenditure on health care																					
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	129,420	71,427	75	57,907	9,711	4,940	4,770	47,752	418	-	-	27	11							
Inpatient services		79,451	58,606	75	20,770	6,595	2,004	4,591	14,034	121	-	-	21	-							
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Outpatient services		49,943	12,821	-	37,111	3,116	2,936	179	33,719	271	-	-	6	11							
Home care services		26	0	-	26	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-							
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	19,146	514	-	18,599	1,359	1,359	-	17,240	-	-	-	-	33							
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	59,577	6,237	4	53,331	2,294	2,245	49	50,981	56	-	-	-	5							
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	49,805	6,233	4	43,568	2,087	2,038	48	41,480	2	-	-	-	-							
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	9,772	4	-	9,763	207	207	1	9,502	54	-	-	-	5							
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	208,143	78,178	79	129,837	13,363	8,544	4,819	115,974	473	-	-	27	49							
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	12,280	9,040	-	1,957	-	-	-	2	1,955	-	-	-	1,283							
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	6,530	4,913	-	1,554	1,561	120	1,442	(7)	-	-	-	-	63							
Total current health expenditure		226,953	92,131	79	133,348	14,924	8,664	6,261	115,968	2,429	-	-	27	1,395							

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Source: IHP Sri Lanka Health Accounts Database.

11. Appendix B:
SHA 2011 standard tables showing
health expenditure in Sri Lanka
by financing source, provider and
function for selected years

Table B1. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 1990

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																				
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.4 ^(a)	HP.5	HP.5.1	HP.5.2-5.9	HP.6	HP.7	HP.7.1	HP.7.2	HP.7.3	HP.7.9	HP.8	HP.9	
Inpatient care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	2,236	181	181	181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																						
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	612	2	2,241	2,148	44	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	13
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	568	2	2,197	2,148	-	-	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-	4
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	44	0	44	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																						
Medical goods	HC.4	96	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	416	-	-	-	-	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	50
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	171	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,295	619	-	53	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.1	171	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,851	175	-	53	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	444	444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Total expenditure on personal health care		3,114	10	2,422	2,530	44	-	48	-	416	2,295	619	-	72	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
Preventive care	HC.6	6	0	282	-	-	-	282	-	-	-	-	-	607	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	616	602	-	14	-	-	-	9
Total current expenditure on health care		3,120	10	2,704	2,530	44	-	330	-	416	2,295	619	-	688	674	-	14	-	-	-	-	130
		10,039																				69

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B2. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 1995

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																				
		HP.1 Hospitals	HP.2 Residential long-term care facilities	HP.3 Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.1 Medical practices	HP.3.2 Dental practices	HP.3.3 Other health care practitioners	HP.3.4 Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.5 Providers of home health care services	HP.4 (a) Providers of ancillary services	HP.5 Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5.1 Pharmacies	HP.5.2-5.9 All other sales of medical goods	HP.6 Providers of preventive care	HP.7 Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7.1 Government health administration agencies	HP.7.2 Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.3 Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.9 Other administration agencies	HP.8 Rest of the economy	HP.9 Rest of the world	
Inpatient care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	5,171	447	447	447	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																						
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	1,191	4	4,325	4,172	88	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	23	
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	1,108	4	4,237	4,172	-	65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	23	
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	83	0	88	-	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Home care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ancillary services to health care																						
	HC.4	224	0	-	-	-	-	-	930	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
Medical goods																						
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	964	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,718	3,551	1,167	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	9	-	
Pharmaceut. and other medical durables	HC.5.1	964	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,829	3,551	278	-	1	1	-	-	-	3	-		
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	889	-	889	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-		
Total expenditure on personal health care		7,551	19	4,772	4,619	88	65	-	930	4,718	3,551	1,167	-	1	1	-	-	-	52	55		
Preventive care	HC.6	38	0	524	-	-	524	-	-	-	-	-	761	-	-	-	-	-	201	21		
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	735	694	-	40	-	20	3		
Total current expenditure on health care		7,589	19	5,296	4,619	88	589	-	930	4,718	3,551	1,167	761	736	695	-	40	-	273	79		

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B3. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2000

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																			
		HP.1 Hospitals	HP.2 Residential long-term care facilities	HP.3 Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.1 Medical practices	HP.3.2 Dental practices	HP.3.3 Other health care practitioners	HP.3.4 Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.5 Providers of home health care services	HP.4 (a) Providers of ancillary services	HP.5 Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5.1 Pharmacies	HP.5.2-5.9 All other sales of medical goods	HP.6 Providers of preventive care	HP.7 Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7.1 Government health administration agencies	HP.7.2 Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.3 Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.9 Other administration agencies	HP.8 Rest of the economy	HP.9 Rest of the world
Inpatient care		11,266	23	1,195	1,135	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	12,451																			
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	37																		27	
Services of day-care		-																			
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-																			
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-																			
Outpatient care		2,777	7	7,355	7,006	241	107													49	
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	10,272																			
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	9,772	7	7,114	7,006		107													49	
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	442	0	241		241														2	
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	7																		7	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-																			
Home care																					
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	30																		22	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-																			
Ancillary services to health care																					
Medical goods	HC.4	2,188	0							1,612											
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	11,584	1								9,253	2,523									
Pharmaceut. and other medical durables	HC.5.1	9,388	1								7,074	345									
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	2,196									2,179	2,179									
Total expenditure on personal health care		16,918	31	8,490	8,141	241	107			1,612	9,253	2,523	0	160						98	
Preventive care	HC.6	2,614	0	689			689			0			1,298	623						2	
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	1,836												1,836	1,675	127				34	
Total current expenditure on health care		16,920	31	9,179	8,141	241	797			1,613	9,253	2,523	1,298	2,619	1,675	127				100	

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B4. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2005

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																					
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.3	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.4 (a)	HP.5	HP.5.1	HP.5.2-5.9	HP.6	HP.7	HP.7.1	HP.7.2	HP.7.3	HP.7.9	HP.8	HP.9
		Hospitals	Residential long-term care facilities	Providers of ambulatory health care	Medical practices	Dental practices	Other health care practitioners	Ambulatory health care centers	Providers of home health care services	Providers of ancillary services	Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	Pharmacies	All other sales of medical goods	Providers of preventive care	Providers of health care system administration and financing	Government health administration agencies	Social health insurance agencies	Private health insurance administration agencies	Other administration agencies	Rest of the economy	Rest of the world		
Inpatient care																							
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	28,384	54	3,572	3,572	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	80	-	29	-	-
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																							
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	6,453	17	14,050	13,302	547	200	200	-	-	-	-	-	0	180	-	-	-	-	180	93	-	-
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	6,037	16	13,503	13,302	-	200	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	-	-	-	-	52	72	-	-
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	415	1	547	-	547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4	21	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	14	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																							
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	17	-	-	-	-	17	1	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																							
Medical goods	HC.4	1,601	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,088	-	-	-	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	3,463	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,255	13,822	4,433	-	43	-	-	-	-	43	1	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical durables	HC.5.1	3,460	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,297	13,822	475	-	7	-	-	-	-	7	1	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,958	-	3,958	-	36	-	-	-	-	36	-	-	-
Total expenditure on personal health care																							
Preventive care	HC.6	39,901	73	17,621	16,874	547	200	200	-	4,088	18,255	13,822	4,433	123	321	-	-	-	-	321	124	-	-
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	3	0	1,903	-	-	1,903	-	-	0	-	-	-	2,223	1,339	12	-	-	-	1,327	245	-	-
Total current expenditure on health care																							
		88,740	73	19,524	16,874	547	2,103	-	-	4,088	18,255	13,822	4,433	2,346	4,175	2,061	407	-	1,707	374	-	-	-

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B5. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2010

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																				
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.4 ^(a)	HP.5	HP.5.1	HP.5.2-5.9	HP.6	HP.7	HP.7.1	HP.7.2	HP.7.3	HP.7.9	HP.8	HP.9	
Inpatient care		53,678	7,153	7,153	7,153	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1																					
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1														112				112			12
Services of day-care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2																					
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2																					
Outpatient care		16,299	20,662	20,662	19,051	1,325	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	251	-	-	-	251	-	-	36
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3																					
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	15,422	19,337	19,337	19,051	1,325	286	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	-	-	-	72	-	-	36
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	877	1,325	1,325	-	1,325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	20	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4																					
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4																					54
Ancillary services to health care		2,370	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,702	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medical goods		6,755	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,119	7,703	-	-	82	-	-	-	82	-	-	-
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	6,755	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,337	921	-	-	29	-	-	-	29	-	-	-
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,782	6,782	-	-	52	-	-	-	52	-	-	-
Total expenditure on personal health care		79,100	27,816	26,205	26,205	1,325	286	-	-	12,702	39,119	7,703	23	468	468	-	-	-	468	-	-	102
Preventive care	HC.6	7	3,118	-	-	-	3,118	-	-	0	-	-	4,234	1,847	28	-	-	-	1,819	-	-	1,109
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	4,788	3,663	750	-	-	375	-	-	17
Total current expenditure on health care		79,108	30,933	26,205	26,205	1,325	3,404	-	-	12,702	39,119	7,703	4,258	7,103	3,691	750	-	-	2,662	-	-	1,228

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B6. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2011

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																				
		HP.1 Hospitals	HP.2 Residential long-term care facilities	HP.3 Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3.1 Medical practices	HP.3.2 Dental practices	HP.3.3 Other health care practitioners	HP.3.4 Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.5 Providers of home health care services	HP.4 (a) Providers of ancillary services	HP.5 Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5.1 Pharmacies	HP.5.2-5.9 All other sales of medical goods	HP.6 Providers of preventive care	HP.7 Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7.1 Government health administration agencies	HP.7.2 Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.3 Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.9 Other administration agencies	HP.8 Rest of the economy	HP.9 Rest of the world	
Inpatient care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	62,203	129	8,175	8,175																	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient care																						
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	18,980	40	25,045	23,002	1,717	326	-	-	-	-	-	3	261	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	17,986	37	23,327	23,002	-	326	-	-	-	-	-	3	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	994	2	1,717	-	1,717	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ancillary services to health care																						
Medical goods	HC.4	2,424	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,915	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pharmaceutical and other medical non-durables	HC.5	7,326	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,534	2	74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.1	7,326	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,152	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,382	2	56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Total expenditure on personal health care		90,933	173	33,220	31,176	1,717	326	-	-	-	-	9,534	4	476	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68
Preventive care	HC.6	8	0	4,134	-	-	4,134	-	-	-	-	-	4,615	1,919	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	791
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5,190	3,821	915	-	-	-	-	-	19
Total current expenditure on health care		90,941	173	37,354	31,176	1,717	4,460	-	-	-	-	9,534	4,623	7,584	3,850	915	-	-	-	-	-	878

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B7. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2012

Health care by function	ICHA- HC code	Health care provider industry																				
		HP1	HP2	HP3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.4 (a)	HP5	HP.5.1	HP.5.2-5.9	HP.6	HP.7	HP.7.1	HP.7.2	HP.7.3	HP.7.9	HP.8	HP.9	
Inpatient care		69,274	154	9,890	9,890	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1			9,890	9,890																	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1														121			121				13
Services of day-care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2																					
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2																					
Outpatient care		21,085	45	28,479	26,102	2,051	327							4	271				271			58
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3			28,479	26,102	2,051	327							4	271				271			58
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	19,986	43	26,429	26,102		327							4	78				78			58
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	1,099	2	2,051		2,051									5				5			
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3													0	21				21			
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3																					
Home care																						
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4													0	26				26			
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4																					
Ancillary services to health care		2,892	1							16,220												33
Medical goods	HC.4	2,892	1							16,220												33
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	8,388	6								51,108	11,039		0	70				70			5
Pharmaceut. and other medical durables	HC.5.1	8,388	6								41,399	1,330			12				12			
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.2										9,709	9,709		0	58				58			5
Total expenditure on personal health care		101,638	207	38,369	35,991	2,051	327			16,221	51,108	11,039		4	487				487			109
Preventive care	HC.6	87	0	4,008			4,008			0				5,416	2,142	167			1,975			627
Health system and financing administration	HC.7														6,467	4,185			1,442			63
Total current expenditure on health care		101,725	207	42,377	35,991	2,051	4,335			16,221	51,108	11,039		5,420	9,097	4,352			1,442			798
		101,725	207	42,377	35,991	2,051	4,335			16,221	51,108	11,039		5,420	9,097	4,352			1,442			798

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.
 Notes
 1. Zero values represent decimal points.
 2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B8. Current expenditure on health by function of care and provider industry (Rs. million), 2013

Health care by function	ICHA-HC code	Health care provider industry																					
		HP.1	HP.2	HP.3	HP.3.1	HP.3.2	HP.3.3	HP.3.4	HP.3.5	HP.4 ^(a)	HP.5	HP.5.1	HP.5.2-5.9	HP.6	HP.7	HP.7.1	HP.7.2	HP.7.3	HP.7.9	HP.8	HP.9		
Inpatient care																							
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.1; 2.1	84,043	168	11,490	11,490	-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125	-	-	125	-	-	-	-	
Services of day-care		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.2; 2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outpatient care																							
Outpatient curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.3; 2.3	23,776	48	31,035	28,304	2,333	-	398	-	-	-	-	-	4	281	-	-	-	281	-	24	-	
General curative care	HC.1.3.1	22,543	46	28,702	28,304	-	-	398	-	-	-	-	-	4	81	-	-	-	81	-	24	-	
Outpatient dental care	HC.1.3.2	1,233	2	2,333	-	2,333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	
All other specialised health care	HC.1.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	22	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Home care																							
Curative and rehabilitative care	HC.1.4; 2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	27	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	
Long-term nursing care	HC.3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ancillary services to health care																							
Medical goods	HC.4	3,346	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,081	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pharmaceut. and other medical non-durables	HC.5	11,431	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,450	12,084	0	110	-	-	-	-	110	8	-	-	
Therap. appliances and other med. durables	HC.5.1	11,431	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,830	1,464	-	51	-	-	-	-	51	-	-	-	
	HC.5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,620	10,620	0	59	-	-	-	-	59	8	-	-	
Total expenditure on personal health care		122,596	225	42,525	39,794	2,333	-	398	-	17,081	53,450	12,084	4	544	-	-	-	-	544	37	-	-	
Preventive care	HC.6	32	0	4,495	-	-	-	4,495	-	0	-	-	6,609	2,060	29	-	-	-	2,031	709	-	-	
Health system and financing administration	HC.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,847	4,885	1,711	-	-	1,251	6	-	-	
Total current expenditure on health care		122,628	225	47,020	39,794	2,333	-	4,893	-	17,081	53,450	12,084	6,613	10,451	4,914	1,711	-	-	3,826	752	-	-	

(a) Ancillary services to health care include provision of laboratory and imaging services, as well as patient transport.

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B9. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 1990

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)
Hospitals	HP.1	3,120	2,722	2,623	99	24	24	-	-	374	-
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	2,704	509	330	179	10	10	-	-	2,186	-
Medical practices	HP.3.1	2,330	179	-	179	10	10	-	-	2,141	-
Dental practices	HP.3.2	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	-
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	330	330	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	416	63	-	63	-	-	-	-	353	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	2,285	94	-	94	1	1	-	-	2,200	-
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	1,676	94	-	94	1	1	-	-	1,581	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	619	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	619	-
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	607	607	607	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	688	618	618	-	14	14	-	-	3	53
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	674	618	618	-	-	-	-	-	3	53
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	14	-	-	-	14	14	-	-	-	-
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the economy	HP.8	130	10	10	-	120	-	-	120	-	-
Private households	HP.8.1	130	10	10	-	120	-	-	120	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	69	8	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	61
Total current expenditure on health care		10,039	4,641	4,206	435	168	48	120	5,116	114	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B10. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 1995

Health care goods and services by provider industry	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)
Hospitals	HP.1	7,589	6,580	6,375	205	87	83	-	4	921	-
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	5,296	925	589	336	33	33	-	-	4,338	-
Medical practices	HP.3.1	4,619	336	-	336	33	33	-	-	4,249	-
Dental practices	HP.3.2	88	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	-
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	589	589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	930	122	-	122	-	-	-	-	808	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	4,718	186	-	186	3	3	-	-	4,529	-
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	3,551	186	-	186	3	3	-	-	3,362	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	1,167	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	1,167	-
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	761	761	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	736	689	689	-	40	40	-	-	5	1
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	695	689	689	-	-	-	-	-	5	1
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	40	-	-	-	40	40	-	-	-	-
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the economy	HP.8	273	24	24	-	249	-	-	-	-	-
Private households	HP.8.1	273	24	24	-	249	-	-	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	79	27	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	51
Total current expenditure on health care		20,400	9,334	8,484	850	413	160	249	4	10,601	52

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B11. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2000

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.3	HF.4
Health care goods and services by provider industry			Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	Government schemes	Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	Voluntary health care payment schemes	Voluntary health insurance schemes	NPSHS financing schemes	Enterprises financing schemes	Household out-of-pocket payment	Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)
Hospitals	HP.1	16,920	14,241	13,793	448	402	398	-	4	2,277	-
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	9,179	1,480	796	664	161	161	-	-	7,558	-
Medical practices	HP.3.1	8,141	664	-	664	161	161	-	-	7,316	-
Dental practices	HP.3.2	241	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	241	-
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	797	796	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	1,613	249	1	248	-	-	-	-	1,364	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	9,253	422	-	422	6	6	-	-	8,825	-
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	6,729	373	-	373	6	6	-	-	6,351	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	2,523	50	-	50	0	0	-	-	2,474	-
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	1,298	1,264	1,264	-	-	-	-	-	-	34
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	1,802	1,696	1,670	26	127	127	-	-	(21)	-
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	1,675	1,670	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	127	26	26	127	127	127	-	-	(26)	-
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the economy	HP.8	817	64	64	-	753	-	753	-	-	-
Private households	HP.8.1	817	64	64	-	753	-	753	-	-	-
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	100	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67
Total current expenditure on health care		41,012	19,460	17,652	1,808	1,448	691	753	4	20,003	101

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B12. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2005

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding										
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)		
Health care goods and services by provider industry													
Hospitals	HP.1	39,904	31,420	30,703	716	1,102	984	-	119	7,379	4		
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	73	73	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	19,524	3,194	2,143	1,051	396	396	-	-	15,921	13		
Medical practices	HP.3.1	16,874	1,105	54	1,051	396	396	-	-	15,373	-		
Dental practices	HP.3.2	547	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	547	-		
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	2,103	2,089	2,089	-	-	-	-	-	1	13		
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	4,088	385	0	385	-	-	-	-	3,703	-		
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	18,255	626	-	626	14	14	-	-	17,616	-		
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	13,822	578	-	578	14	14	-	-	13,230	-		
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	4,433	47	-	47	0	0	-	-	4,386	-		
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	2,346	2,223	2,223	-	-	-	-	-	0	123		
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	2,468	2,067	2,042	25	407	407	-	-	(6)	-		
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	2,061	2,042	2,042	-	-	-	-	-	19	-		
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	407	25	-	25	407	407	-	-	(25)	-		
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rest of the economy		1,707	88	88	-	1,614	-	1,614	-	-	4		
Private households	HP.8.1	1,707	88	88	-	1,614	-	1,614	-	-	4		
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rest of the world	HP.9	374	31	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	343		
Total current expenditure on health care		88,740	40,107	37,304	2,802	3,534	1,801	1,614	119	44,612	487		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B13. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2010

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding									HF4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care pay- ment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment		
Hospitals	HP.1	79,108	62,595	60,905	1,689	2,898	2,881	-	17	13,610	5	
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	154	154	154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	30,933	6,040	3,365	2,675	1,161	1,161	-	-	23,695	37	
Medical practices	HP.3.1	26,205	2,675	-	2,675	1,161	-	-	-	22,368	-	
Dental practices	HP.3.2	1,325	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,325	-	
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	3,404	3,365	3,365	-	-	-	-	-	2	37	
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	12,702	1,022	0	1,022	-	-	-	-	11,680	-	
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	39,119	1,722	-	1,722	41	41	-	-	37,355	-	
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	31,416	1,535	-	1,535	41	41	-	-	29,839	-	
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	7,703	187	-	187	0	0	-	-	7,516	-	
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	4,258	4,144	4,144	-	-	-	-	-	0	114	
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	4,441	3,643	3,528	115	750	750	-	-	(12)	61	
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	3,691	3,528	3,528	-	-	-	-	-	102	61	
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	750	115	115	750	750	-	-	-	(115)	-	
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rest of the economy	HP.8	2,662	405	405	2,249	-	-	-	-	-	8	
Private households	HP.8.1	2,662	405	405	2,249	-	-	-	-	-	8	
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rest of the world	HP.9	1,228	19	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,209	
Total current expenditure on health care		174,604	79,744	72,521	7,223	7,099	4,833	2,249	17	86,328	1,433	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B14. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2011

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding											
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)			
Health care goods and services by provider industry														
Hospitals	HP.1	90,941	72,210	70,237	1,974	3,185	3,172	-	13	15,545	-	-	-	
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	173	173	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	37,354	7,244	4,102	3,142	1,278	1,278	-	-	28,475	-	356	-	
Medical practices	HP.3.1	31,176	3,142	-	3,142	1,278	1,278	-	-	26,756	-	-	-	
Dental practices	HP.3.2	1,717	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,717	-	-	-	
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	4,460	4,102	4,102	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	356	-	
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	13,915	1,206	0	1,206	-	-	-	-	12,709	-	-	-	
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	44,103	2,009	-	2,009	46	46	-	-	42,048	-	-	-	
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	34,569	1,813	-	1,813	45	45	-	-	32,711	-	-	-	
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	9,534	197	-	197	0	0	-	-	9,337	-	-	-	
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	4,623	4,415	4,415	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	207	-	
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	4,766	3,739	3,620	120	915	915	-	-	(10)	-	120	-	
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	3,850	3,620	3,620	-	-	-	-	-	110	-	120	-	
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	915	120	-	120	915	915	-	-	(120)	-	-	-	
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rest of the economy	HP.8	2,818	474	474	-	2,338	-	2,338	-	-	-	6	-	
Private households	HP.8.1	2,818	474	474	-	2,338	-	2,338	-	-	-	6	-	
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rest of the world	HP.9	878	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	867	-	
Total current expenditure on health care		199,570	91,483	83,032	8,451	7,763	5,412	2,338	13	98,768		1,557		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B15. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2012

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)
Hospitals	HP.1	101,725	79,008	77,575	1,434	3,427	3,400	-	27	19,212	78
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	207	207	207	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	42,377	7,811	4,229	3,582	1,370	1,370	-	-	33,092	105
Medical practices	HP.3.1	35,991	3,582	-	3,582	1,370	1,370	-	-	31,039	-
Dental practices	HP.3.2	2,051	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,051	-
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	4,395	4,229	4,229	-	-	-	-	-	2	105
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	16,221	1,359	0	1,359	-	-	-	-	14,862	-
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	51,108	2,249	-	2,249	49	49	-	-	48,810	-
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	40,068	2,042	-	2,042	48	48	-	-	37,978	-
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	11,039	207	-	207	1	1	-	-	10,832	-
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	5,420	5,100	5,100	-	-	-	-	-	0	321
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	5,794	4,221	4,101	120	1,442	1,442	-	-	(7)	138
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	4,352	4,101	4,101	-	-	-	-	-	112	138
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	1,442	120	120	1,442	1,442	1,442	-	-	(120)	-
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the economy	HP.8	3,303	856	856	2,429	-	-	2,429	-	-	19
Private households	HP.8.1	3,303	856	856	2,429	-	-	2,429	-	-	19
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rest of the world	HP.9	798	64	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	735
Total current expenditure on health care		226,953	100,874	92,131	8,742	8,716	6,261	2,429	27	115,968	1,395

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B16. Current expenditure on health by provider industry and source of funding (Rs. million), 2013

	IHA-HP code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding										
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHs financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world financing schemes (non-resident)		
Health care goods and services by provider industry													
Hospitals	HP.1	122,628	96,300	94,676	1,623	3,637	3,525	-	112	22,670	21		
Residential long-term care facilities	HP.2	225	225	225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Providers of ambulatory health care	HP.3	47,020	8,914	4,843	4,071	1,420	1,420	-	-	36,637	48		
Medical practices	HP.3.1	39,794	4,071	4,071	1,420	1,420	-	-	-	34,303	-		
Dental practices	HP.3.2	2,333	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,333	-		
Other health care practitioners	HP.3.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Ambulatory health care centers	HP.3.4	4,893	4,843	4,843	-	-	-	-	-	2	48		
Providers of home health care services	HP.3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Providers of ancillary services	HP.4	17,081	1,544	0	1,543	-	-	-	-	15,538	-		
Retail sale and other providers of medical goods	HP.5	53,450	2,525	-	2,525	51	51	-	-	50,875	-		
Pharmacies	HP.5.1	41,366	2,319	-	2,319	50	50	-	-	38,997	-		
All other sales of medical goods	HP.5.2-5.9	12,084	206	-	206	1	1	-	-	11,878	-		
Providers of preventive care	HP.6	6,613	6,072	6,072	-	-	-	-	-	0	541		
Providers of health care system administration and financing	HP.7	6,625	4,793	4,674	119	1,711	1,711	-	-	(16)	137		
Government health administration agencies	HP.7.1	4,914	4,674	4,674	-	-	-	-	-	104	137		
Social health insurance agencies	HP.7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Private health insurance administration agencies	HP.7.3	1,711	119	119	1,711	1,711	-	-	-	(119)	-		
Other administration agencies	HP.7.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rest of the economy		3,826	1,304	1,304	-	2,521	-	2,521	-	-	-		
Private households	HP.8.1	3,826	1,304	1,304	-	2,521	-	2,521	-	-	-		
All other secondary producers	HP.8.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rest of the world	HP.9	752	27	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	726		
Total current expenditure on health care		258,220	121,703	111,821	9,882	9,341	6,707	2,521	112	125,704	1,472		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B17. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 1990

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								HF.4		
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.3			
Current expenditure on health													
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	5,308	2,810	2,532	278	54	34	21	-	2,443	-	-	
Inpatient services		2,436	2,089	2,013	75	37	31	6	-	311	-	-	
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outpatient services		2,870	722	519	203	16	3	13	-	2,132	-	-	
Home care services		1	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	581	103	40	63	-	-	-	-	429	50	-	
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	2,525	225	131	94	4	1	3	-	2,241	55	-	
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	2,077	225	131	94	1	1	0	-	1,797	53	-	
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	448	-	-	-	3	0	3	-	444	2	-	
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	8,413	3,139	2,703	435	58	35	23	-	5,113	104	-	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	1,001	894	894	-	97	-	97	-	-	10	-	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	625	608	608	-	14	14	-	-	3	-	-	
Total current expenditure on health care		10,039	4,641	4,206	435	168	48	120	-	5,116	114	-	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B18. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 1995

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding									
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPIs financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world	
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	11,237	6,090	5,548	541	163	116	43	4	4,967	17	
Inpatient services		5,662	4,774	4,617	157	123	107	12	4	765	-	
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outpatient services		5,572	1,316	931	384	37	9	28	0	4,202	17	
Home care services		3	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	1,168	157	34	123	-	-	-	-	997	14	
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	5,693	1,052	866	186	9	3	6	-	4,631	1	
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	4,798	1,052	866	186	3	3	0	-	3,742	1	
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	895	1	1	-	6	0	6	-	889	-	
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	18,098	7,299	6,449	850	172	119	49	4	10,596	32	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	1,545	1,323	1,323	-	201	-	201	-	-	21	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	757	712	712	-	40	40	-	-	5	-	
Total current expenditure on health care		20,400	9,334	8,484	850	413	160	249	4	10,601	52	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B19. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2000

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								HF.4		
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.3			
Current expenditure on health													
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	22,790	12,955	11,843	1,112	692	559	129	4	9,079	64		
Inpatient services		12,488	10,099	9,721	378	577	538	37	2	1,813	-		
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outpatient services		10,272	2,856	2,122	734	107	21	84	2	7,266	42		
Home care services		30	0	0	-	8	-	8	-	-	22		
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	2,188	331	83	248	-	-	-	-	1,856	-		
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	11,584	2,473	2,050	422	23	6	17	-	9,088	-		
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	9,388	2,422	2,050	373	6	6	1	-	6,959	-		
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	2,196	50	1	50	17	0	17	-	2,129	-		
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	36,561	15,759	13,976	1,783	715	565	147	4	20,023	64		
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	2,614	1,971	1,971	-	606	-	606	-	1	36		
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	1,836	1,730	1,704	26	127	127	-	-	(21)	-		
Total current expenditure on health care		41,012	19,460	17,652	1,808	1,448	691	753	4	20,003	101		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B20. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2005

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPIsHs financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	52,990	30,009	28,242	1,767	1,776	1,380	278	119	21,053	92
Inpatient services		32,120	23,821	23,204	617	1,511	1,328	80	103	6,788	-
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outpatient services		20,793	6,188	5,038	1,150	248	52	180	16	14,265	91
Home care services		18	0	0	-	17	-	17	-	-	1
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	5,812	589	204	385	-	-	-	-	5,100	123
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	21,765	3,244	2,618	626	51	14	37	-	18,465	5
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	17,767	3,196	2,618	578	15	14	1	-	14,554	1
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	3,998	47	0	47	36	0	36	-	3,911	4
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	80,507	33,843	31,065	2,778	1,827	1,394	315	119	44,617	220
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	5,713	4,150	4,150	-	1,300	-	1,300	-	1	262
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	2,520	2,114	2,089	25	407	407	-	-	(6)	5
Total current expenditure on health care		88,740	40,107	37,304	2,802	3,534	1,801	1,614	119	44,612	487

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B21. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2010

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								HF.4		
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.3			
Current expenditure on health													
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	98,431	60,447	56,082	4,365	4,446	4,042	387	17	33,451	88		
Inpatient services		61,070	47,530	45,897	1,633	4,010	3,890	112	8	9,525	5		
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outpatient services		37,283	12,917	10,185	2,731	411	152	251	8	23,926	29		
Home care services		78	0	0	-	24	-	24	-	-	54		
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	15,094	1,432	410	1,022	-	-	-	-	13,640	23		
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	45,958	6,617	4,895	1,722	93	41	52	-	39,248	-		
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	39,124	6,429	4,893	1,535	43	41	2	-	32,653	-		
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	6,834	189	2	187	51	0	50	-	6,595	-		
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	159,484	68,496	61,388	7,108	4,539	4,083	438	17	86,339	110		
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	10,316	7,258	7,258	-	1,811	-	1,811	-	2	1,245		
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	4,805	3,990	3,875	115	750	750	-	-	(12)	77		
Total current expenditure on health care		174,604	79,744	72,521	7,223	7,099	4,833	2,249	17	86,328	1,433		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B22. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2011

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding									
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPIsHs financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.4 Rest of the world	
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	115,034	69,855	64,740	5,116	4,866	4,451	402	13	40,263	50	
Inpatient services		70,632	55,114	53,220	1,894	4,406	4,283	116	6	11,112	-	
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Outpatient services		44,336	14,741	11,520	3,221	434	167	261	6	29,151	10	
Home care services		65	0	0	-	25	-	25	-	-	40	
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	16,340	1,667	462	1,206	-	-	-	-	14,672	-	
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	51,518	7,569	5,559	2,009	99	46	54	-	43,840	10	
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	43,068	7,366	5,553	1,813	47	45	2	-	35,655	-	
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	8,450	202	6	197	53	0	52	-	8,185	10	
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	182,892	79,091	70,760	8,331	4,965	4,496	456	13	98,776	60	
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	11,466	8,225	8,225	-	1,882	-	1,882	-	2	1,357	
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	5,212	4,166	4,047	120	915	915	-	-	(10)	140	
Total current expenditure on health care		199,570	91,483	83,032	8,451	7,763	5,412	2,338	13	98,768	1,557	

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B23. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2012

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								HF.4		
			HF.1	HF.1.1	HF.1.2	HF.2	HF.2.1	HF.2.2	HF.2.3	HF.3			
Current expenditure on health													
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	129,420	76,442	71,427	5,015	5,214	4,770	418	27	47,752	11		
Inpatient services		79,451	60,685	58,606	2,079	4,732	4,591	121	21	14,034	-		
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outpatient services		49,943	15,757	12,821	2,936	456	179	271	6	33,719	11		
Home care services		26	0	0	-	26	-	26	-	-	-		
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	19,146	1,873	514	1,359	-	-	-	-	17,240	33		
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	59,577	8,486	6,237	2,249	105	49	56	-	50,981	5		
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	49,805	8,275	6,233	2,042	50	48	2	-	41,480	-		
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	9,772	210	4	207	55	1	54	-	9,502	5		
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	208,143	86,801	78,178	8,623	5,319	4,819	473	27	115,974	49		
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	12,280	9,040	9,040	-	1,955	-	1,955	-	2	1,283		
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	6,530	5,033	4,913	120	1,442	1,442	-	-	(7)	63		
Total current expenditure on health care		226,953	100,874	92,131	8,742	8,716	6,261	2,429	27	115,968	1,395		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B24. Current expenditure on health by function of care and source of funding (Rs. million), 2013

	ICHA- HC code	Total current expenditure on health	Source of funding								HF.4		
			HF.1 Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1.1 Government schemes	HF.1.2 Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.2 Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2.1 Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.2 NPSHS financing schemes	HF.2.3 Enterprises financing schemes	HF.3 Household out-of-pocket payment			
Current expenditure on health													
Personal health care services	HC.1-HC.3	151,026	91,521	85,827	5,694	5,491	4,945	434	112	54,008	6		
Inpatient services		95,831	74,062	71,668	2,394	4,981	4,759	125	97	16,788	-		
Day care services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Outpatient services		55,168	17,459	14,159	3,300	482	186	281	15	37,221	6		
Home care services		27	0	0	-	27	-	27	-	-	-		
Ancillary services to health care	HC.4	20,428	2,120	577	1,543	-	-	-	-	18,307	-		
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	HC.5	65,007	11,488	8,964	2,525	109	51	58	-	53,402	8		
Pharmaceuticals and other medical non-durables	HC.5.1	54,320	11,280	8,961	2,319	52	50	2	-	42,989	-		
Therapeutic appliances and other medical durables	HC.5.2	10,687	209	3	206	57	1	56	-	10,414	8		
Personal health care services and goods	HC.1 - HC.5	236,461	105,130	95,368	9,762	5,600	4,996	491	112	125,718	14		
Prevention and public health services	HC.6	13,905	10,557	10,557	-	2,030	-	2,030	-	2	1,316		
Health administration and health insurance	HC.7	7,853	6,015	5,895	119	1,711	1,711	-	-	(16)	143		
Total current expenditure on health care		258,220	121,703	111,821	9,882	9,341	6,707	2,521	112	125,704	1,472		

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.

2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B25. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 1990

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	4,641	4,170	36	435	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	4,206	4,170	36	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	435	-	-	435	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	168	-	-	-	-	48	120	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	48	-	-	-	-	48	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	120	-	-	-	-	-	120	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	5,116	-	-	-	-	-	5,116	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	114	-	-	-	-	-	-	114
Total current expenditure on health care		10,039	4,170	36	435	-	48	5,236	114

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B26. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 1995

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	9,334	8,076	408	850	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	8,484	8,076	408	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	850	-	-	850	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	413	4	-	-	-	160	249	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	160	-	-	-	-	160	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	249	-	-	-	-	-	249	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	10,601	-	-	-	-	-	10,601	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	52
Total current expenditure on health care		20,400	8,080	408	850	-	160	10,850	52

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B27. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2000

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	19,460	17,080	572	1,808	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	17,652	17,080	572	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	1,808	-	-	1,808	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	1,448	4	-	-	-	691	753	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	691	-	-	-	-	691	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	753	-	-	-	-	-	753	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	20,003	-	-	-	-	-	20,003	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	101
Total current expenditure on health care		41,012	17,084	572	1,808	-	691	20,756	101

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B28. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2005

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	40,107	36,364	941	2,802	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	37,304	36,364	941	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	2,802	-	-	2,802	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	3,534	119	-	-	-	1,801	1,614	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	1,801	-	-	-	-	1,801	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	1,614	-	-	-	-	-	1,614	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	119	119	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	44,612	-	-	-	-	-	44,612	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	487	-	-	-	-	-	-	487
Total current expenditure on health care		88,740	36,482	941	2,802	-	1,801	46,226	487

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B29. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2010

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	79,744	69,671	2,850	7,223	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	72,521	69,671	2,850	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	7,223	-	-	7,223	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	7,099	17	-	-	-	4,833	2,249	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	4,833	-	-	-	-	4,833	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	2,249	-	-	-	-	-	2,249	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	17	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	86,328	-	-	-	-	-	86,328	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	1,433	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,433
Total current expenditure on health care		174,604	69,687	2,850	7,223	-	4,833	88,578	1,433

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B30. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2011

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	91,483	81,674	1,358	8,451	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	83,032	81,674	1,358	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	8,451	-	-	8,451	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	7,763	13	-	-	-	5,412	2,338	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	5,412	-	-	-	-	5,412	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	2,338	-	-	-	-	-	2,338	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	98,768	-	-	-	-	-	98,768	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	1,557	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,557
Total current expenditure on health care		199,570	81,687	1,358	8,451	-	5,412	101,106	1,557

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B31. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2012

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	100,874	91,013	1,119	8,742	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	92,131	91,013	1,119	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	8,742	-	-	8,742	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	8,716	27	-	-	-	6,261	2,429	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	6,261	-	-	-	-	6,261	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	2,429	-	-	-	-	-	2,429	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	27	27	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	115,968	-	-	-	-	-	115,968	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	1,395	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,395
Total current expenditure on health care		226,953	91,039	1,119	8,742	-	6,261	118,397	1,395

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

Table B32. Current expenditure on health by source of funding and revenues of financing (Rs. million), 2013

Current expenditure on health	ICHA- HF code	Total current expenditure on health	Revenues of financing						
			FS.1	FS.2	FS.3	FS.4	FS.5	FS.6	FS.7
			Transfers from government domestic revenue	Transfers distributed by government from foreign origin	Social insurance contributions	Compulsory prepayment (other than social insurance)	Voluntary prepayments to private insurance	Household out-of-pocket payments and other private financing	Direct foreign transfers
Government schemes and compulsory contributory health care financing schemes	HF.1	121,703	109,668	2,153	9,882	-	-	-	-
Government schemes	HF.1.1	111,821	109,668	2,153	-	-	-	-	-
Compulsory contributory health insurance schemes	HF.1.2	9,882	-	-	9,882	-	-	-	-
Voluntary health care payment schemes	HF.2	9,341	112	-	-	-	6,707	2,521	-
Voluntary health insurance schemes	HF.2.1	6,707	-	-	-	-	6,707	-	-
NPISHs financing schemes	HF.2.2	2,521	-	-	-	-	-	2,521	-
Enterprises financing schemes	HF.2.3	112	112	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household out-of-pocket payment	HF.3	125,704	-	-	-	-	-	125,704	-
Rest of the world	HF.4	1,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,472
Total current expenditure on health care		258,220	109,780	2,153	9,882	-	6,707	128,226	1,472

Notes

1. Zero values represent decimal points.
2. "-" represents a zero value.

12. Glossary

All-island wide personal medical services	Expenditure for programmes providing personal medical services benefiting individuals employed in the armed forces, police or resident in prison institutions. These individuals are not regarded as part of the normal population in each province. Furthermore, it is not practical to make such disaggregation.
Capital formation	The sum of expenditure on fixed assets (e.g. new buildings and equipment with a useful life extending over a number of years).
Current Expenditure	Expenditure incurred by organisations on a recurring basis for the provision of health services, excluding capital expenditure, but including indirect expenditure.
Employer medical benefits	Health expenditure paid for/reimbursed directly by the employer to the employee.
Employees Trust Fund (ETF)	A form of social security for persons in paid employment, where the employer pays 3% of the gross salary to the fund on behalf of the employee, which can be withdrawn by the beneficiaries at retirement or prematurely for specific reasons, including some types of medical expense.
Gross domestic product	A statistic that refers to the total market value of goods and services produced within a given period, after deducting the cost of goods and services used up in the process of production, but before deducting allowances for consumption of fixed capital.
Implicit price deflator	A GDP price deflator that is calculated by dividing its nominal GDP component by the chain volume measure of real GDP.
Inflation	The increase in the price level of goods and services in the economy
Inpatient	Care for a patient who is formally admitted (or 'hospitalised') to an institution for treatment and/or care, and stays for a minimum of one night in the hospital or other institution providing in-patient care.
Medical goods dispensed to out-patients	This item comprises medical goods dispensed to outpatients and the services connected to dispensing such as retail trade, fitting, maintaining and renting of medical goods and appliances. Services of public pharmacies, opticians, sanitary shops, and other specialized or non-specialized retail traders are included here. For the most part, this item consists of the retail sale of medicines by pharmacies.
Outpatient	A patient who is not an inpatient (not hospitalized), but instead is cared for elsewhere – as in a doctor's office, clinic, or day surgery centre. Outpatient care is also called ambulatory care.
Public health	Services that are aimed at protecting and promoting the health of the whole population or specified population subgroups, and/or preventing illness, injury and disability in the whole population or specified population subgroups. Public health services do not include treatment services. In the SLHA, public health services include: maternal and child health programmes, family planning, preventive health programmes, school health services and nutritional activities with a primary health purpose.
Real expenditure	Expenditure expressed in terms, which have been adjusted for inflation. This enables comparisons to be made between expenditure in different years.
System of health accounts (SHA)	A standardized framework for reporting and classifying health expenditure developed by the OECD and endorsed by WHO for the purposes of international reporting by countries.

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